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ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY 6 JAN 1920

SPECIAL EXTRA

The Irish Times.

PRICE 1½d. (SATURDAYS 2d.) DUBLIN, MONDAY, JANUARY 5, 1920. VOL. LXII, NO.—19,589.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 10 words, 2/6; each additional line of 7 words, 8d.

BIRTHS.

GILMORE—January 2, 1920, at Albert House, Ennis, Stoke-on-Trent, to Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Gilmore, a daughter.

GILMOUR—On New Year's Day, 1920, at Nurse Cox's Private Home, Sandymount, to Mr. and Mrs. G. Gilmour, of 10 Dodder ter., Irishtown, a son.

HENCHY—December 30, 1919, at "Alma," Grade st., Dalkey, to Dorothy, wife of W. N. Henchy, R.A., 23 Mulford av., Kingstown, a son.

HOULIHAN—January 2, 1920, at 5 Mount st., Lower, Dublin, the wife of Dr. J. D. Houlihan, 10 Percy Hall, Mount, of a daughter.

LANE—January 2, 1920, at Ardgarvan, Limavady, to Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Lane, a son.

MCAULIFFE—December 31, 1919, the wife of Dr. J. McAuliffe, M.D., Thornberry Manor, Co. Cork, of a son.

MARRIAGES

DONALDSON and SCARFF—January 1, 1920, at Westan Church, Catford, London, S.E., J. Abe, President, only son of Mrs. and the late Mr. T. J. Donaldson, of Dublin, to Sissie M. Scarff, only child of Mrs. and the late Mr. Samuel Scarff, of Catford.

MONTGOMERY and CASSIDY—November 23, 1919, at Bethany, Manitoba, by the Rev. — Ridge, Ida Ellen Parnell Montgomery, of Birtle, Manitoba, youngest son of Major and Mrs. Montgomery, Lime Walk, Bandon, to Joan, daughter of late Major Cassidy, 31st Regiment.

DEATHS.

BOURKE-DOWLING—January 4, 1920, at her residence, 1 Pingal ter., Howth rd., Dublin, Eleanor Bourke, widow of the late J. J. Bourke-Dowling, Victoria House, Berwick. R.I.P. Funeral (private) on Tuesday) morning, at 10.30, from above address to Ivan's Grange.

BOYDELL—January 3, 1920, at Errigal, Doddder Park, Co. Dublin, James Boydell, J.P., beloved husband of Mary C. Boydell, aged 75 years. Deeply lamented and deeply regretted. Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), 9.30 a.m., arriving at St. James's (Gate) at 10 o'clock. No flowers.

FAY—January 3, 1920, at 24 Park av., Sandymount, Joseph, beloved husband of Susan Fay, 10 Ailesbury rd. R.I.P. Funeral to Glasnevin, from No. at 10.30, to-morrow (Tuesday) morning.

HAMILL-STEWART—December 28, 1919, at 17 Bellington place, Eastbourne, Sussex, Harriet Isabella, daughter of the late John Hamill-Stewart, Esq., of Ballywalwood, Co. Down.

HAWLEY—January 3, 1920, at his residence, Glen, James Hawley, aged 68 years. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Remains were removed to St. Mary's Church yesterday (Sunday). Solemn Office and High Mass to-day (Monday) at 10 a.m. Funeral immediately after to family burial place, Grawn, Shankhill.

HOLLAND—Suddenly, at the residence of her brother, 8 Carlisle av., Donnybrook, Dublin, Jane, the beloved wife of John Holland, of Clonsingleagh, Co. Tipperary, aged 81. Funeral to-day (Monday) to Kilcock, on arrival of first train from Kingsbridge.

HOLLAND—January 2, 1920, at 8 Bay View Terrace, Howth, after a long illness, Frances Elizabeth Holland, eldest daughter of the late John Shaw Holland, of Shirley House, Carrickmacross.

KELLY—January 3, 1920, at her residence, Knockrabo House, Delgany, Martha, eldest daughter of the late William Kelly. Deeply and sincerely regretted. "Real beyond the river." Funeral to-morrow (Tuesday), 2 o'clock, to Delgany.

MCGRATH—December 31, 1919, at 12 Brenfil Gardens, Honoria McMahon, Fitzgibbon Smith, second daughter of the late Robert Smith, of Loughlohery, Cahir. Funeral to-day at family burial ground, Loughlaher, at 3 o'clock on arrival of Dublin train.

MAHON—January 3, 1920, at his residence, Mount House, Blessington, Co. Wicklow, James Mahon, aged 83 years. Deeply mourned by his loving daughter. Funeral to Ballisax, at 10 o'clock (Tuesday).

MORGAN—January 3, 1920, at 35 Mespil rd. (mother's residence), Lizzie, younger daughter of the late Richard Morgan, of Abbeyleix, late of 11 Rathmines Park. Interment, Dursrow, this (Monday) morning.

Father, in Thy gracious keeping,
Leave we now Thy servant sleeping."

MOYLAN—January 3, 1920, at his residence, Mount st., Ennis, Peter Moylan, Ennis Cash Co. Funeral High Mass this (Monday) morning 10 o'clock. Burial at 1 p.m., from Cathedral, to Quin Abbey. American papers please copy.

PEARSON—January 4, 1920, at Manchester, Isabella, widow of the late Thomas Pearson, of Chester-square, Rathmines.

POWER—January 4, 1920, at 4 Buckingham ter, Clifton, Bristol, Mary, youngest daughter of the late John Bowyer Power, LL.D., aged 92. Friends please at Clifton. No flowers.

THORNHILL—January 3, 1920, at Drumcondra Hospital, after a long illness, George Thornhill, of 25 Mellon av., Fairview, late British and Irish S.P. Co., aged 52. "Peace, perfect peace." Funeral private. English papers please copy.

IN MEMORIAM.

CRAVEN—In ever-faithful memory of my loving husband, Frank Craven, who died at Maryborough on 4th January, 1909. R.I.P.

DONNELLY—January 4, 1908, at 20 Main st., Finglas, Dublin, Emily Elizabeth, the dearly-beloved daughter of D. H. Donnelly, also his wife, who departed this life on 14th November, 1914.

HOLT—Second Anniversary—In loving memory of Frederick Whitelaw Holt, died January 4th, 1918, at the Adelaide Hospital, aged 4½ years.

Two never dies.
Although two years have gone since Freddie died,
We think of him and speak of him and miss him every day.
We cannot see his sweet, dear face, and kiss his still, cold brow,
But in our aching hearts we know we have no Freddie now.
Sleep by his loving parents.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in the columns will be found on Page 4.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

IN the Goods of RICHARD GREEN, late of 21 Blessington street and 9 and 10 Lotus lane, Dublin, Wood Turner, Deceased.
All the Creditors of the above Deceased are hereby required to forthwith furnish (in writing) particulars of their claims against the above-named Deceased to
J. H. MONTGOMERY, Solicitor for Executors, D'Olier Chambers, D'Olier street, Dublin.

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BOY or Girl, about 14, Wanted for Kitchen work, etc.; neat table, business establishment; state age, wages, references.—M 955, this office.
BOOT Repairer Wanted immediately, two Juniors. Apply with references, Parsons, Limited, Athlone.
CERTIFICATED (5 years) Nurse Required, private family; also Maternity Nurse; enlarged envelope. Matron, Northern Nurses' Home, Londonderry.
CLERK Wanted, Grocery trade; state age, exp. and salary.—Whitaker's and Tallon's sell actors, state age, salary required, to be disengaged, Jan. 1st.—M 769, this office. B
CLERK, Male, Junior, Shorthand Typist, reply, in own handwriting, stating age, salary required, and experience; good opening for smart youth.—M 832, this office. A
CLERK (Protestant) Wanted by Northern Land Agent; good accountant; state age, salary, copies testimonials.—"Z 4041, Clerk," this office. C
CLUB Steward and Housekeeper (Man and Wife) Wanted. Apply, with copies of testimonials, to the Secretary, County Club, Cork. C
CLERK, QUALIFIED Accountants require competent Assistant, capable of working without supervision; state qualifications, salary.—M 1016, this office. A
CLERK, Junior, Wanted, Dublin Miller's Office; knowledge of Shorthand and typing an advantage; state age; also give all particulars and salary expected.—M 1034, this office. A
DELIVERY Clerk required by Wholesale and Retail City Merchant; must be thoroughly conversant with Dublin and suburbs; well educated, well dressed, attentive, stating salary.—M 1035, this office. A
DRAPERY.—Wanted, smart Youth as Junior Assistant for shoes; also young Lady for Gents' Outfitting; references; state salary required.—M 1033, this office. A
DRAPERY Assistant; this office. A
DRAPERY.—Wanted, respectable Youth, Protestant, as Apprentice to the General Drapery. For terms apply "Z 4018, Apprentice," this office. A
DRAPERY.—Wanted experienced Buyer for Linen and Cotton Department; state references and salary; city home.—M 1019, this office. B
DUBLIN Firm requires experienced Man to take charge of Carpentry, Cement Repair Department, to make estimates, working drawings, and superintend work; Exhibitioner, Junior Exhibitioner, or Engineering Student preferred. Apply, stating age, experience, and salary required, to M 1055, this office. B
DUBLIN Wholesale House requires strong, intelligent, active Junior, salary—Z 4006, Assistant," this office. A
DUBLIN Wholesale House requires strong, intelligent, active Junior, salary—Z 4006, Assistant," this office. A
EXPERIENCED Trust Wanted immediately for Manufacturing Confectionery business, North of Ireland; state salary required, M 876, this office. A
ENGINEER Wanted to take charge of electric installation; about 60 lights, including lifts, telephone, and heating apparatus, etc. Apply Barlane and Co., Ballsbridge.
ENGLISH Police Vacancies—Young Men can have full particulars regarding English Police by sending stamp addressed envelope to "Z 4029, Police," this office. C
FRENCH Polisher Charge Hand Wanted, accustomed to wholesale factory making medium and cheap class furniture, polishers' suites, and other lines; state age, wages required, and where last employed.—"Z 4055, Polisher," this office. C
GENERAL Hands—Boots, Soods, etc.—Wanted immediately, a young Man as Second Counter Hand to above, as a Midland town. Protestant. Reply, stating with salary expected (short) to "Z 3799, Man," this office. B
GROCERY, Provisions—Junior Assistant Wanted in first-class town; must be well recommended.—"Z 3923, Assistant," this office. B
GROCERY and Provisions—Experienced Assistant Wanted to take charge of branch shop; Protestant; Kingstown town. Apply, with copies references, stating salary.—"Z 3853, Assistant," this office. A
HOUSEKEEPER Wanted, one gentleman; H.C.; also one gentleman; comfortable home; salary £30. Particulars and age to Box No. 145, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast.
HOTEL—Cook, Cards, Stillroom, Scullery, Kitchen-maid, Housemaids, Waitress, 50 sec. Kitchenmaid.—Z 3660, Situations," this office. A
JUNIOR Salesman Wanted, Boot Department Protestant; state salary (indoor). Apply, Hamilton's, Z 3660, Situations," this office. A
KENILWORTH Lodge, 72 Harold's Cross, requires a young Girl; typewriting, shorthand, office routine; must be well educated; not out before pupils. Apply by letter, marking envelope, "Typist," and stating age and salary expected. A
KINGSTOWN.—Wanted, Useful Help, small house, no study; young (general) comfortable home; one child. Apply, stating wages required, to Mrs. Wetherup, 10 Sidmouth road, Kingstown. B
LADY Shorthand Typist required for City Office; state salary required, experience, and age to M 943, this office. A
LADY Bookkeeper Required, with thorough knowledge of retail D.R. and Departmental bookkeeping; good salary to suitable lady who can work with little direction; say if can type.—M 950, this office. B
LADY Cook Housekeeper, Protestant, Wanted; not over 35 years, for middle of January, to take entire charge of country house; one gentleman; plain cook; Parliamentary, Housemaid kept; send copies of testimonials, state age and salary expected, to "Z 3970, Housekeeper," this office. B
LADIES' Tailoring—Competent Skirtmakers Wanted.—M 1008, this office. A
LADY Cook Housekeeper (Protestant) Wanted, age about 40; must be fond of children; to take entire charge of country house; one gentleman; plain cook, parlourmaid, housemaid kept. Send copies of testimonials, state age and salary expected, to "Z 3970, Housekeeper," this office. B
LADIES' Tailoring—Competent Skirtmakers Wanted.—M 1008, this office. A
LADY Cook Housekeeper (Protestant) Wanted, age about 40; must be fond of children; to take entire charge of country house; one gentleman; plain cook, parlourmaid, housemaid kept. Send copies of testimonials, state age and salary expected, to "Z 3970, Housekeeper," this office. B
MILLINER and Saleswoman Wanted, Protestant; state experience, references, salary indoor.—"Z 3079, Milliner" this office. B 30
MANAGER Wanted immediately for Steele Grocery stores. Applications to be made in writing, with copies of testimonials, and stating salary expected, to G. Steele, Wexford. B
MANAGERESS required for large Hotel doing residential business in South of Ireland; permanent position and good prospects for capable person. Reply, stating age, salary expected, full particulars, post or reference, and date disengaged, M 919, this office. A
MOTOR Help Wanted, Protestant, 21 girls, 10 and 20; give all particulars and salary expected.—M 1034, this office. A
MOTOR Help Wanted, Protestant, 21 girls, 10 and 20; give all particulars and salary expected.—M 1034, this office. A
MILLINERY, Mantles, and Suits—Wanted, Experienced Lady for above, with good experience. Apply, stating experience and stating salary expected to M. Burke, Maryborough. C
MANAGER Wanted immediately, to take entire charge of General Grocery, Provisions, Hardware and Drapery Shop in Midlands; salary £150 per annum and half nett profits. Apply, sending copies of references, to "Z 4026, Manager," this office. A
MANAGERESS—Wanted, a capable, experienced young Lady. Apply, stating age, experience, when last employed, etc., to Manager, Clarence Hotel Co., Ltd., Dublin.
NEWCASTLE Sanatorium, Co. Wicklow—Probationers Wanted immediately. Apply Lady Superintendent.
NURSE Attendant Wanted immediately for old lady in country home; light duty; good testimonials essential; state wages.—Z 4045, Attendant," this office. A
PROTESTANT Lady Help Wanted, Bray coast town; must be good cook; small family.—"Z 3044, Help," this office.
PASTRY Baker Wanted, experienced Man, for high class Confectionery business, North of Ireland. Apply, stating age, experience, and stating wages.—"Z 3360, Man," this office. B
PROBATIONERS Wanted, Protestant Girls (18) in Nurse uniform; salary. Apply Matron, Home for Protestant Incurables, Cork.
POST Office Assistant required, Sub-Office, 15th January; telephone; capable taking charge; state qualification, salary.—"Z 4056, Assistant," this office. A
PROVISION Counter-Wanted, Senior Hand, city, excellent position; comfortable home; outdoor. Apply, with copies of testimonials and salary expected, M 1078, this office. B
PROBATIONERS Wanted, Belfast Public Hospital. Train as Children's Nurses; fee 20 guineas for three months' course; secured from Home at salaries £35-£48. Apply Matron.
REQUIRED at once, thoroughly experienced Clerk; must understand business thoro

ROBERT'S SALE

Blouses

In this Department we offer the residue of a delightful stock at very tempting prices, as will be seen from the following examples:—

707 Blouses in Crepe-de-Chine, Cotton Georgette, Cocoma Crepe, and Crystaline, in various colours and styles. All Clearing at 12/11. Usual prices from 19/11 to 29/11.

About 3 dozen Spun Silk Tailored Shirts, roll collars and reverse, with large pearl button, in mauve, sky, lemon, and Saxe all striped. Usual price, 27/11. Clearing at 15/11.

About 3 dozen odd soiled Blouses, Crepe-de-Chine, Jaspahar, Verona Crepe, and Voile. Clearing at 5/- All worth 12/11 to 19/11. These Blouses cannot be repeated when sold.

Golf Coats

and Jumpers of rare beauty and highest quality are offered at handsome reductions. A splendid opportunity for all. Here are a few typical values:—

Special Value—Jumpers in Rose, Purple, and White. Clearing at 4/11, only 3 dozen; Usual price, 12/11.

A few shop-soiled Coats and Jumpers in various colours. All Clearing at 15/11.

About 7 dozen Breakfast Coats, lace pattern Shetland, in all colours. Clearing at 17/11. Usual price, 23/11.

150 Silk Sports Coats and Jumpers, all colours. Clearing, regardless of cost, from 19/11 to 39/11.

Gloves

Those who did not receive Gloves amongst their Christmas Gifts can replenish their Stock to great advantage here. The value given in Gloves must be seen to be adequately appreciated. Inspection cordially invited.

Boots & Shoes

Considering that one spends nearly half one's time in Boots or Shoes, a good stock is always a desideratum, and for that reason we invite you to pay special attention to the many wonderful bargains offered in the highest quality and most stylish goods. It is not too much to say that we are clearing this Department regardless of cost price.

Our Costume Dept.

contains some very attractive Costumes, Coats, and Frocks, which are being sold at prices which will ensure their speedy clearance. We mention a few of the more important opportunities, but invite your inspection:—

About 5 dozen Afternoon Frocks in Net Crepe and Crepe-de-Chine, various colorus and styles. Usual price from 3½ to 6 gns. Clearing at 59/6.

About 30 Evening and Semi-Evening Dresses, various styles. Clearing from 69/11. Usual prices from 5 guineas.

About 2 dozen Serge and Tweed Costumes, mostly Greys. Only price, 3 guineas. Usual prices, 3½ to 5 guineas.

23 Velvet Afternoon Frocks in Grey, Navy, and Black. Clearing at 59/11. Usual price, 5 gns.

9 dozen Velour Cloth Coats in Navy, Purple, and Saxe. Clearing at 4 gns. Usual price, 6½ gns.

Dainty Lingerie

Directoire Knickers, heavy silk finish, in Helio, Nigger, Navy, Grey, Saxe, and, Champagne, 4/11. Worth 7/11.

Wincevette Night Gowns, good winter weight, 6/11 and 12/11.

18 Doz. Hand-embroidered Night Gowns, travellers' samples. Clearing at 29/11.

Dressing Gowns in Ripple Cloth, Mayrar ve set in sleeve, trimmed Paisley. Very special, 21/11. Usual price, 29/11.

Hosiery

We would urge our customers not to lose this opportunity of securing reliable Stockings at prices it will be impossible to repeat for many a long day. A few items are mentioned:—

Ladies' Black Cashmere Finish Hose, superior, clean, fast dye, 2/11 per pair. Usual price, 3/11.

Ladies' Smart Heather Mixture Hose, double heels and soles, all pure wool. Usual price, 6/11. Clearing at 3/11 per pair.

Ladies' Pure Wool Cashmere Hose, assorted shades, full fashioned, double soles and high spliced heels. Usual price, 6/. Clearing at 3/11 per pair.

Ladies' Pure Wool Black Cashmere Rib Hose, seamless, guaranteed for hard wear. Usual price, 4/6. Clearing at 2/11.

Art Silk Ankle Hose, seamless, double soles and heels, with wide garter top, in Navy and Grey only. Usual price, 3/11. Clearing at 2/6 per pair.

Our Children's Dept.

Affords an opportunity to procure School and Ordinary Outfits at money-saving prices. Every article is of the highest character. Those who take early advantage of our Sale offers will have every reason to congratulate themselves.

Boys' Ribbed Knit Jumpers, in Green, Brown, Saxe, and Navy. Sale price, 6/11. Worth 9/11.

Boys' Fancy Top Knicker Hose, in Heather, Lovat, Tan, and Black, 2/11½ per pair.

Special lot Children's Frocks, in Net, Crepe-de-Chine, and Jap Silk. Reduced to Half Price.

Job lot and shop-soiled Knickers, Vests, and Combinations at greatly reduced prices.

ROBERT & CO., Ltd., The Fashion Centre, Grafton St., DUBLIN.

Pim Bros., Limited.

WINTER SALE

Continued THIS DAY

AND DURING THE WEEK.

Pim Bros., Limited,

South Great George's St.

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN.
CALCOTT, CUBITT, CHEVROLET, AND HAMMOND CARS. T

A LL Steel Stampings are used in construction of Varley Woods Car; delivery in January if ordered now. Sole Agent, Woods, Westland Row. T

ITALA, one of the oldest and one of the best Italian Makes, and the Pioneer of much of to-days accepted practice in Motor Engineering. The winner of many High Class Events.

ONE SPECIAL MODEL FOR 1920.
16/20 h.p., 83 x 150, 4 speeds and reverse. Self Starter and Electric Light. Centre Control. Detachable bodies. Detachable steel Wheels. Chassis absolutely complete, read for body. Price £850. Write for catalogue.
SOLE AGENT FOR IRELAND—Delivering Ulster.
G. A. BRITTAIN,
40 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
Deliveries Early in the New Year.

CALTHORPE CARS
BOOK NOW FOR EARLY DELIVERY.
KEATING AND LUNDY.
206 ST. BRUNSWICK STREET.

NEW CARS.
We are now in a position to deliver New STOREY CARS, 4 cylinder, 14/35 h.p. and 20 h.p. The MOON CAR, 6 cylinder, 20 h.p., in four weeks from date of Order; this we guarantee.
A.A. MOTOR CAR CO.,
NASSAU STREET,
DUBLIN. T

PULLMAN CARS.
Prompt deliveries, commencing in January, can be given of above well-known Cars. A few complete with full equipment, £595.
Agencies open in unallotted districts.
Distributing Agent for Ireland,
J. M.
26 DAWSON ST.

MOTORS FOR SALE.
LANDAULETTE FORD, 1919 Model, with special hood by Dix, English body, painted royal blue, domed shaped bonnet, and mudguards, special foot board, full set of detachable wheels and spare, right hand control, plunger ignition on dash. Only about 20 miles; same as new; price £450.
TWO SEATED RUNABOUTS, in lovely condition, completely overhauled, detachable wheels and spare, steel complete, covers and tubes almost new; 35/40 chassis; very comfortable; price £300.
M. J. DOYLE AND SONS,
BALTINGLASS. B

ALWAYS insist on having Dunlop tyres.

A 12 H.P. Daimler, Two Seater, fitted with dicky seat, Warland dual ignition, new tyres, just overhauled; lamps, horn, hood, screens, tool box, etc.; painted grey; in perfect condition, and guaranteed; this Car has been carefully used and driven by owner.—Arthur Payne, Engineer, 45 Dawson st., Dublin.

A VERY fine Four Seater Dodge, completely equipped with self and starting lighting set, over-sized tyres in new condition, 2 spare rims; this Car has received every care and attention.—Arthur Payne, Engineer, 45 Dawson st., Dublin.

DODGE 1915 Two Seater, in perfect condition, fitted with 1920 Touring Body, painted royal blue, detachable rims, 2 spare Stepney wheels, up to date electric light; every particular guaranteed.—Alfred Walsh, Watergate st., Navan, Ireland.

FORD Sale, two 1915 Dodge Brothers' Cars, self starters, electric light, tyres good; perfect order, £390 each; one 1915 Ford, latest improvements, perfect ship, £250.—Z 3852, Cars," this office. D

FORD Five Seater, 1914, latest improvements, perfect order; also 12 other makes.—Cahill, Cookstown. B

FORD Touring Car for Sale, 1919 model, spare wheel, five Dunlop grooved tyres, tool box, rubber running boards, electric lighting set, in perfect order.—The National Cash Register Co., Ltd., 69 Dame st. B

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED.

FORD Touring Car, 1916, detachable wheels, spare, £185.—Z 3897, Cars," this office. D
FORD Touring Car, only used a few times, perfect, detachable wheels, spare, £290.—Z 3890, this office. D
FOR Sale, 40 h.p. Daimler, specially built limousine body. Can be seen and tested at City Garages, 64 Great Brunswick st. Cork. Wm. Ahern. F
FOR Sale, Austin Car, 6 cylinder, 20 h.p. Apply Austin Motors, Wellington, Nenagh. C
MODEL H Hupmobile, 5 seater, 1919, perfect condition and fast, £575.—Z 3995, Louth," this office. D

MOTOR VEHICLE INSURANCE.
Apply for Prospectus to
FRANK GIBSON-LLOYD AND CO., LTD.,
30 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN. X

NEW Sunbeam, 1920 delivery. Write and secure your position now. Sole Agent, McTaggart, S. King st.
SUNBEAM Landaulette, 20 h.p., 6 cylinder, mile and minute speed; as new; cost trial, £650.—Z 3994, Lansdowne," this office. D
WOLSELEY 16-30 h.p. 5 Seater Touring Car, wire detachable wheels fitted on 760 x 100 tyres in perfect condition.—Z 3999, Wolseley," this office. C
S.E.F. ROVER, 1910, 4 litre four seater, excellent order, recently overhauled, Stepney, nearly new tyres and tubes, spares; £90 or best offer. Seen Longford.—Z 4035, Rover," this office.

WANTED.

£270 GIVEN for 1920 5 Seater Ford, delivered this month.—Bradley, Kells, Kilkenny.

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1"—DELIVERY from Stock Today.—34 h.p. and 8¾ plants of Harley Davidson; also 2 h.p. Sunbeams, Levis, Diamonds, Dixon, New Imperial Japs in January. Mossfield, high speed Douglas, Lund Outfits. Those 2010. Wards Bros., Ltd., Lemon street. T

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN.
A.J.S., TRIUMPH, N.U.T., CLYNO, ROVER.
READING-STANDARD,
And
O.K. MOTOR CYCLES. T

A T Woods' Westland Row, Orders booked for New B.S.A. Twin
A T Woods' Westland Row—Side Cars in stock for all motor cycles.
ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels—Gorman, 7 Duke street, Grafton street. T
WANTED, by Gentleman, 1.C., position as Companion Housekeeper to elderly lady or gentleman; good home more than wages; Dublin preferred.—Z 4014, Miss," this office. D
FORD, 1914 34 h.p. 3 speed gear Hamber Motor Cycle and Sidecar, not much used, in perfect order; any trial.—C. Pearson, Ennis. C
ROVER, 3½ three speed, and Sidecar, as new, £95.—Apply Sergeant, 128 Shelton's Green.
1919 TRIUMPH Gloria Combination, 4 h.p., complete with hood, screens, excellent condition, spare belt, wire, and valve; done 1,200 miles only; £150 or nearest offer.—Irish Castle Motors.
1919 ALLON, 2¾ h.p. Blackburne, 6 Racing Models (3 Mounts), G.V., 3 Indian and Sidecar, 22 Douglas, 1919-11 Scarce, Indian Sidecar, new Reidy, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. B

LORRIES, VANS: MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

STUDEBAKER 5-ton, complete, for Sale, Dublin; splendid condition, guaranteed; owner has left country; shop; engine and chassis; just overhauled and repainted; bargain.—T 6174, this office. A

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

815 x 105 AVON Tyre for Sale, good as new; what offers? Apply Grosvenor, 61 Dame st. A

BICYCLES.

"A1"—NO shortage of Pedal Cycles; hundreds to select from at Dunlop's, Swifts, Windsors, Premiers, and Carrier Tricycles and Bicycles. Repairs and Sundries.—Dunlop's, 14 Upper Sackville st. T

GOLDEN Sunbeam for Sale; little ridden. Apply 7 Lower Leeson street, Dublin. D
ROYAL Frankfort Cycles, genuine pre-war quality; 3 speed, £14; 2 speed, £12; Standards, £10 10s.; Secondhand Cycles from £5; Children's Tricycles, Perambulators, Kitchingman's Circus, 128 Shelton's Green.
SECONDHAND—Rudge Whitworth, Humber, Triumph, Premier, Sunbeam, Raleigh, Quadrant, £15 15s.—Lincoln place. C
TRICYCLE for sale, best make, suit boy or girl, £7. 31 Pembroke Park. C

WANTED.

BICYCLES Wanted; highest prices. Postcard, Boyer, Cycle Depot, 184 North King st. 24 B

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

CYCLE Mechanic Wanted; must be able to drive Ford car and do running repairs; only qualified men need apply. Apply, send references, stating wages, T. E. Guthrie, Motor Agent, Tubbercurry. C
PEDIGREE Lad Wanted for cycle shop; refer and help in stables; indoor.—T 3713, Man," this office. B

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR, L.O., married, understands oil engine, horses. Terms, "Z 3767, Chauffeur," this office. B

CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

CHAUFFEUR (demobilised) requires situation; five years' experience; Protestant, single.—Z 3984, Chauffeur," this office. B
YOUNG Man (Protestant), ex soldier, wants position as Motor Driver; best references; 3 years' experience; highest references and character.—Z 4000, Driver," this office. B

EX-SERVICE MEN CONTINUED.

EX-SERVICE MEN WANTED.

The following positions are vacant:—
MARRIED Protestant ex-Service Man Wanted for Gentleman's Work in and around house; wages 30/.; house and garden.
BACHELOR, fondy to ex-Service Men or Married Man and Wife, to do all duties; two of small household; one cook, etc., other valet-butler, temperance of testimonials.
MARRIED ex-Service Man, do house and table work; 2 in family; Co. Meath (Co.). Protestants preferred, but not essential; wages £90 for both, all found.
YOUNG EX-SERVICE MAN Wanted, who is willing to learn; understand horses and cattle; live in.
Applications, one-day delivery, references, should be sent at once to
CAPT. HOMFRAY, Secretary, Meath Local Advisory Committee, Riverside, Kells, Meath.

IRISH GUARDS' COMRADES' ASSOCIATION.
GOOD EMPLOYMENT CAN BE FOUND FOR A LIMITED NUMBER OF EX-IRISH GUARDSMEN.
Apply
HON. SECRETARY,
76 BACHELOR'S WALK,
Between 4 and 6 daily, except Saturday.
12 3

MALES WANTED.

A BUTLER, £60 to £75; 4 others, £50 to £60.—Apply Mrs. Hall, Dublin.
A BOY, about 17 years, Wanted, General Work and Driving Pony.—Apply 91 Harcourt st.
A GARDENER and General Man Wanted, end of January; wife to mind cats lodge; Protestant necessary, owing to distance from church; ex-service man preferred.—Z 3965, Gardener," this office. A
A GARDENER for County Dublin, married, wife to mind cats lodge; good wages and allowances to suitable applicants, state ages, family, references, and previous employers; one capable of taking charge.—Hoe-McKeagh and Sons, Dublin.
A GROOM required at once; must understand hunters and exercising of same; also generally useful man.—Apply Fernside, Dublin.
A GARDENER-Wanted, a good Working Gardener; single man preferred, for Co. Kildare; able to milk, with good character; good wages and references.—Apply Mrs. Bridges, Ballymore, Kildare.
A GROOM Wanted, light weight, single, capable of good plain cooking; wages, 25/.—Apply Lt.-Col. Hosier, Brannockstown, Co. Kildare.
A HOTEL—Washer at once, first class Chef, good carver; also Kitchenmaid.—Apply Manager, Hotel, Dublin.
A PROTESTANT married Gardener (Scotsman preferred), two in family, for Co. Kildare; 30/.—Z 3711, Gardener," this office.
A PROTESTANT Ploughman and General Farm Man as Garden Labourer Wanted; good home, fitting, and wages.—Apply Farmer, this office.
A SINGLE handed Groom Wanted to relieve stable lad (second); first situation; good character and references; full particulars, to J. Hedgely, Leopardstown Park, Blackrock.
A STUD Groom—Reliable, willing chaps Man Wanted at once; also take charge small stud hunters and chasers; apply, with full particulars.—Z 3939, Groom," this office. A
A TRAPPERS Wanted immediately; must be good steady men; references.—Thomas Hartigan, Naas. A
A WAITER required immediately.—Vaughan's Hotel, Rathfarnham. C

MALES WANTED CONTINUED.

WANTED, Gardener (Scotsman preferred); hall boy for Antrim.—Z 3997, Antrim," this office. D
WANTED Strapper, to work under groom; wages £1 per week.—Apply to Major H. Moore, Kinnitty, Cloghan. B
WANTED, Stableman; good rider, 30/- a week; also and carpenters. Apply Capt. H. H. Fowler, Ballinlough, Castlepollard, Co. Meath.
WANTED, by doctor (bachelor), Dublin, Man devoted to motor; must be able to cook, etc.; live indoor. State age, religion, wages, and full particulars.—Z 3998, this office. B
WANTED, Head and General Man for Queen's Co.; keep of cow and calf, house, also tilled land; could give work to son or daughter; state wages expected; copies discharges, 10 Peter Alley, Donnybrook, Baily Bridge.
WANTED Ploughman, must understand harvesting and mowing; no tractors; also Honey Man for rough masonry and general estate repairs; good houses. Apply, with references, to John R. Grey, Land Steward, Grove, Fort Robinson, Co. Waterford.
WANTED, Steward; first into rather; clean mixed; to tend small garden, general work; 3 in family; wages £80. Steward, 30,—W. Bonham, Colbinstown House, Co. Kildare.
WANTED, experienced Man to drive and take full to do all farm repairs. Apply, with reference, stating wages, to Box 1725, Irish Times Office.
WANTED, next Dublin by 1st February, Garden Boy, 17/18, orderly-nice man preferred; wages £30.—Z 3912, this office.
WANTED, for Midland county, General Man, understanding cattle horses work, and caretaking boys' country quiet; state terms.—Z 4053, Man," this office.
WANTED, reliable General Man; good knowledge of horses; £25 wages.—Z 4034, this office.
WANTED, a good Yardman; must be a good milker. Apply Dairy, Donnybrook. B
YARDMAN Wanted, a man with a son or two able to work preferred. Apply for particulars to Steward, Rockmarshall, Swords, Co. Dublin. A

MALES DISENGAGED.

CHARGE for Advertisements under this Heading, 12 words, 6d.; every succeeding 6 words, 3d. Terms cash; no discount allowed for four insertions allowed for price of three.

A MAN requires situation (indoor) Plain Gardener; Protestant.—Gardener, 23 Lombard st., East, Dublin.
COACHMAN, Protestant, single; discharges excellent; several driver; understands bread and confectionery.—M 8635, this office. D
COACHMAN, ex-soldier, Protestant, married; understands motor.—Coachman, c/o Gill, Builders, Wicklow. C
EX-ROYAL Army Medical Corps Nursing Orderly, married, no family, desires to get in touch with invalid gentleman or Indoor Servant.—M 6065, this office.
EX-SOLDIER, Protestant, married, wife as Caretaker of gentleman's estate or property, or any position of trust; excellent references.—Soldier, 3 Cumnor, Rathgar; references given; salary.—M 813, this office.
FOR Good Farm Labourers, Herds, Grooms, Gardeners, Chauffeurs, etc., apply Registry, Carlow, for a good Farm Labourers, Herds, Grooms, Gardeners, Chauffeurs, etc., apply Registry, Carlow, for a good Farm Labourer, married, all duties, 2 in family; good references essential.—Apply Farmer, Kilmeague, Naas.
GARDENER (Head Working), single, age 33, experienced, vines, pounding, flowers, vegetables, all garden work; well recommended.—M 5965, this office.
GARDENER-Wife cooks housemaintenance, life experience in all duties; Protestant; strong and active; wife cows, fowl, etc.; 2 in family; wages £70.—Gardener, Castle Gore, Ballina. D
GARDENER (Head Working), married, no family, good cooks re-engagement; experienced all branches; highest references.—Gardener, 3 Sandymount Green. B
GENERAL Man, single, Protestant, cooks own food; wages £30.—Apply Mrs. Miller, Kilkenny West, Dublin.
HERD Shepherd wants situation; thoroughly understands sheep, etc.; family; age 30.—Herd, Ballyhaise, Co. Cavan.
PLOUGHMAN and Farm Worker, married, no family; good character; wages £1 per week.—Apply Farmer, Ballyhaise, Co. Cavan.
R.C. Gardener wants place near Dublin, Garnishouse, Clontarf, Howth, Malahide, Donnybrook, Blackrock; 2 in family.—Gardener, this office.
RESPECTABLE Man wants situation, Ploughman, understands machinery; three sons, highly recommended; Co. Kilkenny preferred.—Ploughman, Mount Stud Groom, experienced thoroughbreds, hunters, foals, etc.; married.—Z 3904, Groom," this office.
STEWARD-Bailiff, Estate Manager wants situation; married, no family; 20 years' experience; highest references.—Steward, 408 Cattle," this office.
WANTED, situation as Manager to Mr. I.C. as Manager Farm (lady or gentleman); brought up on farm with references, to John R. Grey, Land Steward, Grove, Fort Robinson, Co. Waterford.
WANTED, Gardener (Scotsman preferred), 5 years' steady situation; highest references and character.—Z 4060, this office.
WANTED, Gardener (Protestant), married; ball boy for Co. Antrim.—Z 3997, this office. D
WANTED Strapper, to work under groom; wages £1 per week.—Apply to Major H. Moore, Kinnitty, Cloghan. B
WANTED, Stableman; good rider, 30/- a week; also and carpenters. Apply Capt. H. H. Fowler, Ballinlough, Castlepollard, Co. Meath.
WANTED, by doctor (bachelor), Dublin, Man devoted to motor; must be able to cook, etc.; live indoor. State age, religion, wages, and full particulars.—Z 3998, this office. B
WANTED, Head and General Man for Queen's Co.; keep of cow and calf, house, also tilled land; could give work to son or daughter; state wages expected; copies discharges, 10 Peter Alley, Donnybrook, Baily Bridge.
WANTED Ploughman, must understand harvesting and mowing; no tractors; also Honey Man for rough masonry and general estate repairs; good houses. Apply, with references, to John R. Grey, Land Steward, Grove, Fort Robinson, Co. Waterford.
WANTED, Steward; first into rather; clean mixed; to tend small garden, general work; 3 in family; wages £80. Steward, 30,—W. Bonham, Colbinstown House, Co. Kildare.
WANTED, experienced Man to drive and take full to do all farm repairs. Apply, with reference, stating wages, to Box 1725, Irish Times Office.
WANTED, next Dublin by 1st February, Garden Boy, 17/18, orderly-nice man preferred; wages £30.—Z 3912, this office.
WANTED, for Midland county, General Man, understanding cattle horses work, and caretaking boys' country quiet; state terms.—Z 4053, Man," this office.
WANTED, reliable General Man; good knowledge of horses; £25 wages.—Z 4034, this office.
WANTED, a good Yardman; must be a good milker. Apply Dairy, Donnybrook. B
YARDMAN Wanted, a man with a son or two able to work preferred. Apply for particulars to Steward, Rockmarshall, Swords, Co. Dublin. A

MALES DISENGAGED.

CHARGE for Advertisements under this Heading, 12 words, 6d.; every succeeding 6 words, 3d. Terms cash; no discount allowed for four insertions allowed for price of three.

A MAN requires situation (indoor) Plain Gardener; Protestant.—Gardener, 23 Lombard st., East, Dublin.
COACHMAN, Protestant, single; discharges excellent; several driver; understands bread and confectionery.—M 8635, this office. D
COACHMAN, ex-soldier, Protestant, married; understands motor.—Coachman, c/o Gill, Builders, Wicklow. C
EX-ROYAL Army Medical Corps Nursing Orderly, married, no family, desires to get in touch with invalid gentleman or Indoor Servant.—M 6065, this office.
EX-SOLDIER, Protestant, married, wife as Caretaker of gentleman's estate or property, or any position of trust; excellent references.—Soldier, 3 Cumnor, Rathgar; references given; salary.—M 813, this office.
FOR Good Farm Labourers, Herds, Grooms, Gardeners, Chauffeurs, etc., apply Registry, Carlow, for a good Farm Labourer, married, all duties, 2 in family; good references essential.—Apply Farmer, Kilmeague, Naas.
GARDENER (Head Working), single, age 33, experienced, vines, pounding, flowers, vegetables, all garden work; well recommended.—M 5965, this office.
GARDENER-Wife cooks housemaintenance, life experience in all duties; Protestant; strong and active; wife cows, fowl, etc.; 2 in family; wages £70.—Gardener, Castle Gore, Ballina. D
GARDENER (Head Working), married, no family, good cooks re-engagement; experienced all branches; highest references.—Gardener, 3 Sandymount Green. B
GENERAL Man, single, Protestant, cooks own food; wages £30.—Apply Mrs. Miller, Kilkenny West, Dublin.
HERD Shepherd wants situation; thoroughly understands sheep, etc.; family; age 30.—Herd, Ballyhaise, Co. Cavan.
PLOUGHMAN and Farm Worker, married, no family; good character; wages £1 per week.—Apply Farmer, Ballyhaise, Co. Cavan.
R.C. Gardener wants place near Dublin, Garnishouse, Clontarf, Howth, Malahide, Donnybrook, Blackrock; 2 in family.—Gardener, this office.
RESPECTABLE Man wants situation, Ploughman, understands machinery; three sons, highly recommended; Co. Kilkenny preferred.—Ploughman, Mount Stud Groom, experienced thoroughbreds, hunters, foals, etc.; married.—Z 3904, Groom," this office.
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WANTED, Gardener (Scotsman preferred), 5 years' steady situation; highest references and character.—Z 4060, this office.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

Y.W.C.A. EMPLOYMENT AGENCY will RE-OPEN TO-DAY (MONDAY), JANUARY 5th, at 64 LOWER BAGGOT STREET. Hours 11-1.30, 2.30-5.30.

DOMESTIC WORKERS Required for steadi work situations in households where their own children are trained. Apply Lady Superintendent, The Universal Employment Bureau, 6 Bedford Chambers, Regent House, Regent st., London, W. 1. X

USEFUL Maid Wanted; cut out and make; nice appearance; £24. Semi cuisine—Jackson, Maudlin, Rathfarnham.
WORKING Housekeeper, Protestant Wanted for Co. Kildare; apply with particulars and salary expected, to "Z 3645, Housekeeper," this office. A
WANTED, capable, agreeable Working Housekeeper; two in family; light duties; family three; country town; wages £24; state age, good cook.—Z 3930, Housekeeper," this office. D
WANTED, reliable country Girl for Housework; about hours, regular work—B 88, Irish Times Office, Kingstown.
WANTED, Useful Maid, Protestant, good cooking; must understand Children; wages £20.—Apply Mrs. Ryan, Park, Clonee. C
WANTED, respectable Girl, smart and clean about house; housework; good laundress.—Z 4050, Girl," this office.
WANTED at once, young Useful Maid, with knowledge of Sewing; £20.—Apply, with full particulars, Lady D. R. Pollexfen, Curtlestown. A

COOKS AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

A PPLY—Cook (Prot.) to Dublin, county, and London.—Kennedy's, 68 Rockville st.
COOK Wanted, three parlourmaid kept. Apply Mrs. Wilson, Woodlands, Malahide road, Clontarf, 11 o'clock or between 6 and 8 o'clock p.m.
COOK (Protestant) and Housemaid Wanted for country house; friends or sisters preferred. Apply Mrs. Bingham, Rockdale, Lucan.
COOK Wanted, good plain cooking; Protestant; Michael Templeogue, Dublin.
COOK General Wanted 25 to 30; very good home good wages, and plenty of liberty.—50 Waterloo road, Hull.
COOK General and Housemaid Wanted, to accompany lady to London January.—Apply Cross road, Dublin.
COOK Wanted, experienced; small family; Protestant preferred; full particulars, Lady Evans, Randlestown, Navan.
COOK General (29 extra paid on Sundays) Wanted for Irish family; Protestant; strong and active; two; only two must be well recommended.—Z 3898, this office.
COOK General—Wanted smart, active country Girl; 2 in family; £24. Apply Mrs. Hall, Dublin.
COOK General Wanted, small family; 2 in family; good wages.—H 11, Irish Times Office, Kingstown.
COOK General Wanted, business house; country girl preferred; £22 to £25.—Z 4049, this office.
COOK Wanted, small dairy; kitchenmaid kept; £30; country girl; three maids.—Z 4076, this office.
USEFUL Maid Wanted; cut out and make; nice appearance; £24. Semi cuisine—Jackson, Maudlin, Rathfarnham.
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COOK Wanted, small dairy; kitchenmaid kept; £30; country girl; three maids.—Z 4076, this office.

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

EXPERIENCED Cook General, House Parlourmaid, and Housemaid required; 29th January; names of last employers; church; small family. Write, saying experience, wages, to Mrs. Dunn, White House, Wexford. B
WANTED, good Cook General required for young married couple, Dartmouth square.—M 1011, this office. D
SUPERIOR Cook General Wanted, Dublin suburbs; lady and gentleman and small family; house parlourmaid kept; nurse kept; good wages to suitable person; highest references essential. Write, stating wages and full particulars, to Box 1727, Irish Times Office. B
WANTED, Cook General; girl to train might suit; country place, Ashford; with references; and state wages, to Mrs. Barnes, Broughall Castle, Frankford, King's County.
WANTED, for country, experienced Cook General; small family; wages £30; no washing. Call 24 Mount st., Dublin.
WANTED, Housemaid and Parlourmaid; must be good waitress; Protestant; wages £30.—Apply Mrs. Cook, Ballyfermot, Dublin.
WANTED, Cook General; 2 in family; good wages; Protestant preferred; no washing. Call 24 Mount st., Blackrock.
WANTED, Cook General; 2 in family; good wages; Protestant preferred; no washing. Call 24 Mount st., Blackrock.
WANTED, Cook General,

To-day's Principal Shopping News

BROWN THOMAS'

Reconstruction Sale and AUTOMATIC REDUCTIONS

TWO SALES IN ONE

The great success which attended the First Week of this great Sale is certain to be eclipsed this week. The group of Automatic Reductions, together with the wonderful Sale Bargains quoted here, will ensure an immediate clearance. Obviously, the wisest course is to send your order *at once* or, if in town, to Shop Early.

How the Automatic Reductions Scheme Works.

This attractive innovation in Dublin merchandising—pioneered by this house last year—is again being included in the buying-advantages of this Sale. Certain articles are offered in the first week of Automatic Reductions at a reduction of at least 25 p.c. in the usual prices. Those remaining will, in the second week, bear at least 50 p.c. reduction, and in the third week what still remain will be marked down by 75 p.c. below their original price.

As only a limited number of articles are being offered in the Depts. included, it is essential to make your selection early to avoid disappointment, as the selling will be rapid.

No Post or 'Phone Orders are accepted for "Automatics," nor can they be returned, exchanged, or sent on approbation.

You Save *at least* 25% on this week's Automatic Reductions

HERE THEY ARE:

MILLINERY.
Mistress' Smart Bottle Green Velvet and Satin Hats, wide velvet bow at back. Original price, 42/-. This week, 31/6.

COSTUMES.
Six only beautifully Tailor-ed Costumes in the Season's most up-to-date styles, made from the finest quality tweeds in novel effect and overchecks. Coat lined silk. Original price, each, 10 gns. This week, each, 7 gns.

JUMPER SUIT.
One only "Slacknette" Jumper Suit in pretty shade of Jade green, trimmed white, original price, 10 gns. This week, 7½ gns.

COAT FROCKS.
One only Grey Stockinette Coat Frock, effectively trimmed Saxe Blue circular beads. Original price, 12 gns. This week, 8½ gns.

EVENING FROCKS.
Six only Evening Frocks, in Satin and Net, slightly shop soiled, various colours. Original price, each, 6½ gns. This week, each, 4½ gns.

WINTER COATS.
Two only Cosy Winter Coats, well tailored, in the finest quality Overcheck Tweeds, cut on the newest lines, with large Shawl collars and patch pockets, trimmed fringe. Original price, each, 7½ gns. This week, each, 5½ gns.

FUR STOLES.
Three only Natural Mink Stoles, trimmed tails. Original price, each, 6 gns. This week, each, 4½ gns.

MACKINTOSH COATS.
Mackintosh Coats in shades of Fawn, slightly shop soiled. Original price, each, 42/-. This week, each, 29/6.

FOOTWEAR.
A pair of Navy Blue Glace Kid Derby Shoes, pointed toes, straight caps, size 6. Original price, a pair, 57/6. This week, a pair, 43/-.
A pair of Grey Suede Laced Walking Shoes, neat, round toes, size 5. Original price, a pair, 47/6. This week, a pair, 35/6.

MEN'S SHIRTS.
Men's Cyclonette and Print Striped Shirts. Double Cuffs, well cut. Original price, each, 8/6. This week, each, 6/4.

SCARVES.
Mercerised Scarves, assorted plain and striped designs. Original price, each, 9/6. This week, each, 7/6.

CHILDREN'S GARMENTS.
Girls' Golden Brown Serge Tunic Frock, with belt collar and vest of white Poplinette, piped brown. Original price, each, 14/6. This week, each, 10/11.
Young Ladies' Dark Purple Frock in very fine serge, body and skirt style, collar and cuffs of ivory Georgette. Usual price, each, 4 gns. This week, each, 2 gns.
Girls' Dark Violet Serge Frock, two pockets on skirt, bodice finished with pretty collar, embroidered violet. Usual price, each, 27/6. This week, each, 20/-.

Specially Strong Sale Bargains *not* included in the "Automatics."

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR. SPORTS COATS & BLOUSES.

Letter Orders receive very careful and prompt attention.

Goods cannot be sent on approval during Sale.

We pay Carriage in British Isles.

Winter Weight Silk and Wool Combinations, beautiful soft finish, in all sizes —Short Sleeves, Low Neck, High Neck, Short Sleeves; High Neck, Long Sleeves. Usual price, a pair, 57/6. **Special Sale price**, a pair, from 39/6 to 33/6.

Winter Weight Silk and Wool Vests, for inside wear, to fasten high at neck. Three buttons in front. Short Sleeves and Long Sleeves. Usual price, from 21/- to 25/-. **Special Sale price**, from 18/6 to 22/6.

Winter Weight Silk and Wool Spencer, Short Sleeves and Long Sleeves, button high to neck. Usual price, each, from 14/6 to 16/6. **Special Sale price**, each, from 12/6 to 14/6.

CHILDREN'S JERSEYS.
Exceptional Value in Children's Jerseys in all sizes, suitable for Children from 2 to 12 years. Obtainable in a wide range of colours. Usual price, each, from 10/11 to 14/11. All clearing at **Special Sale price**, each, 6/11.

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS.
Artificial Silk Stockings with Lisle feet and tops. Colours—Black, White, Navy, Brown, Grey, Fawn, Sky, and Pink. Usual price, a pair, 9/11. **Special Sale price**, a pair, 3/11.

WOMEN'S UMBRELLAS.
Strong-wearing Taffeta Covers and dependable frames, crook and militaire styles. Usual price, each, 23/6 to 25/3. **Special Sale price**, each, 19/11.

Good quality All-Wool Sports Coats, as sketch, in wide ribbing, to form stripe, with roll collar, sash, and pockets, in Lemon, Pale Blue, Saxe, Navy, and Black. **Special Sale price**, each, 40/6.
Special line in good quality Crepe-Flora Shirt Blouse, well tailored, with revere collar and fastened with one button. Worth, each, 22/11. **Special Sale price**, each, 17/11.

GLOVES.
Women's Sac Full-on Natural Chamois Gloves. Usual price, 6/11. **Special Sale price**, 5/6
Children's Wool-lined Deer and Cape Gloves. Usual price, 12/11. **Special Sale price**, 10/6.
Women's White Wool Seamless Knit Gloves, also Button White and Natural Duplex Imitation Deerskin and Housemaids' Chamois Gloves. Usual price, 3/11. **Special Sale price**, 2/9.

FOOTWEAR.
Women's Grain Brogued Shoes, suitable for country wear, in Black and Tan colours. Exceptional value. Usual price, a pair, 29/6. **Special Sale price**, 25/-.
Women's Glace Derby Walking Shoes, Patent Toe Caps, comfortable shape, with medium heels. Fairly stout soles. Usual price, a pair, 29/6. **Special Sale price**, 25/-.
Men's Felt Slippers Soft Soles, in sizes 8 and 9 only. **Clearing at Special price**, a pair, 1/9.
Women's Box Calf Derby Boots, Straight Caps, Medium Weight. Usual price, a pair, 37/6. **Special Sale price**, a pair, 32/6.

BROWN THOMAS & CO., LTD., GRAFTON ST. & DUKE ST., DUBLIN

HOLMES' JANUARY SALE

THIS AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

Everything in our Fashion Sections,

also the accumulated Stocks of each Department, must be cleared regardless of cost.

W. Holmes DUBLIN, LTD.

69, 70, & 71 GEORGE'S STREET.

Kellett's

There are many wonderful bargains in all our Departments during our **BIG WINTER SALE** and the Sale Prices of the few Blouses and Sports Coats here quoted will shew you the wonderful value obtainable in this Department

"Betty" is a smart Blouse of good quality silk Crepe de Chene, the collar daintily finished with silk drop buttons as sketch. Usual price, 21/11. **Clearing at** ..... 17/6. In Putty, Pink, Mauve, Sky, Tomato and White.

The 21/- Lot contains about 60 beautiful Afternoon Blouses in Georgette, Ninon, and Crepe de Chene, all good colours. Usual prices, 25/11 to 39/11.

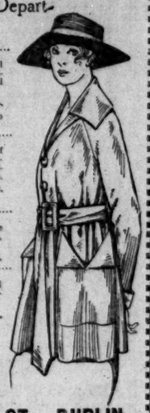
The 10/- Lot is composed of Jap Shirts, Jap Shams, and Tussores, with contrasting collars, crepe chinettes, etc. Usual prices, 12/11 to 18/11.

About 50 pure wool Jumpers, with or without sash, all good colours. **During Sale** 25/- Usual price, 27/11 to 35/11.

90 pure wool Golf Coats in heather mixtures, with sailor collar, etc., as sketch. **Clearing at** 29/6. Usual price, 3 gns.

Slip-on Jumpers in pure wool. Usual price, 12/11. **During Sale**, 11/9.

A few good model Coats and Jumpers reduced to Half-price.



Various odd numbers in useful morning Shirts, clearing at 2/6 and 5/-, in stripes, Paisley, etc.

Kellett's

GEORGE'S ST. & EXCHEQUER ST., DUBLIN

The cleaner the home the more healthy it is, so use soap freely and escape many ills, — and save doctor's bills. —

For General Household Use.

FINLAY'S NIMROD

Is an excellent Carbolic Soap.

Recommended by Dr. Andrew Wilson, F.R.S.E.

A powerful Disinfectant and Germ Killer.

No dearer than ordinary good soap.

Sold in Tablets at 11d., 8d., 5½d. & 3½d.

ALEX. FINLAY, LTD.

THE HOUSING QUESTION IN DUBLIN.

DIFFICULTY OF FINDING MONEY.

Mr. P. C. Cowan, Chief Engineering Inspector, Local Government Board, continued on Saturday the sworn inquiry into the merits of the application of the Dublin Corporation for sanction to a loan of £505,675 for the purpose of building 550 houses of three types for the working classes on a site at Marino, near Clontarf.

Mr. Clancy, K.C., and Mr. P. O'C. White (instructed by the Law Adviser) again appeared for the Corporation.

Mr. E. W. Booth and Mr. J. Vincent Brady, of the Housing Reform Committee of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. W. J. Larkin attended on behalf of the Town Tenants' Association.

Mr. Cowan said that he desired to correct a slight error in the reports of his remarks on the previous day. He made no contrast between the terms granted to England and those granted to Ireland. When Mr. Buckley was giving evidence he had been discussing with him the matter of cutting down the cost of such subsidiary works as roads and sewers, and he had said, quite truly, that if such works were unnecessarily expensive in the Irish scheme the additional amount would fall upon the local rates, as the Irish subsidy was entirely in proportion to the rent to be collected, whereas in England, for at least a period of seven years, the loss to the local authority was limited to a penny in the pound. It was therefore of great importance that in Irish schemes as few subsidiary as possible should be made upon what would not produce rent. As he had said, the Irish assistance was in the form of a subsidy. That form of assistance was preferred and selected by the Irish representatives on the Committee stage of the Bill, and they appeared extremely satisfied with that form of assistance. The Chief Secretary offered to obtain for Ireland the same terms as were offered to the English and Scotch authorities, but the Irish representatives preferred the form of assistance which was now provided for Ireland. Dealing with the increased cost of construction, Mr. Cowan pointed out that the provision of a bath would cost £9, or 2s. a week extra, which would fall on somebody. Notwithstanding the exceedingly high cost of building, etc., it would appear that if 2s. 6d. per room per week were charged for the three, four, and five-roomed houses making the rents 7s. 6d., 10s., and 12s. 6d. per week, and if the Corporation were able to borrow on the annuity system, they would have practically no loss on the present scheme. The system of people paying other people's rents could not last long. If the Corporation was to attempt to let those houses on what might be called charity rents, they would certainly fail to solve the housing problem in Dublin. According to the City Treasurer's estimate, this scheme might involve a loss on the rates, if the rooms were let at 2s. each per week, of something like £17,000, which he estimated at 4d. in the £. Instead of the Corporation increased the rents by 25 per cent., and were able to borrow on the annuity system, their incomings would practically meet their outgoings, and there would be practically no loss. The Corporation were the direct representative of the people actually concerned in the housing conditions of Dublin present when the financial clauses of the Irish Housing Bill were being considered in Parliament.

Mr. Cowan said that one Dublin member was present.

Mr. Larkin—I mean representative of the people.

Mr. Cowan—I don't know what you mean by that. I am not going into that sort of question.

Mr. Brady said that, as representing the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, he strongly opposed the Government's financial proposals as being insufficient.

Mr. Cowan repeated that the Irish members preferred the subsidy form of assistance.

Mr. Brady—I don't think it was absolutely preferred. I think the debate shows that the Nationalist members were very half-hearted about accepting the bonus at all.

Mr. Cowan said that the Chief Secretary gave the Irish members a choice as between the subsidy and the terms of the English Bill, and the subsidy was accepted without a division.

Mr. Brady denied that the Nationalist members were satisfied with the financial terms of the bill. They took the bill as a kind of forlorn hope. The Ulster members might have been satisfied, but since then they found they were wrong. The Chief Secretary held that his scheme would not entail a penny in the £ additional rate on any town in Ireland. Mr. Macpherson insisted on that fact, and that was shown in the report of the debate.

Mr. W. T. Cosgrave, Vice-Chairman of the Housing Committee, explained his remark of the previous day, when he said that they could get „practically any rent for the houses. What he meant was that owing to the cessation of speculative builders' operations the people who were able to pay economic rents in the pre-war period were thrown over to the Corporation through the prohibitive price of building. The trend of matters was to subsidise the underpaid man. In fixing the rents at 6s., 8s., and 10s. per week for the three classes of houses the Committee doubled the 3s. rent, which was recommended by the report of the Departmental Commission. The 3s. rent was charged by the Corporation was 3s. 7d. With regard to the types of houses, his view was that the man with the minimum wage and the maximum family (say ten) should get the five-roomed house for 6s. a week, the minimum price. He ought not to be taxed for the number of his children. The progress of building of cottages under the Corporation had been very slow owing to circumstances over which they had no control.

In answer to Mr. Larkin, Mr. Cosgrave said that he did not approve of concrete houses. The concrete houses that the Corporation had built in Bow lane had not been a success. The housing problem was most acute in Dublin. He was not in favour of wooden houses.

Answering Mr. Brady with regard to the rents proposed to be charged, Mr. Cosgrave said that he was satisfied that the people would make any sacrifice to get out of the wretched places they were forced to live in, and to get into decent, comfortable dwellings; but he did not believe that a labouring man with a large family could pay 10s. per week. He complained that for years the Corporation had been promised financial assistance in connection with housing, and that they had not yet got it.

Mr. Cowan said that they had got assistance from the central fund.

Mr. Clancy said that all Ireland and got it—Irish money.

Mr. Cowan said that he made no distinction between Irish and English money. The fact was that Ireland had been in advance with regard to money advanced for housing, and was first to secure a grant in 1908.

Mr. Larkin said he should have liked to have heard some evidence at these inquiries from some ladies of public spirit as to the women's aspect of the question.

Miss Mouer, representing the Watch Committee, said that they approved of the scheme.

Mr. Clancy said that the scheme had been practically approved. The real question was finance. If what the Irish members wanted to do in 1908 were done there would be sufficient money for housing. What they wanted to do was to take five millions of the ten millions then deposited in the Irish Post Office, for which interest at the rate of 2½ per cent. was being paid, and to pay the Government 2½ per cent. for it. That was not done. The Government had not yet fulfilled the promise they made in April, 1917. In that month Mr. Duke, the Chief Secretary, wrote to the Lord Mayor of Dublin saying that the Chancellor of the Exchequer had made arrangements with regard to an advance to the Corporation when they were prepared to begin building. In that letter Mr. Duke stated that work should begin with as little delay as possible, and that he had been advised by Sir Henry Robinson that £10,000 in April, 1917, £10,000 in the following July, and £80,000 between October and the following March would probably cover the loans necessary for the current financial year, and the letter added—"And you may take it that there sums will be made available in due course." He (Mr. Clancy) thought that there could not be any clearer statement than that. From that day till this the efforts of the Corporation to extract the fulfilment of that distinct pledge had proved absolutely unavailing.

Mr. Cowan said that he was anxious that Mr. Clancy's arguments should not be based on wrong premises. Under the new Housing Act Dublin was not entitled, any more than any other city with a valuation of over £200,000, to get assistance. The Government asked: "Do you want to come under the old arrangement with Mr. Duke—that is, a loan of money—or would you prefer to come in under the new Act and receive a subsidy, but get the loan advanced by somebody else?" "You cannot," said Mr. Cowan, "have the advantage of Government money under the old arrangement and a subsidy under the new arrangement as well."

Mr. Clancy—The Government should fulfill the promise they made.

Mr. Cowan—In regard to Fairbrothers' fields, it was a question if they could get both loan and subsidy.

Mr. Clancy—It is a question of breaking a distinct pledge.

Mr. Cowan—The Government has broken no promise.

Mr. Clancy—I impeach the *bona fides* of the Government in this whole matter. In my opinion, nothing more disgraceful than the breaking of the pledges given by them could be conceived.

Mr. Cowan—I say that there has been no breaking of contracts.

Mr. Clancy—We differ on that point. Mr. Macpherson, in the House of Commons, carried his point by bluff. He rushed the matter, and that was not the way to treat so important a question as this. Continuing, Mr. Clancy pointed out that it had been shown by the City Treasurer that the Corporation could not get more than their present system for housing, and also that it would be impossible, without rendering the financial condition of the city worse, to make provision by the issue of bonds. It was quite clear that it was absolutely impossible to get rents from the houses to be erected which would pay for them, and under this scheme there would be a deficit of a tremendous character. That deficit was an impossible thing to contemplate. On the 9th July the Chief Secretary admitted that the Irish members had received his scheme with misgiving, and stated, "there is no talk of raising rents to economic levels." The Chief Secretary had made certain promises which he must now be called upon to redeem. Mr. Macpherson promised to do his level best to get loans from the Treasury for Dublin and Belfast, if the Corporations of those cities legitimately failed to raise loans themselves. "I do not know," said Mr. Clancy, "whether he will try to get out of that promise or not. He will make an effort, but I do not think there will be much more attention paid to any effort at repudiation." The scheme of the Irish bill had broken down, and, according to the City Treasurer, if the financial system was maintained no houses would be built in Dublin under the Act. He again expressed regret at the absence of Alderman T. Kelly, Chairman of the Housing Committee, who had taken such a keen interest in this subject, and who was kept in prison by the very man whose financial system was attacked.

Mr. Booth said he had never been able to see why Ireland should not have the advantage which was enjoyed under the English bill of limiting the liability of local authorities to a penny in the £.

The inquiry then closed.

RAINFALL IN IRELAND.

RETURNS FOR 1919.

At Midvale, Tramore, Co. Waterford. Diameter of funnel, 5 inches. Height above ground, 1 ft.; height above sea level, 115 ft.

Month.	Total Depth. Inches.	Greatest fall in 24 hours. Inches.	Date.	No. of rain days.
January	3.87	.59	18	25
February	3.68	.68	6	14
March	2.91	.39	29	24
April	.99	.19	7	13
May	3.10	.86	14	14
June	1.49	.62	12	10
July	1.45	.80	4	8
August	4.76	1.28	18	11
September	3.31	.63	1	14
October	.44	.24	25	6
November	1.23	.38	30	13
December	4.35	.94	10	27
Total	30.78			179

(Signed) EDWIN B. JACOB.

At Seamount, Malahide, in the County of Dublin.

Month.	Total Depth. Inches.	No. of days more recorded.
January	2.56	24
February	1.47	14
March	2.14	19
April	1.53	16
May	1.52	15
June	2.21	14
July	1.05	9
August	2.54	14
September	2.00	15
October	2.17	13
November	2.53	23
December	4.36	27
Total	24.23	202

(Signed) J. G. JAMESON.

At Summer Hill, Mallow, in the County of Cork. Rain Gauge.—Diameter of funnel, 8 in. Height of top—Above ground, 1 ft. 10 in.; above sea level, 365 ft.

Month.	Total Depth. Inches.	Greatest fall with .01 in 24 hours. Inches.	Date.	No. of days recorded.
January	5.04	.92	6	25
February	3.63	.43	6	16
March	2.97	.45	14	23
April	1.72	.58	14	16
May	4.62	1.76	15	20
June	.91	.31	11	12
July	1.16	.40	28	13
August	1.99	.56	18	13
September	2.47	.70	30	14
October	.69	.33	28	13
November	2.35	.72	30	15
December	3.57	.93	10	27
Total	31.75			204

The year 1919 completes 30 years' rainfall records in Summer Hill, Mallow. It was a year of remarkably consistent drought, more especially during October and November, when springs that had never been known to fail ran dry. In nine of the months the rainfall was under the averages, and of the year narrowly (and only within its last 48 hours) failed to break the minimum record for the past 30 years, namely, 31.33 inches in 1909. The total rainfall for 1919 was 31.75 inches, being 7.96 inches under the 30 years Mallow average (39.69 inches), and no less than 16.71 inches less than that of 1918. A remarkable feature of these two years of minimum rainfall was the occurrence of very early severe frosts in November, 1909, up to 18 degrees being registered here, skating being indulged in, and in November, 1919, when the Blackwater was frozen across in many places.

(Signed) J. F. WILLIAMSON.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

WAR OFFICE, 1st January, 1920.

REGULAR FORCES.—Commands and Staff.—The undermentioned appointments, dated 1st December, 1919:—Mil. Landing Officer (Cl. BB)—Maj. W. P. Haslam, R. Ir. Regt., from a F.A.Q.M.G. in Ireland, vice Lt.-Col. C. H. Gordon, D.S.O., R. Ir. Regt., who relinquishes the appointment on completion of tenure. Lt.-Col. G. Gordon, D.S.O., R. Ir. Regt., vice Bt. Lt.-Col. J. C. Faviell, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., R. Fus. Brig. Maj.—Bt. Maj. and Actg.-Lt.-Col. H. Dun, Fus.

INFANTRY.—R. Ir. Rif.—Maj. P. G. W. Maynard, D.S.O., retires on ret. pay. Leins. R.—Maj. Lankin, on the h.p. list, attached R. Innis. Fus.—Capt. G. R. Prendergast to be Adjt. vice Lt. Lord Stradbrooke, D.S.O., M.C.—Maj. William M. Power, from the h.p. list, retires on ret. pay on account of ill-health, 5th Oct., 1919.

MEDICAL SERVICE.—Royal Army Medical School.—The undermentioned appointments, dated 1st Dec., 1919:—Bt. Lt.-Col. C.M.G. Muns. Fus. vice Bt. Col. J. McDonnell, C.B., retires on h.p., 19th Dec., 1919.

SPECIAL RESERVE OF OFFICERS.—Reserve Units.—4th E. Ir Fus.—Capt. Cadr temp. Lt.-Col. F. B. Knowles relinquishes his command, and is granted the rank of Lt.-Col.

REGULAR FORCES.—Commands and Staff.—The undermentioned relinquish their appts.—General Reserve of Officers.—Gen. Staff.—Maj. R. P. Hamilton, M.C., to be temp. Capt. and Staff-Capt. to G. M. Tweedy, Leins. Special Appointments.—Occupied Enemy Territory Administration.—Lieut. Asst. Political Officer, Fr.—Lt. J. Jordan, R. Ir. Rif., and relinquishes the temp. rank of Capt.

REGULAR FORCES.—Service Battalions.—R. Ir Regt.—Temp. 2nd Lt. R. T. Hamilton, M.C., to be temp. Lieut.—Temp. Lieut. Hamilton, M.C., relinquishes his commission on completion of service, and retains the rank of Lieut.—Temp. 2nd Lt. A. Delap relinquishes his commission on completion of service, and retains the rank of 2nd Lt.

THOMPSON'S MILITARY TAILORS.
8 Westmoreland street, Dublin. (Estabd. 1846.)

MILITARY OUTFITS.
Conway and Swan, 79 Dame street.

MILITARY BOOT AND LEGGING MAKER,
L. J. Watkins, 77 Dame street.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

SATURDAY.

Barometer—29.10 at 1 p.m. Wind and Weather—S.E., fresh breeze, dull and overcast, showery.

Foreign Arrivals.—Ss. Reds, of London (4,638 tons register), Captain Evans, from Portland (Me.), with a cargo of wheat consigned to order, agents, Messrs. Weatherill and Sons, Custom House Chambers, discharging at Alexandra Basin; Dina, wooden 4-mast schooner, of Thuro (Danish) (286 tons register), Captain Jensen, from Gothenburg, Silloth to Natakow with a cargo of coals, agents, Robson and Co., Eden quay, berthed at Sir John Rogerson's quay.

Coastwise Arrivals.—Ss. Snowdon, ss. Slievemore, ss. Arvonia, from Holyhead, with goods, passengers, etc.; ss. Kilkiney, ss. Lady Tennant, for Liverpool, with goods; ss. Olive, for Heysham, with goods; ss. Cornelian, ss. Sassnire, for Llandulas, light; ss. Statesford, for Wicklow, light; ss. Jessie Summerfield, for Garston, light; ss. Clydesdale, for Penmon, light.

SUNDAY.

Barometer—29.90. Wind and Weather—Easterly wind, fresh breeze, overcast.

Foreign Arrivals.—Laura (schooner), of Marstal, Denmark (100 tons register), Captain Jensen, bound from Faroe Islands to Bilbao, with a cargo of fish, agents, Messrs. Heiton and Co., 30 Eden quay, berthed at Sir John Rogerson's quay.

Coastwise Arrivals.—Ss. Glengower, ss. Slieve Gallion, from Holyhead, with passengers and goods; ss. Blackrock, ss. Carlow, from Liverpool, with goods; ss. Thistle, from Glasgow, with goods; ss. Yarrow, from Silloth, with goods; ss. Patricia, from Cardiff, with goods; ss. Holme Force, ss. Dinorwic, ss. Blackwater, ss. Alyn, ss. Holyhead, from Garston, with coals; ss. Pine, ss. Rosemore, from Newport, with coals; ss. Dodia, from Silloth, with goods; ss. Clarelsland, from Manchester, with empty barrels; ss. Clarencastle, from Liverpool, with empty barrels.

Foreign Departure.—Ss. Carrigan Head, of Belfast (3,715 tons register), Captain Bull, for Rotterdam, light.

Coastwise Departures.—Ss. Lady Wimborne, for London, with goods; ss. Oako, for Bristol, with goods; ss. Marena, for Swansea, with barrel ore; ss. Athena, for Preston, with paper; ss. Saint Mirren, for Birkenhead, light; ss. Talaere, for Point of Aire, light; ss. Thelma, ss. Rosabelle, for Garston, light; ss. Ophir, for Barrow, light; ss. Broadale, for Maryport, light; ss. Gerlie, for Workington, light; ss. River Fisher, for Fowey, light; ss. Hartford, ss. Pharma, for Trevor, light; ss. Cheviot, for Wicklow, light.

A severe snowstorm broke over North Wales on Saturday.

UNIVERSITY INTELLIGENCE

TRINITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

LAW SCHOOL—DEGREES IN LAW.

DEGREE OF LL.B.—FINAL EXAMINATION.
The following candidates have passed:—
Unclassed—Leopard Lonsdale, Hedd McKee, Beryl Nichols.

DEGREE OF LL.B.—INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION.
The following candidates have passed:—
First Class—Thomas Chaine Jackson, Ruby Violet Finch, Second Class—Elinor Norah Burt, Charles William Grant, May Logan.
Unclassed—John Bartley, Isaac Green, Nelson Edwin Mustoe, Robert Mackay Scott, Leta Eileen Smith, Basil Jordain Ward.

MICHAELMAS TERM EXAMINATIONS.
ROMAN LAW.
The following candidates are classed:—John Ralph Halpin; Alexander Bannerman Lavelle, Ruby Violet Finch, and Philip Norbert Smith, equal; Herbert Macaulay Browne and Lane Elizabeth Johnston, equal; Nelson Edwin Mustoe, Akbar Bailey Kane, and F. H. Scanlan (King's Inns), equal; Elinor Norah Burt, Ada Kathleen Longfield, Brian Magennis, W. Duns (King's Inns), George Bonnefoodle Wheeler, and Frederick William Morrison, equal; Richard Percyvale Ward, Richard Theodore Cherry, G. D. Parker, William Francis Patton, and Joseph Greene, equal; Mary Dillon-Leetch, Richard Theodore Cherry, and Thomas Raymond Cullan, equal; Bernood Chambers.

CRIMINAL LAW.
The following candidates are classed:—John Ralph Halpin; Merle Haddis Kirke, Alexander Bannerman Lavelle, and George Bonnefoodle Wheeler, equal; David Richard Figot, T. H. Scanlan (King's Inns), and Joseph Greene, equal; Mary Logan, equal.
The following candidates have passed:—Merle Haddis Kirke, John Ralph Halpin, Mabel Mustoe Hanson (King's Inns), E. S. Robinson (King's Inns), Thomas Raymond Cullan, John Desmond Chambers.

CONSTITUTIONAL HISTORY AND LAW.
The following candidates are classed:—Brian Magennis, Elizabeth Johnston, Eileen Haddis Longfield, Frederick William Morrison, Walter Fitzwilliam Starkie, George Bonnefoodle Wheeler, Maurice Cecil Walker, William Francis Patton.
The following candidates have passed:—Merle Haddis Kirke, Thomas Raymond Cullan, John Desmond Chambers.

CRIMINAL LAW.
The following candidates are classed:—John Ralph Halpin; Merle Haddis Kirke, Alexander Bannerman Lavelle, and George Bonnefoodle Wheeler, equal; David Richard Figot, T. H. Scanlan (King's Inns), and Philip Norbert Smith, equal; Anne Elizabeth Johnston, John Coote Donaldson, William Francis Patton, Herbert Macaulay Browne, W. Duns (King's Inns), and Maurice Cecil Walker, equal; Richard Theodore Cherry and Frederick William Morrison, equal; S. H. Hastings (King's Inns); Charles William Grant, Brian Magennis, and R. Simpson (King's Inns), equal; J. Reidy (King's Inns), and Rev. Robinson (King's Inns) and H. H. Hare (King's Inns), equal.
The following candidates have passed:—Gerald Edward Guise-Brown and G. O. Parker, equal; William Adams Hunter and Patrick John Spain, equal; Adah Bailey Kane and F. V. Reynolds (King's Inns), equal; Mary Dillon-Leetch, Richard Percyvale Ward, Akbar Bailey Kane, and O'Donnchue (King's Inns), J. Harbinson (King's Inns), Daniel Joseph Gleeson, John Harold Moore and Athar Bailey Kane, equal; Richard Theodore Cherry, W. Duns (King's Inns) and Brian Magennis, equal; T. H. Scanlan (King's Inns), Frederick William Morrison, David Richard Figot, William Francis Patton; H. H. Hare (King's Inns) and John Coote Donaldson, equal; S. Robinson (King's Inns) and Merle Haddis Kirke, equal; Nelson Edwin Mustoe and Patrick John Spain, equal; Charles William Grant and E. Simpson (King's Inns), equal; Walter Fitzwilliam Starkie, Gerald Edward Guise-Brown.
The following candidates have passed:—John Harold Moore, Woods, J. Black (solicitor's apprentice), and Mohammad Azis Refaat, equal; C. D. Parker, C. J. Bowring (solicitor's apprentice); John Desmond Chambers and William Adams Hunter, equal; Mary Dillon-Leetch and J. Harbinson (King's Inns), equal; P. J. Kennedy (King's Inns) and T. P. O'Donaghue (King's Inns), equal.

COMING EVENTS.

NATIONAL LITERARY SOCIETY.—This evening the National Literary Society will hold its "Original Night" at 7 Ely place, Dublin, at 8 o'clock, for original contributions in prose and verse from members.

SION CHURCH LITERARY SOCIETY.—Professor H. H. Turner, Savilian Professor of Astronomy at Oxford University, will give a lecture entitled "A Voyage in Space," illustrated by slides and experiments, on to-morrow (Tuesday), at 8 o'clock, in the Lecture Hall, Rosby Park road, Rathgar. Mr. Serjeant Hanna, K.C., will preside. This lecture will also be given on Wednesday in the Molesworth Hall, at the same hour.

MODEL ELECTION IN RATHMINES.—The Irish Women Workers' Union and Local Government Association will hold a Proportional Representative model election and diagram demonstration in the Schools, 122 Upper Rathmines road, Dublin, to-morrow, at 6 p.m. The speakers will include—Mrs. Hillyard Mann, Mrs. Cosgrave, Mrs. A. C. H. Richardson, and Mr. George Metcalfe, J.P. Another model election will be held in the Linton Hall, Leeson Park, on January 8th.

MALICIOUS BURNING IN CO. DONEGAL.

At Buncrana Quarter Sessions, His Honour Judge Cooke awarded £250 compensation to a young married woman named Sarah Jane Diver, Tamnalinge, for the malicious burning of her dwelling-house, barn, and byre, all of which were in one range of buildings, and were set fire to while the household were sleeping. A milch cow, a heifer, and a number of hens were burned to death.

Our portrait is of Mr. P. Weightman, of 6 Trafalgar Bridge Chambers, Neale st., Camberwell, London, S.E., who writes:—

"Having suffered for a period of eight years with an Obstinate Leg, and have been advised cured by Clarke's Blood Mixture, I thought it only right to write expressing my gratitude, have read letters in papers of marvellous cures, but do not think there is any person who has had such a case as mine, nay one at one time hardly expected to live, but after taking the first bottle I saw very I treat several hospitals, but was told by the doctors there was no cure for me. In further letter received Mr. Weightman writes:—"My leg is nearly healed now, and after being crippled for 10 years I think this sufficient proof that Clarke's Blood Mixture is invincible, and deserves the praise to which it is entitled."

Sufferers from Bad Legs, Abscesses, Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Piles, Eczema, Boils, Pimples, Sores and Eruptions, Rheumatism, Gout or any kindred complaint should realise that lotions, ointments, etc., can but give temporary relief—to be sure of a cure, complete and lasting, the blood must be thoroughly cleansed of the impure waste matter, the cause of all such troubles. Clarke's Blood Mixture quickly attacks, overcomes, and expels the impurities. Pleasant to take, and free from any injurious ingredient. Ask for and see you get

Clarke's Blood Mixture

"EVERYBODY'S BLOOD PURIFIER."

Of all Chemists and Stores, 2/9 per Bottle. (14.)

Did you "NUGGET" your boots this morning?

DEE & ESS COCOA ESSENCE

D&S

THE MOST PERFECT FOOD BEVERAGE.
GIVES STRENGTH TO ENDURE
Sold by all Grocers.
Manufactured by
MAZAWATTEE TEA CO., LTD.

MASONIC FEMALE ORPHAN SCHOOL.

The monthly meeting of the Board of Governors of the Masonic Female Orphan School will be held at the Schoolhouse, Ballsbridge, to-morrow at 9 o'clock a.m. Breakfast at 8.30 o'clock a.m.

The death is announced of M. Charles Lorland, ex-President of the Paris Chamber of Commerce.

FURNITURE CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 2).

ABOUT Furniture—Highest cash offer made by Abell and Co., Auctioneers, Bachelor's Walk, for Furniture, Silver Plate, China, and Pianos.
CHINA Cabinet, Corner, Bachelor's, some old fashioned Chairs, Dog Kennel Wanted.—M 637, this office.
A CHILLARD Cottage Piedie, Sideboard, Wardrobe, some instrument, perfect order; bargain, £45.—2 Merrion-square parade, Rosebery.
DININGROOM Telescope Table, 10 feet by 4; feet; Chippendale bureau.—M 911, this office.
A GENTLEMAN Requires Secondhand Cottage Piano; state price, where seen.—M 1004, this office.
KEARNEY BROS., Music, 6d. to 2/-; list free; Gramophone Records from 3/-; catalogues free.—14 Capel st.
LAWLOR; Brinsea will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture, Pianos, Carpets, Linoleums, Bedsteads, &c.—Telephone 1, Lower Mount street, Dublin.
MAHOGANY Antique Bureau; state size, price, where seen; no Dealers.—M 796, this office.
PIANO for sale, Collard and Collard Upright; perfect order; recently Tuned; Concert Pitch; bargain.—Apply 7 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.
PIANO for sale, good Upright; perfect order; recently Tuned; Concert Pitch; bargain.—Apply 7 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.
PIANO for sale, Collard and Collard Upright; perfect order; recently Tuned; Concert Pitch; bargain.—Apply 7 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.
PIANO for sale, Collard and Collard Upright; perfect order; recently Tuned; Concert Pitch; bargain.—Apply 7 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.
PIANO for sale, Collard and Collard Upright; perfect order; recently Tuned; Concert Pitch; bargain.—Apply 7 Fitzwilliam square, Dublin.
PIANO for sale, Collard and Collard Upright

To-day's Principal Shopping News

BROWN THOMAS'

Reconstruction Sale and AUTOMATIC REDUCTIONS

TWO SALES IN ONE

The great success which attended the First Week of this great Sale is certain to be eclipsed this week. The group of Automatic Reductions, together with the wonderful Sale Bargains quoted here, will ensure an immediate clearance. Obviously, the wisest course is to send your order *at once* or, if in town, to Shop Early.

How the Automatic Reductions Scheme Works.

This attractive innovation in Dublin merchandising—pioneered by this house last year—is again being included in the buying-advantages of this Sale. Certain articles are offered in the first week of Automatic Reductions at a reduction of at least 25 p.c. in the usual prices. Those remaining will, in the second week, bear at least 50 p.c. reduction, and in the third week what still remain will be marked down by 75 p.c. below their original price.

As only a limited number of articles are being offered in the Depts. included, it is essential to make your selection early to avoid disappointment, as the selling will be rapid.

No Post or 'Phone Orders are accepted for "Automatics," nor can they be returned, exchanged, or sent on approbation.

You Save *at least* 25% on this week's Automatic Reductions

HERE THEY ARE:

MILLINERY.
Matron's Smart Bolibe Green Velvet and Satin Hats, wide velvet bow at back. Original price, 42/-. This week, 31/6.

COSTUMES.
Six only beautifully Tailor-ed Costumes in the Season's most up-to-date styles, made from fine tricotine and tweeds in mixed quality and checkedy effects. Original price each, 10 gns. This week, each, 7 gns.

JUMPER SUIT.
One only Stockinette Jumper Suit in pretty shade of jade green, trimmed with Jade. Original price, 10 gns. This week, 7½ gns.

COAT FROCKS.
One only Grey Stockinette Coat Frock, Blue circular bands. Original price, 12 gns. This week, 8½ gns.

EVENING FROCKS.
Six only Evening Frocks, in Satin and Net, slightly soiled, various colours. Original price, each, 6½ gns. This week, each, 4½ gns.

WINTER COATS.
Two only Cosy Winter Coats, well tailored, in the finest quality Grenfell Tweeds, cut on the new lines, with large Shawl Collars and patch pockets, trimmed fringe. Original price, each, 14 gns. This week, each, 9½ gns.

FUR STOLES.
Three only Natural Mink Stoles, trimmed tails. Original price, each, 6 gns. This week, each, 4½ gns.

MACKINTOSH COATS.
Mackintosh Coats in shades of Fawn, slightly shop soiled. Original price, each, 42/-. This week, each, 29/6.

FOOTWEAR.
A pair of Navy Blue Glace Kid Derby Shoes, pointed toes, straight caps, size 6. Original price, a pair, 57/6. This week, a pair, 42/-.
A pair of Grey Suede Lined Walking Shoes, neat, round toes, size 5. Original price, a pair, 47/6. This week, a pair, 35/6.

MEN'S SHIRTS.
Men's Cyclonette and Print Striped Shirts, Double Cuffs, well cut. Original price, each, 8/6. This week, each, 5/4.

SCARVES.
Mercerised Scarves, assorted plain and striped designs. Original price, each, 9/6. This week, each, 7/2.

CHILDREN'S GARMENTS.
Girls' Golden Brown Serge Tunic Frock, with belt collar and vest of white Poplinette, pleated skirt. Usual price, each, 14/6. This week, each, 10/11.
Girls' Navy Ladies' Dark Purple Velvet Frock in very stout quality, body and skirt style, collar and cuffs of ivory Georgette. Usual price, each, 4 gns. This week, each, 2 gns.
Girls' Dark Violet Serge Frock, two pockets on skirt, bodice finished with petit point embroidered violet, collar, each. Original price, each, 27/6. This week, each, 20/-.

Specially Strong Sale Bargains *not* included in the "Automatics."

WOMEN'S UNDERWEAR. **SPORTS COATS & BLOUSES.**

Letter Orders receive very careful and prompt attention.

Goods cannot be sent on approval during Sale.

We pay Carriage in British Isles.

Winter Weight Silk and Wool Combinations, beautiful soft finish, in all sizes —Short Sleeves, Low Neck, High Neck, Short Sleeves, High Neck, Long Sleeves. Usual price, 3 gns. to 39/6. **Special Sale price**, a pair, from 29/6 to 33/6.

Winter Weight Silk and Wool Vests, for ladies to fasten high at neck, for inside wear, Short Sleeves and three buttons in front. Short Sleeves and Long Sleeves. Usual price, from 21/- to 25/-. **Special Sale price**, from 18/6 to 22/6.

Winter Weight Silk and Wool Spencer, Short Sleeves and Long Sleeves, button high to neck. Usual price, each, from 14/6 to 16/6. **Special Sale price**, each, from 12/6 to 14/6.

CHILDREN'S JERSEYS.
Exceptional Value in Children's Jerseys in all sizes, suitable for Children from 2 to 12 years. Obtainable in a wide range of colours. Usual price, each, from 10/11 to 14/11. **Special Sale price**, each, 6/11.

WOMEN'S STOCKINGS.
Artificial Silk Stockings with Lisle feet and tops. Colours—Black, White, Navy, Brown, Grey, Fawn, Sky, and Pink. **Special Sale price**, a pair, 4/11.
Usual price, a pair, 3/11.

WOMEN'S UMBRELLAS.
Strong-wearing Taffeta Covers and defendable frames. Fresh and militaire styles. Usual price, each, 23/6 to 25/3. **Special Sale price**, each, 19/11.

GLOVES.
Women's Sac Pull-on Natural Chamois Gloves. Usual price, 6/11. **Special Sale price**, 5/6.
Children's Wool-lined Deer and Cape Gloves. Usual price, 12/11. **Special Sale price**, 10/6.
Women's White Wool Seamless Knit Gloves, also button White and Natural Thumbless imitation Deerskin and Housemaids' Chamois Gloves. Usual price, 3/11. **Special Sale price**, 2/9.

FOOTWEAR.
Women's Grain Brogued Shoes, suitable for country wear, in Black and Tan colours. Exceptional value. Usual price, a pair, 29/6. **Special Sale price**, 25/6.
Women's Glace Derby Walking Shoes, comfortable shape, Fancy Caps, Cuban heels, Fancy stout stitching, with medium heels. Usual price, a pair, 29/6. **Special Sale price**, 25/-.
Men's Felt Slippers. Soft Soles, in sizes 8 and 9. Usual price, a pair, 7/6. **Clearing at Special Sale price**, a pair, 3/11.
Women's Box Calf Derby Boots, Straight Caps, Medium Weight, Usual price, a pair, 37/6. **Special Sale prices**, a pair, 32/6.

Good quality All-Wood Sports Coats, all shades, in wide ribbing, to form stripe, stitch, in wide ribbing, to form stripe, with full collar, sash, and pockets, in Lemon, Pale Blue, Saxe, Navy, and Black. Usual price, a pair, 49/6. **Special Sale price**, 42/6.
Special line in good quality Crepe-Flora Shirt Blouse, well tailored, with revere collar and fastened with one button. Worth, each, 22/11. **Special Sale price**, each, 17/11.

BROWN THOMAS & CO., LTD., GRAFTON ST. & DUKE ST., DUBLIN

HOLMES' JANUARY SALE

THIS AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

Everything in our Fashion Sections,

also the accumulated Stocks of each Department, must be cleared regardless of cost.

W. Holmes DUBLIN, LTD.,

69, 70, & 71 GEORGE'S STREET.

Kellett's

There are many wonderful bargains in all our Departments during our **BIG WINTER SALE** and the Sale Prices of the few Blouses and Sports Coats here quoted will shew you the wonderful value obtainable in this Department

"Batty" is a smart Blouse of good quality silk Crepe de Chene, the collar tastefully finished with silk drop buttons as sketch. Usual price, 21/11. **Clearing at** ..... 17/6.
In Putty, Pink, Mauve, Sky, Tomato and White.

The 21/- Lot contains about 60 beautiful Afternoon Blouses in Georgette, Ninon, and Crepe de Chene, all good colours. Usual prices, 25/11 to 39/11.

The 10/- Lot is composed of Jap Shirts, Jap Shams, and Tussores, with contrasting collars, crepe chinettes, etc. Usual prices, 12/11 to 18/11.

Various odd numbers in useful morning Shirts, clearing at 2/6 and 5/-, in stripes, Paisley, etc.

About 50 pure wool Jumpers, with or without sash, all good colours. **During Sale** 25/-. Usual price, 27/11 to 35/11.

20 pure wool Golf Coats in heather mixtures, with sailor collar, etc., as sketch. **Clearing at** 29/6. Usual price, 5 gns.

Slip-on Jumpers in pure wool. Usual price, 12/11. **During Sale**, 11/9.

A few good model Coats and Jumpers reduced to Half-price.

Kellett's

GEORGE'S ST. & EXCHEQUER ST., DUBLIN

The cleaner the home the more healthy it is, so use soap freely and escape many ills, — and save doctor's bills. —

For General Household Use.

FINLAY'S NIMROD

Is an excellent Garbolic Soap.

Recommended by Dr. Andrew Wilson, F.R.S.E.

A powerful Disinfectant and Germ Killer.

No dearer than ordinary good soap.

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THE HOUSING QUESTION IN DUBLIN.

DIFFICULTY OF FINDING MONEY.

Mr. P. C. Cowan, Chief Engineering Inspector, Local Government Board, continued on Saturday the sworn inquiry into the merits of the application of the Dublin Corporation for sanction to a loan of £505,675 for the purpose of building 550 houses of three types for the working classes on a site at Marino, near Clontarf.

Mr. Clancy, K.C., and Mr. P. O'C. White (instructed by the Law Adviser) again appeared for the Corporation.

Mr. R. W. Booth and Mr. J. Vincent Brady, of the Housing Reform Committee of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. W. J. Larkin attended on behalf of the Town Tenants' Association.

Mr. Cowan said that he desired to correct a slight error in the reports of his remarks on the previous day. He made no contrast between the terms granted to England and those granted to Ireland. When Mr. Buckley was giving evidence he had been discussing with him the matter of cutting down the cost of such subsidiary works as roads and sewers, and he had said, quite truly, that if such works were unnecessarily expensive in the Irish scheme the additional amount would fall upon the local rates, as the Irish subsidy was entirely in proportion to the rent to be collected, whereas in England, for at least a period of seven years, the loss to the local authority was limited to a penny in the pound. It was therefore of great importance that in Irish schemes as little expenditure as possible should be made upon what would not produce rent. As he had said, the Irish assistance was in the form of a subsidy. That form of assistance was preferred and selected by the Irish representatives on the Committee stage of the Bill, and they appeared extremely satisfied with that form of assistance. The Chief Secretary offered to obtain for Ireland the same terms as were offered to the English and Scotch authorities, but the Irish representatives preferred the form of assistance which was now provided for Ireland.

Dealing with the increased cost of construction, Mr. Cowan pointed out that the provision of a bath would cost £9 or £10, a week extra, which would fall on somebody. Notwithstanding the provision of this cost of building, etc., it would appear that if 2s. 6d. per room per week were charged for the three, four, and five-roomed houses, and the rents 7s. 6d., 10s., and 12s. 6d. per week, and if the Corporation were able to borrow on the annuity system, they would have practically no loss on the present scheme. The system of paying other people's rents could not last long. If the Corporation was to attempt to let those houses on what might be called the housing problem in Dublin. According to the City Treasurer's estimate, this scheme might involve a loss on the rates, if the rooms were let at 2s. each per week, of something like £17,000, which he estimated at 4d. in the £, whereas if the Corporation increased the rents by 2s. 6d. per week, they were able to borrow on the annuity system, their incomings would practically meet their outgoings, and there would be practically no loss to the ratepayers. All that there was no intention of representative of the people selected or concerned in the housing conditions of the Dublin present when the financial clauses of the Irish Housing Bill were being considered in Parliament.

Mr. Cowan said that one Dublin member was present.

Mr. Larkin—I mean representative of the people.

Mr. Cowan—I don't know what you mean by that. I am not going into that sort of question.

Mr. Brady said that, as representing the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, he strongly opposed the Government's financial proposals as being insufficient.

Mr. Cowan repeated that the Irish members preferred the subsidy form of assistance.

Mr. Brady—I don't think it was absolutely preferred. I think the debate shows that the Nationalist members were very half-hearted about accepting the bonus at all.

Mr. Cowan said that the Chief Secretary gave the Irish members a choice as between the subsidy and the terms of the English Bill, and the subsidy was accepted without a division.

Mr. Brady denied that the Nationalist members were satisfied with the financial terms of the bill. There took the bill as a kind of for'em hope. The Ulster members might have been satisfied, but since then they found they were wrong. The Chief Secretary held that his scheme would not entail a penny in the £ additional rate on any town in Ireland. Mr. Macpherson insisted on that fact, and that was shown in the report of the debate.

Mr. W. T. Cosgrave, Vice-Chairman of the Housing Committee, explained his remark of the previous day, when he said that they could get practically any rent for the houses. What he meant was that owing to the speculation of speculative builders' operations the people who were able to pay economic rents in the present war period were thrown over to the Corporation through the prohibitive price of building. The trend of matters was to subsidise the undersized man. In fixing the rents of the three classes of houses the Committee doubled the 3s. rent, which was recommended by the report of the Departmental Commission. The average rent charged by the Corporation was 5s. 7d. With regard to the types of houses, his view was that the man with the minimum wage and the maximum family (say ten) should get the five-roomed house for 5s. a-week, the minimum price. He ought not to be taxed for the number of his children. The progress of building of cottages under the Corporation had been very slow owing to circumstances over which they had no control.

In answer to Mr. Larkin, Mr. Cosgrave said that he did not approve of concrete houses. The concrete houses that the Corporation had built in Bow lane had not been a success. The housing problem was most acute in Dublin. He was not in favour of wooden houses.

Answering Mr. Brady with regard to the rents proposed to be charged, Mr. Cosgrave said that he was satisfied that the people would make any sacrifice to get out of the wretched places they were forced to live in, and to get into decent, comfortable dwellings; but he did not believe that a labouring man with a large family could pay 10s. per week. He complained that financial assistance in connection with housing, and that they had not yet got it.

Mr. Cowan said that they had got assistance from the central fund.

Mr. Clancy said that all Ireland had got it—Irish money.

Mr. Cowan said that he made no distinction between Irish and English money. The fact was that Ireland had been in advance with regard to money advanced for housing, and was first to secure a grant in 1908.

Mr. Larkin said he should have liked to have heard some evidence at these inquiries from some ladies of public spirit as to the women's aspect of the question.

Miss Mosse, representing the Watch Committee, said that they approved of the scheme.

Mr. Clancy said that the scheme had been practically approved. The real question was finance. If what the Irish members wanted to do in 1923 were done there would be sufficient money for housing. What they wanted to do was to take five millions of the ten millions then deposited in the Irish Post Office, for which interest at the rate of 2½ per cent. was being paid, and to pay the Government 2½ per cent. for it. That was not done. The Government had not yet fulfilled the promise they made in April, 1917. In that month Mr. Duke, the Chief Secretary, wrote to the Lord Mayor of Dublin saying that the Chancellor of the Exchequer had made arrangements with regard to an advance to the Corporation when they were prepared to begin building. In that letter Mr. Duke stated that work should begin with as little delay as possible, and that he had been advised by Sir Henry Robinson that £10,000 in April, 1917, £10,000 in the following July, and £80,000 between October and the following March would probably cover the loans necessary for the current financial year, and the letter added—"And you may take it that these sums will be made available in due course." He (Mr. Clancy) thought that there could not be any clearer statement than that. From that day till this the efforts of the Corporation to extract the fulfilment of that distinct pledge had proved absolutely unavailing.

Mr. Cowan said that he was anxious that Mr. Clancy's arguments should not be based on wrong premises. Under the new Housing Act Dublin was not entitled, any more than any other city with a valuation of over £200,000, to get assistance. The Government asked: "Do you want to come under the old arrangement with Mr. Duke—that is, a loan of money—or would you prefer to come in under the new Act and receive a subsidy, but get the loan advanced by somebody else?" You cannot," said Mr. Cowan, "have the advantages of Government money under the old arrangement and a subsidy under the new arrangement as well."

Mr. Clancy—The Government should fulfill the promise they made.

Mr. Cowan—In regard to Fairbrothers' folds, it was a question if they could get both loan and subsidy.

Mr. Clancy—It is a question of breaking a distinct pledge.

Mr. Cowan—The Government has broken no promise.

Mr. Clancy—I impeach the *bona fides* of the Government in this whole matter. In my opinion, nothing more disgraceful than the breaking of the pledges given by them could be conceived.

Mr. Cowan—I say that there has been no breaking of contracts.

Mr. Clancy—We differ on that point. Mr. Macpherson, in the House of Commons, carried his point by bluff. He rushed the matter, and that was not the way to treat so important a question as this.

Continuing, Mr. Clancy pointed out that it had been shown by the City Treasurer that the Corporation could not get money under the present system for housing, and also that it would be impossible, without rendering the financial condition of the city worse, to make provision by the issue of bonds. It was quite clear that it was absolutely impossible to get rents from the houses to be erected while they were prepared on the present scheme there would be a deficit of a tremendous character. That deficit was an impossible thing to contemplate.

On the 26th July the Chief Secretary admitted that the Irish members had received a scheme with misgiving, and stated "there is no talk of raising rents to economic levels." The Chief Secretary had made certain promises which he must now be called upon to redeem. Mr. Macpherson promised to do his Hibernian utmost to get a low level best to get loans from the Treasury for Dublin and Belfast, if the Corporations of those cities legitimately failed to raise loans themselves. "I do not know," said Mr. Clancy, "whether he will try to get out of that promise or not. He will make an effort, but I do not think there will be much more attention paid to any effort at repudiation." The scheme of the Irish bill had broken down, said, according to the City Treasurer, if this financial system was maintained no houses would be built in Dublin under the Act. He again expressed regret at the absence of Alderman T. Kelly, Chairman of the Housing Committee, who had been taken such a keen interest in this subject, and who was kept in prison by the very man whose financial system was attacked.

Mr. Booth said he had never been able to see why Ireland should not have the advantage which was enjoyed under the English bill of limiting the liability of local authorities to a penny in the £.

The inquiry then closed.

RAINFALL IN IRELAND.

RETURNS FOR 1919.

At Midvale, Tramore, Co. Waterford. Diameter of funnel, 9 inches; height above ground, 1 ft.; height above sea level, 115 ft.

Month.	Total Depth. Inches.	Greatest fall in 24 hours. Inches.	No. of rain days.
January	3.87	1.24	23
February	3.68	.58	24
March	2.81	.69	24
April	3.10	.96	15
May	1.49	.42	12
June	1.45	.40	10
July	4.76	1.34	11
August	2.31	.85	14
September	.44	.24	4
October	1.25	.58	8
November	4.55	.94	10
December			27
Total	30.72		179

Edwin B. Jose.

At Seamount, Malahide, in the County of Dublin.

Month.	Total Depth. Inches.	No. of days with .01 or more recorded.
January	2.56	24
February	1.47	19
March	1.33	15
April	1.59	14
May	3.21	9
June	1.05	14
July	3.34	14
August	2.00	13
September	3.17	22
October	3.33	27
November	4.38	
December		209
Total	24.23	

Signed: J. G. Jackson.

At Summer Hill, Mallow, in the County of Cork. Rain gauge 8 inches Diameter of funnel, 8 in. Height above ground, 1 ft. 10 in.; above sea level, 261 ft.

Month.	Total Depth. Inches.	Greatest fall with .01 or more in 24 hours. Inches.	No. of days recorded.
January	5.04	.95	25
February	3.62	.45	23
March	3.97	.58	14
April	3.73	.58	16
May	4.82	1.75	15
June	.91	.16	12
July	.78	.16	13
August	1.99	.56	19
September	3.47	.70	30
October	.69	.33	14
November	2.35	.73	15
December	3.37	.65	10
Total	31.73		27
			204

The year 1919 completes 30 years' rainfall records in Summer Hill, Mallow. It was a year of remarkably consistent drought, more especially during October and November, when springs that had never been known to fail ran dry. In nine of the months the rainfall was under the averages, and the total rainfall was only within 4 inches of the driest year, namely (said solely) 1887, when the minimum record for the 30 years was registered here, skating being carried on on the Blackwater. The wettest year was 1903, when the total rainfall for 1919 was 31.73 inches, being 1.99 inches under the 30 years' average (33.72 inches), and no less than 15.71 inches less than that of 1918. The heaviest fall in any one day in the two years of minimum rainfall was the occurrence of very early severe frosts; in November, 1909, up to 13 degrees below zero were registered here, skating being carried on, and in November, 1919, when the thermometer fell to 18 degrees across in many places.

(Signed) J. F. Williamson.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

WAR OFFICE, 1st January, 1920.

REGULAR FORCES.—Commands and Staff.—The undermentioned signs. is made Lieut.-Col. for Emb. Officer (Cl. BB).—Maj. (Tp. Lieut.-Col.) H. Landing

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A JUMBLE SALE will (D.V.) be held in ST. ANDREW'S PARISCHIAL HALL, SUFFOLK STREET,
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Candidate Pupils (bringing Music to perform) are requested to attend as follows, viz.:—
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THURSDAY, 8th JAN., 11.30.—SINGING.
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FRIDAY, 9th JAN., 11.30.—VIOLONCELLO and CHAMBER MUSIC.
FRIDAY, 9th JAN., 4 o'clock.—ORGAN.
SATURDAY, 10th JAN., 10.30.—ORCHESTRA.
Forms of Application and Prospectuses, particulars as to EVENING and other Classes, can be obtained at the Academy.
NOTICE.—No Pupil is allowed to compete for an Academy Scholarship or for other Prizes who has not been a Pupil of the Academy for THREE Consecutive Terms.
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ELECTION NOTICES.

PEMBROKE URBAN DISTRICT ELECTION.
POLLING DAY,
15th JANUARY, 1920.
UNIONIST CANDIDATES.
EAST WARD.
CHARLES R. DUNBAR, 96 Merrion road.
JOHN GOOD, J.P., U.D.C., 59 Merrion road.
WILLIAM McMILLAN, 11 Leahy's terrace, And Dublin Shipbuilders, Ltd.
WEST WARD.
WILLIAM BECKETT, 56 Herbert Park.
Chairman Housing Committee, P.U.D.C.
JOHN W. BRITTAIN, 30 Herbert Park, And Swastika Laundry, Ltd., Ballsbridge.
GEORGE R. GOODFELLOW, J.P., 4 Morehampton road, Vice-Chairman P.U.D.C.
Sir GABRIEL STOKES, K.C., 72 Morehampton road.
CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS,
176 PEMBROKE ROAD, BALLSBRIDGE.
PEMBROKE URBAN DISTRICT ELECTION.
PEMBROKE Unionist Workers willing to assist in the Canvassing on behalf of the Unionist Candidates are urgently requested to communicate with Mr. Thomas J. Curtis, Central Committee Rooms, 176 Pembroke road (Corner of Shelbourne road), Ballsbridge.

APPEALS.

NOTICE.
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PUBLIC NOTICES.

BURGLARIES IN DUBLIN.
A MEETING
of
NORTH CITY TRADERS AND HOUSEHOLDERS
will be held in the
DOLPHIN HOTEL, EAST ESSEX STREET,
MONDAY, 5th JANUARY, 5 p.m. PROMPT,
to consider the position and taking of steps to protect their property at night and during closing hours in the existing crisis.
J. J. KEARNEY, Secretary,
North City Improvements Association.

CATTLE AND MEAT FOR THE CONTINENT.
CATTLE.—It has been arranged by the War Trade Department to permit, on licence, the export from Ireland of 2,500 cattle for France, and a like number for Belgium, during the current quarter. Licence will be granted to each consigner for a lot not exceeding 100 head of cattle, and no further licence will be given to the same consignor until the previous lot has been exported. The animals may be fat or store cattle, but not milch cows or springers, and export will be permitted either direct to a Continental port or via Great Britain. In the case of direct shipment, however, the carrying vessels must be properly fitted for the safety and welfare of the animals. Particulars as to these requirements may be obtained on application to the Department. Vessels fitted only in the manner prescribed for the live stock trade between Ireland and Great Britain would not be regarded as suitable for the longer voyages between Ireland and the Continent.
MEAT.—In connection with the present restrictions on the export of dead meat, the Department have ascertained that, subject to the provisions of the Meat (Licensing of Export) (Ireland) Order, the Ministry of Food and War Trade Department will not object to the shipment of dead meat from Ireland to the Continent provided the total quantity does not exceed 500 tons a month. The Department will, accordingly, be prepared to arrange for the issue of permits within that limit (subject to examination of the meat) to persons who now hold, or may hereafter be granted, licences under the Order.
Applications in reference to the export of cattle or of meat should be addressed to the Secretary, Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland (Veterinary Branch), 80 and 81 Upper Mount-street, Dublin. As War Trade Department's Certificates are still necessary for consignments of cattle and meat leaving the United Kingdom, Forms of Application for such Certificates may also be obtained at 80 and 81 Upper Mount street, Dublin.
Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, Dublin,
3rd January, 1920.

BLACKROCK URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.
PRICE OF COAL.
The Council of the Urban District of Blackrock, acting under the power conferred on them by the Retail Coal Prices Order, 1917, and in pursuance of the instructions of the Coal Controller under the 1st December, 1919, hereby announce that the following amended Schedule of Prices has been drawn up by them as the Maximum Prices to be charged for the sale of coal by retail for domestic and household purposes in the borough, as from the 1st day of December, 1919, until further notice:—
(a) Sale of not less than one ton, delivered in cellar:—
Best quality Coal ..... 55- per ton.
Second quality Coal ..... 54- "
Standard Coal—i.e., Wigan six feet, or "Florids" from the Lancashire district, or coal of equal quality from Lanarkshire, Ayrshire, Cumberland (as shipped from Maryport and Workington), or from North Wales (as shipped from Birkenhead, Runcorn, and Point of Ayr):—
(b) Sale of not less than one ton, delivered in cellar ..... 51- per ton.
Note—The above prices are subject to an addition of 1- per ton if not paid on or before delivery, and to an addition of 1/- per ton for every quarter of less than one ton.
(c) Sale of quantities of less than one ton from road vehicles within the town, ship, per bag of 1½ cwt. 3/6
Vendors of coal from road vehicles shall have bells affixed to the horses' collars, and no person in charge of such a vehicle shall sell, or offer for sale, coal unless there be affixed in prominent conspicuous parts of such vehicles, so as to be visible from both sides thereof, metal or other weights on which shall be clearly marked in a permanent manner, in figures not less than three inches in length, the prices determined in this advertisement. Such vendors shall not sell or deliver a quantity of coal exceeding two bags of 1¼ cwt. each to any one customer per week.
(d) Sales of 1 cwt. or less at shops:—
Per cwt. 3/2
Per 56lbs. 1/9
Per 28lbs. 1/1
Per 14lbs. ..... 7d.
Per 7lbs. ..... 4½d.
No person, being the owner, or occupier, or in charge of a shop or premises where coal is sold, or kept, or exposed for sale, or delivered in quantities not exceeding 1 cwt., shall sell, or offer for sale, such coal unless there shall be published in the said shop or premises a notice on which shall be clearly displayed, in figures at least one inch in height, and in letters at least half-an-inch in width, the prices determined in this advertisement.
By Order.
JOHN MOONEY,
Town Clerk's office, Town Hall, Blackrock, Town Clerk.
23rd December, 1919.

S.P.G.
BOOKS CLOSE FOR 1919 ON JANUARY 16, 1920.
WILL TREASURERS KINDLY NOTE THIS DATE?
THANKOFFERING FUND AND WESTERN CANADA FUND ARE URGENTLY IN NEED OF SUPPORT.

WORLD'S EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.
IRISH BRANCH, 13 D'OLIER STREET, DUBLIN.
ANNUAL WEEK OF PRAYER,
January 5th to January 9th.
MEETINGS WILL BE HELD TO-DAY IN THE MISSION BUILDINGS,
5 TOWNSEND STREET, DUBLIN,
AT 3.30 AND 8 O'CLOCK.

GREAT SOUTHERN AND WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, IRELAND.
Notice is hereby given that the Transfer Books of this Company will be closed on and after the 17th day of January, 1920, until the 18th day of February, 1920, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
ROBERT CRAWFORD, Secretary.
Kingsbridge Terminus,
2nd January, 1920.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.
In the High Court of Justice.
MAGDALENE HOME, late of St. Dolough's Park, Raheny, in the County of Dublin. Wilson, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., Chap. 54, that the above Deceased, by her Will dated 31st day of January, 1919, gave and bequeathed unto the Representative Church Body of the Church of Ireland, £500, to be applied at their discretion for the benefit or maintenance of St. Dolough's Parish Church in the County of Dublin; to the Dublin Presbytery of the Presbyterian Church of Ireland, £1,000, £500 thereof to be applied for the maintenance of the Presbyterian Service in Raheny, County of Dublin, and the remaining £500 thereof to be applied for the debt on the building of Howth Presbyterian Church, County of Dublin; to the Governors of the Hospital of St. Patrick Dun £1,000, to be applied for the debt on the building for the benefit of Mrs. Sugg's Homes and Schools £200, and for the benefit of the Mary Eleanor Memorial Home, Calabar, West Africa the sum of £500 for the purpose of the said Home, in memory of the Reverend John Hall, D.D., of Rutland square Presbyterian Church, Dublin; and Testatrix declared and directed that the receipt of the Secretary, Treasurer, or Manager of the Representative Church Body, Dublin Presbytery, and said several Institutions and Charities should be sufficient discharges to her Executors. Testatrix also bequeathed to the Governors and Guardians for the time being of the National Gallery, Ireland, Paintings and Pictures at St. Dolough's, the works of her late husband, Nathaniel Hone, and to the said Governors and Guardians for said National Gallery the Portrait of Nathaniel Hone, an ancestor of her said husband. To Mrs. Hone, of London, two good Pictures by the said Nathaniel Hone. Testatrix also bequeathed the sum of £1,500, free of duty, to William George Jameson, Esq., Desmond O'Brien, Esq., and James Wilcox, Esq., to be applied at their discretion, either towards the equipment of a special room in the said National Gallery or towards the erection of appropriate and generous powers. Testatrix also bequeathed to special room elsewhere, in connection with the said National Gallery, and also directed that all the said paintings, works, and pictures should be exclusively placed in such room, the said room to be approved of by her Executors and Trustees. The said Magdalene Home died on the 23rd day of April, 1919, and her said Will was proved by John Simmons, Rev., D.D., of St. Marnock's, Portmarnock, County Dublin; William George Jameson, Esq., of 21 Fitzroy Gardens, London, W.; Robert William Jameson, Esq., Campbell House, Dundrum, County Dublin, and the Reverend Bennett Samuel Radcliffe, of The Rectory, Kilbeggan, County Westmeath, the Executors named in said Will, and Probate thereof granted to them forth of the Principal Registry, King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Ireland, on the 3rd day of November, 1919.
Dated Dec. 31st day of December, 1919.
HONE and PALMER, Solicitors for the Executors, 9 Suffolk street, Dublin.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and all others it may concern.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
JOSEPH BLAIR, late of the Rectory, Mullinacuffe, Tinahely, in the County of Wicklow, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors of, or otherwise to have any claim or demand upon, or affecting the personal Estate of the said Joseph Blair, who died on the 17th day of June, 1919, are hereby required, on or before the 21st day of February next, to furnish in writing the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned, Solicitors for Thomas Blair, of Ballyellin, Tinahely, Merchant, Henry, and James Tate, of Royal Avenue, Chemist, both in the City of Belfast, and Emily Carrington Wheeler Dennis, wife of the Reverend William Dennis, LL.D., of the County of Wicklow, aforesaid, the Executors named in the Will of Deceased, and to whom Probate thereof was granted on the 10th day of November, 1919, forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Ireland, Probate Division, Probate.
And Notice is hereby also given that after the 21st day of February next the said Executors will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said Deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice.
Dated this 2nd day of January, 1920.
McANDREW and SON, Solicitors for said Executors, 71 High street, Belfast, and 43 Dame street, Dublin.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN
People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES."
Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning.

PIANO TUNING.
SINGLE TUNINGS
AND
YEARLY CONTRACTS.
ONLY EXPERIENCED MEN ARE EMPLOYED FOR THIS WORK.
OUR TUNERS VISIT ALL PARTS OF IRELAND.
CRAMER, WOOD & CO., LTD.
DUBLIN.
(11)

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
HOT WATER BAGS,
BED WARMERS,
RUBBER OVERSHOES
SNOW BOOTS,
RUBBER KNEE BOOTS,
ETC. ETC.
ELEPHANT HOUSE.
46 & 47 LR. SACKVILLE ST. / 34 NASSAU ST. / 65 DAWSON ST. } DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

By Special Appointment.
ENGAGEMENT RINGS,
WEDDING PRESENTS,
WATCH BRACELETS.
LARGE AND CHOICE SELECTION.
EDMOND JOHNSON, LTD.
94 GRAFTON ST., DUBLIN.

R. ATKINSON & CO.
HAVE ALWAYS A
LARGE ASSORTMENT ON VIEW OF
IRISH POPLIN,
IRISH POPLIN TIES,
AND
IRISH LACE.
31 COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—A warmer southerly current, with a falling barometer, has set in again in Iceland. It seems probable that this will spread over part of the British Isles tomorrow.
Ireland.—Wind light and variable, freshening from S.W. or, S., becoming cloudy or overcast, with low visibility, and some showers or drizzle. Visibility indifferent, misty in places, becoming milder.

HIGH WATER AT DUBLIN BAR.

To-day... Morning 10.56 Evening 11.14
To-morrow 11.36 ..... 11.56

SUNRISE AND SUNSET.

To-day... Rise ... 8.40 Set 4.21
To-morrow... ... 8.40 ... 4.22

LIGHTING-UP TIME ..... 5.21 P.M.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—"Me and My Gal," 6.45 and 8.50.
Gaiety Theatre—"Old King Cole," 7.30 p.m.
Queen's—"Jack and the Beanstalk," 6.30 and 8.45.
Empire Theatre—"Cinderella," 6.40 and 8.40 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Bohemian Picture Theatre—Continuous.
Princess Cinema, Rathmines—Continuous.
Rathmines Town Hall—Pictures.
Carlton Cinema—Continuous.
Masterpiece Picture Theatre—Continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Sackville Picture House—Continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, 3.30 to 10.15 p.m.
Kingstown Picture House—3.30 to 10.15 p.m.
Rotary Club—Dr. Fannin on Dublin Hospitals, 1.15.
World's Evangelical Alliance, 3.30 and 8 p.m.
Irish Civil Service Clerks' Union, 4 p.m.
Institution of Civil Engineers—Paper on Irish Coal and Coalfields, 8 p.m.
Princess Cinema, Rathmines—Continuous.
Rathmines Town Hall—Pictures.
Carlton Cinema—Continuous.
Masterpiece Picture Theatre—Continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Sackville Picture House—Continuous.
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Irish Civil Service Clerks' Union, 4 p.m.
Institution of Civil Engineers—Paper on Irish Coal and Coalfields, 8 p.m.
Lecture, "Ireland and the Atlantic"—Mills' Hall, 8.15 p.m.
P.R. Lecture by Mr. Aston—Ringsend Technical School, 8 p.m.
Royal Dublin Society—Lecture, 4 p.m.

The Irish Times.
MONDAY, JANUARY 5, 1920.

Reuter's Agency on Saturday issued further extracts from the evidence given before Lord Hunter's inquiry into the punishment of natives in connection with the recent disturbances in the Punjab. Many of the charges which had been made against the officers responsible for the administration of martial law have been specifically denied by the officers concerned. The outstanding feature of the evidence is the gravity of the situation that confronted the responsible officers and the promptness and efficiency with which they handled it.
Several thousand persons of extreme views have been arrested in America. Those who are foreigners are expected to be deported, while others of American birth will be tried for their anti-Government expressions. It is stated that a plot against the Government has been discovered.
Mr. Macpherson, Chief Secretary of Ireland, speaking at Inverness on Saturday, said that the Viceroy and himself had been attacked by Mr. Asquith because, as governors, they had tried amid great difficulties to govern the Ireland which Mr. Asquith had bequeathed them. There could be no question of an Irish Republic, but the Government asked the Irish people to unite and govern themselves with large, generous powers.
Mr. Churchill, addressing a Coalition demonstration at Sunderland on Saturday, said that our home affairs presented a picture full of hope, but abroad the picture was dark. In domestic affairs we were moving in the right direction. Our export trade was growing month by month, and in the home and foreign market the prospects were exceedingly promising. The revenue showed a steady expansion, and our expenditure was diminishing rapidly.
The result of the Spen Valley election was declared on Saturday, the result being a victory for the Labour candidate, Mr. Myers. The seat was previously held by a Coalition Liberal.
The Government's proposals to the railwaymen are published to-day. While Mr. J. H. Thomas described the offer as an honourable settlement, which would bring untold blessings to the great mass of railwaymen, meetings of railway workers in South Wales and other places last night unanimously rejected it as inadequate.
Speaking at Newport yesterday on the Government's proposals to the railway workers, Mr. J. Bromley said that he was in favour of a revolution to remove the capitalist system. Capitalists never lost when giving advances. The workers' only hope lay in the destruction of the capitalist machine.
Most Rev. Dr. Hallinan, Roman Catholic Bishop of Limerick, speaking in the Laurel Hill Convent Intermediate School, described the Irish Education Bill as anti-Irish and as seeking to centralise in an offshoot of Dublin Castle the education of the youth of Ireland.

Spen Valley and Ireland.

The result of the Spen Valley election is a serious defeat for the Coalition, an important victory for Labour, and a dismal disappointment for the Independent Liberals. Sir John Simon's friends were confident of success; but Mr. Myers, the Labour candidate, beat him by more than 1,700 votes. The Coalition candidate was at the bottom of the poll, although at the last general election a Coalitionist had held the seat, defeating Mr. Myers by more than 2,000 votes. The Government's supporters will get little satisfaction from Sir John Simon's defeat, since, by dividing 22,206 votes between Labour and Independent Liberalism, Spen Valley has declared itself overwhelmingly against the Coalition. This blow to the Government follows closely on a heavy fall in the Coalition poll at Bromley, and Labour captured three seats during the past year. It would be idle to pretend to ignore such omens. Labour, resolute and well organised, is making rapid headway. It has received many recruits of late from the middle-classes. No doubt, it will absorb in due course a considerable proportion of the Independent Liberals—a party without a policy, without any strong leader, and obviously without a future in the country. The time has come when we must contemplate not merely as a possibility, but as a not remote probability, the existence of a Labour Government at Westminster.
In certain conditions we should regard the prospect without alarm. Labour cannot be denied its rights when it is fit to use them, but that time is not yet. The present Labour leaders in Parliament have failed to justify themselves. The rank-and-file still is controlled by extremists who do not understand the first principles of domestic government or of foreign policy. Yet the processes of education are at work, and they will be helped by the growing accession of middle-class men and women to the Labour Party. When the Labour men have served their full apprenticeship to politics the country will run no great risk in entrusting them with the administration of national affairs. It will run a grave risk, however, if it puts Labour in charge at the next general election, for we cannot hope that all, or many, of the troubles which are the aftermath of war will have been settled before that time. We agree heartily with Mr. Churchill's plea at Sunderland, on Saturday, for the maintenance of the Coalition Government until the ship of State has sailed into smoother water. It is vitally important for the whole Empire that the best and wisest men in the Conservative and Liberal Parties, working together, shall establish firm foundations for a political epoch in which all things will be made new. The Government, however, must help itself if it expects the country to return it to power at the next general election. The verdict of Spen Valley will be a blessing in disguise if it forces Ministers to reconsider without delay the conditions and policies which are making them unpopular—the growth of national expenditure, the extravagance of public departments, the soaring cost of living, the shameless and unchecked prevalence of "profiteering." We are fairly certain that a revolt of the long-suffering, but now almost desperate, middle-classes was the chief cause of the Government's defeat at Spen Valley.
At some future time Labour may have a potent voice in Irish matters—for, of course, the new Home Rule Bill merely will add fuel to the fires of our unrest. It is an urgent necessity, therefore, that the Labour Party's education shall include a thorough "grinding" in Irish affairs—in this country's economic conditions, in the causes and effects of its discontents, and in the claims and arguments of the Unionist minority. For this reason we welcome the news that the party will send a deputation of inquiry to Ireland during the present month, which will visit Dublin and Belfast. We must assume that the deputation will come with open minds and will give an impartial hearing to the evidence of all sections of the Irish people. We shall not insult the Labour Party by supposing that its deputation will imitate the farcical and degrading performance of the recent Irish-American "Commission," will allow itself to be spoon-fed by extremist organisations, or will dignify a mixture of lies and rodomontade with the title of an official report. If it is, as we shall hope, an honest, candid, truth-seeking deputation, we shall advise Irish Unionists to give it every assistance in their power. They have an admirable case and, if it gets a fair hearing, its effect on the whole mind of British democracy must be deep and permanent. As Mr. Macpherson said at Inverness, in his forceful and spirited defence of the Irish Executive, the Labour Party will not tolerate the idea of a hostile Irish Republic within a few hours' journey from England. This is, however, the boldly declared claim of the party which now controls three-quarters of Ireland. On Saturday night three hundred men stormed and destroyed the police barrack at Carrigtwohill, in County Cork, overpowered six policemen, and stole their arms and money. That startling and successful crime was an act of open war on Britain. Will the British Labour Party endorse this act of war, or will it stand behind the Irish Executive in its firm resolve to maintain the law and to keep Ireland within the Empire? We await the answer with the fullest confidence.

Railwaymen's Wages.

In a speech delivered before a mass meeting of railwaymen, at Birmingham yesterday, Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P., outlined the terms of the Government's latest offer. He described it as "an honourable settlement," and declared that, under the circumstances, it was the best settlement that could have been made. Naturally, the main feature of the offer is concerned with wages; but it is extremely valuable from the point of view of general railway administration. Hitherto there have been nearly 700 grades of railway workers. The new offer abolishes 512 of those grades and thus simplifies the whole system very considerably. As everyone will remember, negotiations have been in progress for many months. The object of the railwaymen was to secure a standardisation of wages and to remove the anomalies caused by the fact that, out of 53 railway companies, no two paid the same rates. The Government's offer grants standardisation, and represents a remarkable concession to the men. The present cost of living is, roughly, 125 *per cent.* higher than that of pre-war days. With this fact in view the average pre-war rate of pay of 15 companies has been taken, and an addition of 100 *per cent.* has been made. This increase is a minimum, and, whatever may be the future vagaries of the cost of living, it will be maintained as a permanency. For present purposes, however, the wages of all grades have been brought to the pre-war average, and a flat increase of 38s. weekly has been added. Thus a porter whose former wage was 22s. a week will now get 60s. No reduction of any sort will be made before next September. Then the cost of living will be reviewed, and the revised wages will be increased or reduced as the cost of living may be found to have risen or fallen, in the proportion of 1s. to 5 *per cent.* Thus, if—happy thought!—the cost of living in September has fallen by 50 *per cent.*, 10s. weekly will be deducted, and the railway porter, instead of 60s., will only get 50s. In no case, however, even if the cost of living falls to its normal level, will he get less than 46s. After September the situation will be reviewed every three months. The effect of this offer, as Mr. Thomas stated, will be that thousands of workers will get an immediate increase of from 9s. to 11s. weekly; no one will suffer; and everyone will benefit. Those who will benefit most are the men who have been treated badly in the past—a matter of extreme satisfaction to Mr. Thomas. We hope that the railwaymen will be satisfied with this offer, which is generous as well as just. As a class they are very decent and reasonable men, and nobody will grudge them their good fortune. The new scale of wages should abolish all their grievances. Unless they allow themselves to be misled by the extremists, who are their worst enemies, they will accept it immediately, and devote all their energies to the perfection of our transport system, upon the efficiency of which our future prosperity so largely depends.

American Anarchists.

The latest "rounding up," preparatory to deportation, of several thousand "reds" by the State Department of the United States is the most comprehensive effort of its kind, but by no means the first. It proves that the world's greatest democracy has no intention of drawing the teeth of Bolshevism by the artless process of patting it on the back. The lesson is one which Europe may well take to heart. The United States has always been, and proposes, at all costs, to remain, a capitalist country. While Europe has continued to do homage to birth, education, professional pre-eminence, and moral worth in varying degree, in the United States money alone has commanded power and *prestige*, whether in business, politics, or society. Americans are too intelligent and too much alive to their own interests to approve of any radical attack on capitalism as an institution; but they have never ceased striving to mould its powers and temper its uses so that they may enure to the benefit of the many rather than the few. The United States has been the dumping ground for the human detritus of Europe for the last fifty years. The principal business of this human detritus in Europe was to act as a ferment, and, though Ellis Island freed it for ever from the knouts of Tsars and the hunger-lash of over-populated industrialism, it did not deprive it altogether of its fermentative character. All the Marxian Socialists, Anarchists, and other Continental wildfowl, who could hope to ride to prosperity only on the tidal wave of revolution, banded together to attack, not the Government which was unassailable, but capital. While thoughtful Americans were attacking, generally with

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ET STREET, LONDON,
SUNDAY NIGHT.

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FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

THE BOLSHEVIK PERIL.

Commenting on Mr. Churchill's speech at Sunderland on Saturday, *The Times* in a leading article to-day says:—Whatever may be thought of his general outlook on politics, he does face the facts in Eastern Europe and Central Asia. In his speech he tears off the labels and shows us the realities. He sees, as we all must, that the best defence against Bolshevism is a progressive policy towards the constitutional aspirations of Labour; a revival of the old faith in Parliamentary and representative institutions, to which Bolshevism is the antithesis; the protection of individual enterprise for the common weal from bureaucratic tyranny, and, we would add (for this is an essential condition of political health), the restoration of our national finances. But he also sees that this work may be interrupted by war, and that the Bolshevist victories are a menace not only to liberty in Russia, but to liberty and peace all over the world. The Allies, he says, may abandon Russia, but Russia will not abandon them, and he pictures the ghost of the Russian bear padding across immense fields of snow, and ranging over the immense countries that lead to the frontiers of distracted Persia, and creating agitation amongst the millions of India. He sees, too, a reorganisation of forces between Russian Bolshevism and Turkish Mahommedanism as an event full of danger to many States, and especially to Great Britain in Asia. If we could realise, continues *The Times*, what the penalties of procrastination are, we have only to compare the prospect abroad now and a year ago. It is not true that the fault is all with the United States, as some people are saying. How does the American Senate's attitude towards Allied problems in Europe differ from our own towards the loyalists in Russia? Mr. Lloyd George wears exactly the same coloured spectacles as the Republican Senators when he looks East. But there is this great difference between the two cases. Whereas America is unassailable except by the infection of ideas, we have added to our vulnerable points. To the mid-Victorian bogey in Central Asia we have added responsibility for Turkey and for Poland. It is a grave outlook, and we do not wonder if by attaching the pleasant and rosy labels of peace and non-intervention. The problems of the League of Nations, which would have been so manageable if they had been energetically tackled a year ago, are now enormously complicated. We must keep our faith in the old ideals, which remain as sound as ever, and work for their accomplishment, and it is much to be regretted that Mr. Churchill should even seem to adopt the controversial tone with regard to them. At the same time, we must recognise that, largely as the results of our failures in Russia, the dangers before us are far greater than at one time seemed likely, or than they need have been. We must, as Mr. Churchill insists, have a strong material guarantee of protection against these dangers, and, next to Ireland, which so far has been our greatest failure, our chief problem is to recognise the need for increased insurance with the financial restoration which is the condition of our political health.

SPEN VALLEY.

The Times, in a leading article, points the moral of the defeat of the Government candidate at Spen Valley. This writing on the wall, it says, requires no prophet to make its meaning plain. The electorate which returned the Coalition was one which was still stunned by the war, and had little inclination, as it had little opportunity, to face the great problems of reconstruction. It was satisfied by the specious arguments that by adding Unionists to Liberals a National Government must result. It sought such a Government, in order to cope with questions that seemed too wide for the old party administrations with which it was familiar, and, consequently, it entrusted these questions to a Coalition. Now, it has had a year for thought and for questioning. The Coalition have not yet secured the signature of the Peace Treaty, nor have they yet drawn the promised indemnity from Germany. Many of their high hopes have not proved, and there stands the record of election pledges which have never been, and are never likely to be, redeemed. People are asking, whether either a Liberal Government or a Conservative Government would do better. There is a third alternative, and in the last three by-elections it appears to have found favour beyond all former reckoning. Labour is in the ascendant, and if it recruits its forces from the educated classes, giving thereby hostages to social continuity, its further progress is assured. The future of the other parties depends on whether they can singly or in coalition, translate into terms of practical politics the half-conscious desires of a democracy which now turns restlessly towards the most positive of political programmes. The Prime Minister, continues *The Times*, stands in the centre of a see-saw, inclining his weight now to one side, now to the other. Sometimes adroitly he secures equipoise, but the country wearies of the performance. The question to which it demands an answer is not whether Mr. Lloyd George will move to the right or to the left, but whether the Coalition will go right on. Mr. Churchill appealed for unity of effort in building up the strength and prosperity of the British Empire. In doing so he made the strongest appeal that the Coalition can advance. If that appeal is to be heard, it must be coupled with the assurance that the Government do, indeed, possess a united purpose, and that the force which unites them is the force of progress.

WAR ON WET ENGLAND.

The New York Correspondent of *The Times*, telegraphing yesterday, says:—A world prohibition campaign, backed by a fund of £10,000,000, is to be the next move of the Anti-Saloon League, and it is to be set in motion almost at once. The first country to be attacked will be Great Britain, which, in the words of the Special Sub-Committee of the League is the "centre of the world's liquor traffic arch. Without prohibition in the British Isles world prohibition becomes a mere dream," reports the Committee. "With prohibition in the British Isles the world's prohibition is inevitable." Thus is the full extent of the designs of the "Passfooters" in England revealed. A "dry" world is the ultimate goal of the prohibitionists, and, as a subduing agent, Great Britain is regarded as indispensable for the subjugation of that end. The whole force of millions of pounds in money, tons of literature, and the untiring efforts of hundreds of fanatical workers will be loose in the British Isles in a very short time. There is no doubt whatever of the ability of the Anti-Saloon League to raise the money. The Protestant Churches of the United States recently pledged themselves to furnish (twice £10,000,000. The workers are ready, and the literature is ready, too. In a few weeks the League will open its world-headquarters at Washington, whence it will direct operations in practically every country in the world, from Scotland (which is regarded as the key to the British Isles) to Japan.

MR. G. B. MORGAN, M.B.E.

The King has been pleased to appoint Mr. G. B. Morgan, J.P., to be a Member of the Military Division of the Order of the British Empire, in recognition of valuable services rendered in connection with the war. Mr. Morgan joined up at the outbreak of the war as a private, when aged 52 years. He served in France and Gallipoli, and later was appointed Staff Captain on the Irish Command Staff, completing five years' war service. Mr. Morgan is lessee of the Great Northern Railway (Ireland) Hotels and Refreshment Department, and proprietor of the Royal Avenue Hotel, Belfast.

THE LATE SIR WILLIAM OSLER, BART., M.D.

At a meeting of the President and Fellows of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland, held on Friday, the following resolution was moved in solemn silence, all present standing:—Resolved—That the President and Fellows of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland have heard with deep sorrow of the death of their beloved colleague, Sir William Osler. Throughout the whole civilised world Sir William had by his work won respect and admiration, while the charm of his personality had made him beloved by a host of friends. The people of Ireland are specially indebted to him for the generous way in which he placed his splendid rifle at their disposal in the furtherance of any matters affecting the public health. By his colleagues in this College, of which he was an Honorary Fellow since 1905, he was particularly beloved and honoured, and now is deeply mourned. The President and Fellows desire to convey to Lady Osler their sincere sympathy, and to assure her that in the fullest sense they share in her great loss."

RAILWAYMEN'S NEW TERMS.

THE GOVERNMENT'S PROPOSALS.

FAR-REACHING CHANGES INDICATED.

MR. THOMAS'S APPROVAL OF THE SETTLEMENT.

Late on Saturday afternoon the Government issued the official proposals decided upon after protracted negotiations between the officials of the National Union of Railwaymen and the Ministry of Labour in regard to the standardisation of wages of railway workers.

The Ministry of Transport state that during the course of the discussions between the Government and the Railway Unions the difficulty of fixing in an abnormal period standard rates of pay which would be neither too low during the present abnormal time nor too high when a more normal period is reached became increasingly apparent. Ultimately to get over this difficulty the Government have offered to standardise wages for the adult male staff other than drivers, firemen, and cleaners (for whom provision has already been made) employed in the conciliation grades on the controlled railways in Great Britain on the following lines. The present abnormal standard rates and permanent standard rates are determined respectively as follows:—

The average pre-war weekly rate of pay of the men in a grade or group of grades is to be ascertained, and a sum of 38s. is to be added thereto. This combined sum will form the present abnormal standard rate for the men in the grade or group, and is to be subject to a sliding scale whereby there is to be a reduction or increase of 1s. per week for every fall or rise of a full five points in the cost of living, as shown in the figures published by the Ministry of Labour, the present figure being 125 per cent. above the pre-war cost.

NO CHANGE BEFORE SEPTEMBER.

No reduction of the average rate, plus 38s., can take place until after September 30, 1920. Any adjustments to be made in the rates of pay are to be considered at quarterly meetings of the Central Wages Board. The permanent standard rates of wages for the various grades are contained in offers dated November 5, and show, generally speaking, an increase of at least 100 per cent. on the average pre-war rates of the respective grades.

The rates for any grade will not fall below these permanent standards, however much the cost of living may come down, so that if, and when, these rates are reached as a result of the adjustments referred to above they will come into force as the permanent rates.

There have in the past been a large number of grades in the railway service, the names and duties of these grades varying with the different companies, so that two men doing similar work for two different railway companies might be classified in different grades and receive different rates of pay, although working in the same town and under similar conditions. The new proposals will ensure that men doing the same work will receive the same pay on all controlled railway companies, provided that similar conditions apply. The rates proposed vary in the case of some grades as between London, other large towns, and rural districts, and in the case of guards the pay increases with length of service, the maximum being reached after eight years' service as a guard.

CENTRAL WAGES BOARD.

In addition, machinery has been set up to deal on a national basis with any further questions of pay or conditions of service which may arise. This machinery comprises a Central Wages Board, consisting of ten members—five representing the railway administration and five the unions—with power on either side to bring in a sixth member. If any question cannot be settled by the Central Wages Board it is to be referred to a National Wages Board, which is to consist of twelve members—four representing the railway companies, four the unions, and four the users of the railways—with an independent chairman appointed by the Government.

Local machinery is also to be set up to deal with local questions. The unions have agreed that if any question cannot be settled by the Central Wages Board no strike shall take place until one month after it has been referred to the National Wages Board.

The men are also represented by four of their leaders on the Railway Advisory Committee, which is being set up to advise the Minister of Transport on questions referred to them by him.

THE NATIONAL UNION'S STATEMENT.

A summary of the offer as prepared by the National Union of Railwaymen states that the average rate over fifteen of the largest railway companies has been taken for each grade, or group of grades, and the sum of 38s. added to make the new rate, which will remain in existence until September, 1920. For instance, the average of porters (Grade 3) is taken as 22s. per week, and 38s. is then added, making the proposed rate 60s. per week.

A sliding scale is to be instituted after September, 1920. Taking the present cost of living at 125 per cent above normal, a rise or fall of a full five points will carry an increase or decrease, as the case may be, of 1s. in the new rate of pay, the position to be considered every three months after September, 1920.

With regard to the normal rates of pay, the average pre-war rate of the various grades on the 15 largest railway companies has been taken, and a minimum of 100 per cent. added. Of course, if the cost of living goes up five points 1s. per week will be added.

ELIMINATION OF GRADES.

A large number of grades have been eliminated. For instance, "Porters' Class" absorbs 60 of the present grades, such as cloak-room porters, indicator attendants, rug porters, etc. "Guards'" absorbs 39 of the present grades, such as branch guards, brakesmen, spare guards, etc. "Goods Porters" absorbs 28 of the present grades, such as dock porters, scotchers, invoice affixers, market porters.

A general summary of the grades eliminated shows that in the Traffic Department (platform staff, guards, and shunters) there are at present 351 grades. Under the proposals there will be 50. In the Goods and Cartage departments there are at present 59 grades. Under the proposals there will be 50. In the Permanent Way department there are at present 27 grades. Under the proposals there will be three. In the Signal and Telegraph department there are at present 75 grades. Under the proposals there will be 11. So far as the present offers in the above cases are concerned there are to be only 83 grades instead of 512. In the case of the Locomotive, Shed, Staff, and Carriage and Waggon departments there are to be three and five groups of grades respectively with a rate for each group.

With regard to signalmen, the nature of their working is being fully considered, with a view to securing the best method of standardisation. We are now waiting for some practical illustrations as to how the basis submitted to us will work, and certain boxes are being tested. Meantime, it is proposed to add 38s. to the maximum rate of wage of the post held by each signalman. The rates arrived at by this process are to be considered similar to the "proposed" rates in the enclosures.

Negotiations on supervisory grades are proceeding. It would obviously be unfair to fix the rates of supervisors until the other grades have been dealt with definitely, otherwise such anomalies as exist at present may unwittingly be perpetuated.

With regard to the clerical staff, negotiations are proceeding, and it is hoped proposals on classification will be received by the N.U.R. in the course of a few days.

With regard to other grades not specifically mentioned in the enclosures, negotiations are continuing, and we should soon be in a position to report.

RAILWAYMEN REJECT THE PROPOSALS.

A mass meeting of about 2,500 South Wales railwaymen, at Cardiff yesterday evening, unanimously resolved to instruct the delegates to reject the wages terms on the ground that they did not meet the just demand. They also emphatically refused to recognise the sliding scale principle, and failing the granting of the full demands they asked the N.U.R. Executive to submit the question to the Triple Alliance.

The Government proposals were also rejected at a meeting of railwaymen held at Bow, East London, yesterday.

A resolution totally rejecting the Government's offer was passed at a meeting of the Northampton railwaymen last night.

A mass meeting of the Newcastle and Gateshead railwaymen last night unanimously rejected the proposed terms of railway settlement as entirely inadequate.

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DARING OUTRAGES IN CO. CORK.

FOUR POLICE STATIONS ATTACKED.

CARRIGTWOHILL BARRACKS BLOWN UP AND "CAPTURED."

FIERCE FUSILADE: SPIRITED DEFENCE BY GALLANT GARRISON.

THREE HUNDRED RAIDERS TAKE PART.

During Friday and Saturday nights four police barracks in the County Cork were attacked by armed men, who fired on the policemen through the windows. In one case a policeman was slightly injured.

In the neighbouring county of Kerry a police constable while walking from his lodgings to the police station in the village of Ballylongford was shot and dangerously wounded.

The attack on the little police station of Carrigtwohill, in the County Cork, was one of the most daring outrages that have occurred in Ireland for a long time. Between two and three hundred men arrived in the village at night, and, having cut the telegraph wires, proceeded to carry the station by storm. It was defended by a sergeant and five men, who gallantly replied to the fire of the attackers until their ammunition was exhausted.

The attack, which began at ten o'clock, lasted until two o'clock in the morning, when the attackers blew out the gable of the barrack with gelignite, and, rushing through the breach, overpowered the little garrison, handcuffed them, stole all the guns in the place as well as a considerable sum of money belonging to the policemen, and marched off cheering.

The attacks on the three other stations of Inchigeela, South Kilmurray, and Carrignavar appear to have been beaten off. While one of them was in progress a medical doctor was held up for several hours on the roadside.

THRILLING STORY OF AUDACIOUS ATTACK

Our Cork Correspondent telegraphed as follows last night:—

Of many sensational raids which have taken place in Ireland during the past few years none has exceeded in daring and recklessness the attack upon the police barracks at Carrigtwohill, County Cork, on Saturday night.

Shortly after 10 o'clock the barracks were attacked by a party, estimated to number from 200 to 300 men, armed with revolvers, rifles, and hand grenades, and after a battle which lasted for over four hours the police surrendered to superior numbers only when their ammunition had been exhausted.

The raiding party secured an entrance to the barracks by blowing up the gable, where the day-room is situated, and made prisoners of the sergeant and five constables, who put up a most gallant fight. During the time that it lasted they displayed a valour and heroism worthy of the best records of the Royal Irish Constabulary.

Carrigtwohill, a thriving village of 500 or 600 inhabitants, is situate about nine miles from Cork and four miles from Midleton, and the police barracks there are in charge of Sergeant Scott and five constables, named Stack, Hogan, O'Shea, O'Sullivan, and Clancy. The village presented its normal appearance on Saturday night, and there were no indications of any kind up to 10 o'clock that the desperate acts which subsequently followed were about to be enacted.

ARRIVAL OF THE RAIDERS.

In pursuance of their ordinary duties as peace officers, Sergeant Scott, accompanied by Constables Hogan and O'Sullivan, went on patrol through the village. They left the barracks at 8 o'clock, and at the outskirts of the village passed several cyclists, riding four or five abreast. It was remarked that some of the cyclists carried lamps, and Sergeant Scott called upon the riders to stop. They refused to do so, and went on towards the village. The police tried to stop the next cyclist that came along, but he also refused to halt. The sergeant set in pursuit of him, and, finding the pace too fast, and fearing capture by the police, the man threw off his overcoat and made his escape without the bicycle.

The police captured another bicycle, and were returning to Carrigtwohill about 10 o'clock when they noticed that something unusual was happening. On arriving at the barracks the sergeant rang up the Midleton police on the telephone and informed them that there was something wrong, and to look for developments. He also tried to communicate with Queenstown, but found that the telephonic communication had been cut off. This would be about 10 o'clock, and the police at once realised, having regard to the large number of cyclists that passed through the village and the cutting of the telephone wires, that some attack was afoot, but they never anticipated that they would have to face the ordeal to which they were subsequently subjected.

THE ATTACK OPENS.

The police got under arms about 10.15 when they found themselves isolated, and made preparations of a defensive character. Their arrangements had scarcely been completed when a rifle shot rang out, and it was evident that the barracks was being attacked. The police, with perfect coolness and discipline, took up positions allotted to them by their sergeant, and replied to the rifle fire, which came from the rear of the building.

The first shot appears to have been fired through the window of the bedroom, where Mrs. Scott, wife of Sergeant Scott, was sleeping at the time, and she immediately got out of bed. She got out of the room and into a sitting-room in the front of the barracks facing the street, and remained there while the siege lasted. One can imagine the pitiable position of this woman in the terrible circumstances. Happily she escaped unscathed, and the police all bear testimony to the manner in which she behaved during a period of great trial and danger. Fortunately she was able to leave her room at an early stage of the attack, as bullets seemed to have been rained on the building. In Mrs. Scott's room alone there are eight bullet marks in the ceiling and several in the wall near the bed. The firing must have been of a fierce character and the police must have had narrow escapes, as all the rooms in the upper floor of the barracks, excepting the sitting-room, were targets for the attacking party. The raiders were evidently in strong bodies at the rear of the barracks, and, judging by the bullet marks on the ceiling of the walls, a number of them must have been located in a haybarn which forms one side of the barrack square.

DETERMINED NATURE OF THE ATTACK.

That the raiders meant to hem in the police and force them to surrender seems to be beyond doubt, as shortly before eleven o'clock about a score of them entered the house of Mrs. Catherine Murphy on the street opposite the besieged building, and took complete possession of it. Mrs. Murphy and her two nieces were in the house at the time, and were ordered to clear out, and were told that everything would be all right. They left by the back door, and immediately afterwards firing started from the front windows, the object being, apparently, to prevent the police from leaving by the door opening on the main street.

DEFENDERS' AMMUNITION EXHAUSTED.

The battle raged until about 2 o'clock, when the policemen's ammunition ran out, and, their last bullet having been fired, they were faced with a terrible situation. Their last hope lay in dispersing the attackers by the use of some half a dozen bombs which were still left in the barracks. The bombs were fired, and there was a brisk reply of rifle fire, and some bombs were also used by the raiders, which, on exploding, made a terrific noise. After the throwing of the bombs, silence reigned for some minutes, and then a terrible explosion was heard. The raiders had entered the cellar of Mrs. O'Grady, which adjoins the barracks next the dayroom. Two horses and a pony were in the building, and these were turned loose. A hole was made in the gable behind the fireplace in the barracks and charged with gelignite. When the explosion occurred a large breach was made, affording easy access to the attacking party. Constables O'Sullivan and, O'Shea were in the dayroom at the time, and they were both knocked down by the force of the explosion, which virtually wrecked the room.

THE BARRACKS SEIZED.

In a few minutes, and before the constables had time to recover from the shock, armed men entered through the breach in the gable, and, with rifles and revolvers, shouted, "Surrender or we will burn the barracks." As if to show that they meant to put the threat into execution one of them rushed to the staircase and threw paraffin oil on it. He was about to set the place on fire when one of the party, apparently the ringleader, entered, and said that they did not want to burn Mrs. Scott, meaning the wife of Sergeant Scott. At this time Mrs. Scott was upstairs, lying on the floor in order to escape the murderous rifle fire from outside, and she was ordered off to a neighbour's house, where she was kindly treated by the owner, Mr. O'Grady.

THE SURRENDER.

When the raiders entered the dayroom through the wrecked wall, Constables O'Sullivan and O'Shea were overpowered, and an imperious demand was addressed to Sergeant Scott and Constables Stack, Hogan, and Clancy, who were on the upper floor, to come down and surrender. The sergeant made no reply. He had fired his last shot, and, seeing that further resistance was absolutely hopeless, he shouted to the men in the opposite room. "We are surrounded." From below a shout went up three or four times, "Surrender." Having surrendered, the sergeant and his comrades were ordered to the dayroom, which was now quite crowded with men armed with revolvers. The leader of the raiding party ordered the policemen to "hands up," and turn towards the wall." This command was obeyed, and then another of the party said, "Two men take charge of each policeman." The order was complied with, and then the raiders proceeded to search the barracks.

They took away with them six rifles and also £60, the property of Constable O'Sullivan, £55 belonging to Constable O'Shea, as well as six bicycles. In addition the raiders took away a gold watch, the property of Mrs. Scott, which was in her husband's trunk, but left untouched a pocket book containing £80 in notes. In committing the robbery the raiders appear to have disregarded the orders of their captain, as when the sergeant and the five constables were placed with their faces to the wall, he said, "Take everything, but money; take no money." Having thoroughly searched the barracks, the raiders came upon the handcuffs and they handcuffed the police.

A PARTING THREAT.

Before they left the captain of the band said to the captive policemen, "You will be making a blow about this in the morning, and giving an account to your authorities, but I am telling you this, if you leave your barracks before daylight you will be shot."

Soon after a motor car started from outside the barracks to the accompaniment of cheers for the "Irish Republic." Some shots were fired by the raiders in celebration of the occasion, and the police heard the military tramp of men through the village. This would be about three o'clock in the morning. About an hour later Constable Scott discovered a key on the floor, with which he unlocked the handcuffs and liberated his comrades.

TWO OTHER BARRACKS ATTACKED.

MEDICAL DOCTOR HELD UP.

Our Macroom Correspondent telegraphs:—The Constabulary Barracks at Inchigeela and Kilmurray were raided on Saturday night by parties of armed men. Details are lacking, but in connection with the attack on Inchigeela Barracks it is stated that a policeman was shot. His wounds, however, are not of a very serious nature.

It would appear that the Inchigeela affair took place between 9.30 p.m. and 1 a.m., because Dr. Gould, medical officer of Inchigeela dispensary district, was held up some distance outside the village by ten or twelve armed men with revolvers and shot guns. His motor car had been on the side of the road, as it could not be driven further on account of his patient. On his return he found the lights down and a barricade erected across the road. Shortly after he was confronted by about a dozen men and informed that he could not proceed on his journey home. In the interview the doctor states that he heard intermittent rifle firing and bomb explosions. At the outset he resented this interference with his liberty, and declined the party to do their worst, believing their object to be robbery, but this theory was dissipated by the sound of distant firing. Some time after one o'clock escaped unharmed, and was permitted to proceed to Inchigeela.

Just outside the village another barricade of large stones confronted him, and he had to make a way through for the car. Quietness then reigned in the village, the attack having ended, but it appears that one of the police men was wounded during the raid.

At Kilmurray, the firing was returned by six or seven policemen, and the attacking party retreated. No constable was injured.

CARRIGNAVAR BARRACKS ATTACKED.

POLICE SERGEANT'S NARROW ESCAPE.

A Press Association telegram states that Carrignavar Barracks were fired at on Friday night, and a sergeant narrowly escaped a bullet which entered at the top of the steel shuttered window.

OUTRAGE IN KERRY.

POLICEMAN BADLY WOUNDED.

While he was passing from his lodgings on Saturday to the police barrack at Ballylongford, Co. Kerry, a constable attached to that station was fired at and dangerously wounded.

LIMERICK POST OFFICE RAID.

MILITARY GUARD FOR OLD AGE PENSIONS.

The old age pension money, close on £1,600, which was carried off by the armed raiding party that entered the Limerick Post Office on Friday morning, had not been traced up to Saturday evening, nor had any arrests been made up to that time, although active inquiries are being continued by the Constabulary. Money to pay the pensions was, however, forthcoming, and was conveyed on Saturday to the various branch offices in the districts served from Limerick. The money was sent on military lorries in charge of an armed guard, furnished by the military and the Constabulary.

RAILWAY STATION ROBBED.

CANDLES AND SOAP CARRIED OFF.

On Saturday night, or early on Sunday morning, a body of men raided the railway station at Passage West, Co. Cork, and carried away some merchandise, chiefly candles and soap. The exact amount of the loss is not known. The police are investigating the matter, but so far no arrests have been made. It is not thought that the incident has any political significance, but it shows the lawless spirit which is abroad.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM BRUEN, M.C.

The Order of the British Empire (Military Division) has been conferred on Captain William Bruen, M.C., Connaught Rangers. Mr. Bruen, who is Clerk of the Dundrum Petty Sessions, has been acting for some time as Embarkation Officer at the Port of Dublin.

IRISH GOVERNMENT.

MR. MACPHERSON'S FIRM SPEECH.

REPLY TO MR. ASQUITH.

Speaking at a political meeting in Inverness on Saturday, Mr. Ian Macpherson, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, said that he went to Ireland to do his duty, and, given health and strength, nothing would make him swerve from the performance of the task. (Applause.) He had done his best to maintain law and order, and he had introduced as much remedial legislation in the year that he had been in Ireland as any Chief Secretary had introduced during the whole term of his office. Mr. Asquith described the Prime Minister and some of his colleagues as "so-called Liberals," and had even said that when he read what he (Mr. Macpherson) had to say about Ireland he rubbed his eyes, and felt that he was back again in the reactionary days of Lord Spencer. If Ireland had not got Home Rule and if a rebellion was allowed to break out in Ireland in the Empire's greatest hour of need, who was to blame? Was the blame him? (No.) Why were the Viceroy and himself attacked by Mr. Asquith? Because they were the governors, and they attempted to govern, amid the great difficulties of this year, the Ireland which Mr. Asquith had bequeathed to them.

His Excellency and himself regarded Ireland as an outpost of the Empire, and, until they were asked by the people of this country to surrender it to the Irish Republic, they would maintain law and order in that country. (Applause.) What would their critics have them do? Even the Labour members said that they would not tolerate an independent Irish Republic openly and avowedly hostile to us and unequivocally faithful to our enemies. They were accused of coercion. No man in Ireland near fear coercion if he obeyed the law. Coercion, as a matter of fact, was all on the other side. The new attempt to solve the age-long difficulty was put forward by the Prime Minister in all good faith as a genuine attempt. The Government asked the Irish people to unite and to take the first opportunity to govern themselves with large and generous powers. The Imperial Government would not hesitate to use its powers if the Irish people failed in their duty. The new member was carried shoulder high through the streets to the Free Trade Hall, followed by a cheering crowd.

In an interview at the Trades Hall Mr. Meyers said that the electors had voted in favour of the nationalisation of mines, the democratisation of the educational system, and a capital levy—the principal planks of this campaign. He felt sure that there was a real sentiment in favour of the nationalisation of mines. He had urged a capital levy without qualification, he said, while the other candidates simply deplored the debt.

Addressing an enthusiastic crowd outside the Trades Hall, Mr. Myers said that the outcome of his victory would be that in future three-cornered contests would be fewer and farther between. The rival parties would merge their differences, and there would be the vested interests of the country on the one side, and great democracy on the other.

SIR JOHN SIMON'S VIEWS.

There were also enthusiastic scenes at the Liberal and Conservative Clubs.

Sir John Simon declared at the Liberal Club that they had done a great piece of work in the Spen Valley to revive and encourage Liberal enthusiasm, and the effects would be felt far outside. The Coalition candidate, in his final appeal, had said that he was the only candidate who supported Mr. Lloyd George.

A very simple calculation will enable Mr. Lloyd George to find out exactly what percentage of the electorate are prepared to give the Coalition support, added Sir John.

Colonel Fairfax said that Coalitionists did not claim a monopoly of knowledge or patriotism, and they were quite content to abide by the will of the people. The welfare of Spen Valley would be safe in the hands of Mr. Myers.

Mr. A. Henderson has sent the following telegram to Mr. Myers:—"Hearty congratulations on magnificent victory. Democracy stands knocking at door, and intends to put its own house in order. It is confident only in itself."

MR. HENDERSON AND THE RESULT.

Mr. A. Henderson, interviewed on Saturday, said:—"Taken in conjunction with St. Albans and Bromley, the result of the election is particularly significant from the Labour Party's standpoint. It proves that in a constituency of a widely varying character we are now recognised as an independent political force, combining the professional and wage-earning classes on a sound democratic basis for a political purpose.

"It also shows that the people are beginning to understand Labour's programme and policy as stated in 'Labour and the New Social Order,' where we have expressed our determination not to tolerate a system of society which implies the subordination and subservience of those constituting the overwhelming majority in the nation."

Mr. Myers, the new member, was born of humble parents at Mirfield. In his early days he worked as a glass-blower, but has for some years been manager of the Health Insurance Department of the Dewsbury Pioneer Co-operative Society.

RECRUITING FOR THE ROYAL IRISH CONSTABULARY.

The London *Daily Express* stated in its issue of Saturday last that a campaign was about to be opened in London to secure suitable recruits for the Royal Irish Constabulary; that large offices had been taken in London; and that pictorial posters, indicating the attractive conditions of service in the mounted and dismounted units of the Royal Irish Constabulary, would be displayed during the week-end.

On inquiry yesterday, an *Irish Times* representative was informed that, while recruits for the Constabulary are being sought in England, there is no foundation for the statement that an office in furtherance of recruiting has been opened in London, or that pictorial posters were to be displayed.

SPECIAL EXTRA.

KAISER TO TSAR.

MANŒUVRES AGAINST ENGLAND.

The Press Association quotes the following extracts from to-day's instalment of the Kaiser's letters to the Tsar, published in the *Morning Post*. In a long communication marked "private and very confidential," on May 30, 1896, the Kaiser wrote:—"In the beginning of April the attacks on my country and person till then showered on us by the British Press and people, suddenly fell off. This rather astonished us at home, and we were at a loss for an explanation. In a private inquiry I found that the Queen herself, through a friend of hers, had sent word to the British papers that she wished this unseemly and false game to cease. Such an untoward step naturally led us to the conclusion that something was in the air. About Easter a celebrated politician suddenly went for by Ambassador, and offered him a treaty of alliance with England. After Easter the request was urgently renewed, but by my commands coolly and dilatorily answered in a colourless manner. I thought that the affair had ended. Now, however, the request has been renewed for the third time, in such an unmistakable manner, putting a certain short time to my definite answer, and accompanied by such enormous offers, showing a wide and great future opening for my country that I think it my duty to Germany to reflect before I answer. Now, as my old and trusted friend, I beg you to tell me what you can offer me, and will do, if I refuse. May God help you to find the right solution and decision."

Three months later the Kaiser wrote:—"Since I communicated to you this June, England has still now and then re-opened negotiations with us, but has never quite uncovered its hand. They are trying hard, as far as I can make out, to find a Continental army to fight for their interests, but I fancy they won't easily find one—at least not mine. Their newest move is the wish to gain France over from you, and they, in consequence, sent the Duke of Connaught to the French Army manœuvres—a nice little plan of Courcelles, I think, who is ardently at work between Paris and London. I already once warned your people of him."

Writing from Stamboul during his stay there in October, 1896, the German Emperor discussed events in Crete, and attributed the troubles there to the "intrigues of a certain meddlesome Power." "Those scoundrels of Cretans," and "those poor darling Cretans, who may one and all roast in hell," are phrases which occurred in this communication, and the Tsar was reminded that the Mahommedans were "a tremendous card in our game in case you and I were suddenly confronted by war with a certain meddlesome Power." The Kaiser impressed upon the Russian Emperor that he had a splendid opportunity to step in in Crete, and save the Sultan from disgrace, the world from a bloody war, and to gain the gratitude of all Mahommedans. "Otherwise revolution may come, and the Sultan's blood may one day be at your door."

SPEN VALLEY ELECTION.

A COALITION DEFEAT.

The Spen Valley election was won by Mr. Tom Myers, the Labour candidate, the result of the poll—which took place on December 20—being declared on Saturday. The figures were:—

Mr. T. Myers (Lab.)	11,902
Sir J. Simon (Lib.)	10,244
Col. Bryan Fairfax (Co. Lib.)	8,134
Labour majority over Liberal	1,718
Labour majority over Coalition	3,828

The vacancy was caused by the death of Sir T. Whittaker, who was returned at the last general election with a majority of 2,156, the figures being:—

Sir T. Whittaker (Co. Lib.)	10,664
Mr. T. Myers (Lab.)	8,508

The total poll in 1918 was 19,172. In the by-election it increased to 30,340, a proportion of 77 per cent. of the electorate voting. The turnover is not large. 11,168 more of the electorate have gone to the poll.

No contest since the general election has created so much excitement as this in the Spen Valley. The public were chiefly interested in the fate of Sir J. Simon, who was chosen by the Local Liberal Association. Colonel Fairfax being the nominee of the Coalition Liberal Headquarters in London. Mr. Asquith gave his support to Sir John Simon, and Mr. Lloyd George his to the Coalition Liberal.

The Town Hall at Cleckheaton, where the count took place, was filled with people eager to watch the proceedings.

The declaration was received with cheers, and after the candidates had proposed the usual votes of thanks to the returning officer, Labour men and women sang the "Red Flag."

After the declaration of the poll thousands of people thronged the vicinity of the Cleckheaton Town Hall, and all three candidates had boisterous receptions from their supporters. The Labour party adherents were wildly excited by the success of their candidate.

Mr. Myers, the new member, said that the leaders of the Labour party in the division considered the result a shattering blow to Liberalism, and he, himself, regarded it as a victory which was prophetic of still greater progress by the Labour cause.

The new member was carried shoulder high through the streets to the Free Trade Hall, followed by a cheering

MR. CHURCHILL'S TWO PICTURES.

FALLING EXPENDITURE AND GROWING REVENUE.

PROMISING TRADE PROSPECTS.

A PLEA FOR THE COALITION.

On Saturday afternoon Mr. Churchill, Secretary of State for War, addressed a great meeting in the Victoria Hall, Sunderland, called for the furtherance of the Coalition campaign.

The Marquis of Londonderry took the chair, and while he was introducing the Minister a man in the gallery shouted that, while he did not wish to interrupt the proceedings, he intended to ask questions. Several members of the audience sitting in his vicinity angrily requested him to sit down, and he complied. A telegram sent to a local newspaper was handed to Mr. Churchill announcing the result of the Spen Valley election.

MR. CHURCHILL.

Mr. Churchill, who in the earlier portion of his speech was subjected to some interruptions, said that he had come to Sunderland to present two different pictures of the general situation. The one was a very satisfactory picture, on the whole, but the other was a picture of almost unrelieved anxiety. The bright picture was concerned with our home affairs, and the dark picture must deal with the melancholy and tragic situation in which such enormous portions of Europe and Asia were plunged at the present time. A fortnight ago the Prime Minister said in the House of Commons that this great country was getting into her stride again. That statement was both timely and true. The enormous strength of Britain was once again being displayed. Our industries had been turned over from a war to a peace basis, our export trade was growing month by month, both in value and in volume. He was informed that orders were flowing in from almost all the great industries in this country, not only for the home market, which would provide great and continuing demands for many months, but also from every foreign market. The prospects of every trade were exceedingly promising, and must have been further improved by the good news that they had read in the newspapers to-day, that the moulders' strike was in a fair way to settlement. (Cheers.)

THE HIGH ROAD TO RECOVERY.

Our expenditure was diminishing, and diminishing rapidly. Take, for example, two very expensive departments for which he had to be responsible at the present time—the Army and Air Forces. The expenditure of those departments next year would be less by nearly four hundred millions than they had cost in the present year. (Cheers.) Meanwhile, the Revenue showed a steady expansion, opening out month by month. According to the latest returns, there was already a realised excess over last year of one hundred and eighty millions, and the prospects were that that figure would be increased in the remaining quarter of the year. There was no reason whatever why the serious financial problems which lay before us should not be properly solved if they were studied with coolness and with attention, and faced with courage. In fact, we were on the high road to recovery, from the injuries and retardation of the war, and to consolidate for the lasting benefit of the whole British nation the great position won by the prowess of our soldiers in the field. (Cheers.)

NATIONAL UNITY.

But there was (as Lord Longdonderry had indicated) one condition indispensable to our continued recovery, and that was, we must all pull together during the difficult period of reconstruction. But national unity did not mean national unanimity. They could not expect to conciliate everybody. It was no use whittling away our own strong position in the line of satisfying, for instance, those thin-blooded "defeatists" who at every period in the war, whenever they saw the slightest chance, obstructed the measures necessary for victory. (Cheers.) Those gentry held cosmopolitan ideas, and they considered one race as good as another, unless it was their own. (Loud laughter.) "We can do without them." (continued Mr. Churchill), "we got through the war without their aid, and we will get through this period of reconstruction in spite of their naggings and carpings." It was no use, he went on, trying to conciliate those Bolsheviki fanatics, who were the avowed enemies of the civilised world, and who, if they had their way, would destroy the democratic Parliament on which the liberties of free peoples depend. They sought to overthrow Parliament by direct action or other violent means. (Voices, "Good old Smillie," "Damn Smillie," and laughter.) He had not been mentioning any names. (Renewed laughter.)

MINORITY RULE.

Alluding to Russia's agony, he pointed to the testimony of Colonel John Ward, as summed up in coin being and blasting phrase, "Go back to the firing line." For his own part, he (Mr. Churchill) had absolute trust in the doctrine of the will of the people. What he had got to guard against was minority rule, which took no regard of the will or wishes of the nation, and was not influenced by public opinion—the rule of men who, in their insane vanity and conceit, believed that they were entitled to give a Government to a people which a people loathed and detested, and in regard to which they were never consulted. The fact was that the attempt to carry into practice those wild theories could only be attended with universal confusion, corruption, disorder and civil war. That had happened in Russia and in every other country where the attempt had been made, and would happen; and out of the bloodshed and turmoil of the struggle there emerges not the ideal visionary Communistic Republic of my interrupting friend, but something quite different. Those who emerged were ferocious military leaders and artful political wire-pullers. He did not think that this could possibly happen in our country, because we were not going to allow it.

MR. ASQUITH'S DESIRE.

Mr. Asquith was longingly hankering for a return to what he called our well-tried party system. He (Mr. Churchill) did not think that the moment was well chosen for a return to our well-tried party system. Mr. Asquith wanted to see the Liberal and Conservative, who had come together during the war, and were now working together to solve party difficulties, not national difficulties, divided up into two opposite camps, and start belabouring each other in good old pre-war style. Was such a state of things desirable? The break-up of the forces which sustained the present National Government would only result in putting the Labour Party into power at a period in their development when they are quite unfit for the responsibility of government. (Cheers.) Through their incompetence they would come hopelessly to grief at our expense. But if it were desirable, was it possible? He (Mr. Churchill) said that it was utterly impossible at the present time. There would be neither reality nor sincerity in such a procedure.

THE STATE OF EUROPE.

Referring to the state of Europe, Mr. Churchill said that the populations of four great empires, aggregating between them three or four hundred million human beings, were in a desperate condition. No one could tell what would emerge from the immense, horrible catastrophe of Russia, except that it would probably be something very menacing to civilisation and very dangerous to the peace of Europe and Asia. We might abandon Russia, but Russia would not abandon us. After dealing with the Russian mass, and the danger of a combination between Bolshevism and Turkish militarism, he said that it was with such facts in our mind that we must look to the situation in Germany. The present German Government had during the last year made a fairly honest effort to comply with the Allies' demands, to bow to the consequences of defeat, and to make reparation. He admitted the possibility of a combination between the Kaiser militarists and the Bolsheviks to destroy the German Republic. The German Government must be assisted to put the country on its legs. This country must trade with Germany; France was doing so.

OBITUARY.

COLONEL RICHARD CAVENDISH BOYLE.

A Reuter's Mentone telegram of Sunday says—Colonel Richard Cavendish Boyle, a retired officer of the British Army, and a kinsman of the Earl of Cork, died here yesterday at the age of 68.

HORSE AILMENTS
And How to Cure them.
Eminent Veterinary Surgeons strongly recommend "Condy's Fluid" as a speedy remedy for Sore Shoulders and Backs, Grease, Thrush, Injuries, &c. Also for Dogs and all Animals.
Of all Chemists and Stores.
Full Directions on Bottle. Insist on "Condy's Fluid."
CONDY'S FLUID CO., Gosvell Rd., London

RAILWAYMEN'S NEW TERMS.

(CONTINUED FROM COLUMN 2 PAGE 5.)

MR. THOMAS AND THE PROPOSALS.

Speaking to a great meeting of railwaymen at the Town Hall, Birmingham, yesterday, Mr. J. H. Thomas described the railwaymen's wages proposals as an honourable settlement which would bring immense advantages to railwaymen throughout the country. His speech was received with great enthusiasm and apparent satisfaction. Commenting, first, upon the complex character of the negotiations, Mr. Thomas pointed out that there were nearly seven hundred grades of railwaymen, and fifty-three different railway companies, no two of which paid the same rate for the same job. Among the real causes of discontent were the anomalies created by one company paying a different rate to another, and they entered upon the negotiations with the determined object of obtaining standardisation throughout the country. They had succeeded in entirely wiping out five hundred and twelve grades in the railway service. The effect of that would be that all future negotiations would be greatly simplified, because every man would know the short category of his grade. The cost of living to-day was approximately 125 per cent. above the pre-war standard. It was an absolute and complete fallacy to measure their position only by the wages that they received. The purchasing power of money was all that mattered, and, therefore, when they were called upon to fix a standard rate that would be equitable for all time, they were compelled to have regard to the abnormal position of the moment. They had kept in mind also that primary consideration must be given to the bottom dog, who must receive not only an equivalent, but a higher proportionate amount.

THE SLIDING SCALE BASIS.

In reaching the present proposals, said Mr. Thomas, they first ascertained what was the average wage of every grade, or group of grades. The Government ultimately made a definite offer. (Laughter.) That offer first brought every man below the average up to the average, and then added a minimum of one hundred per cent. That formed the post-war basis rate for each grade, and that meant that, no matter what the cost of living might be, even if that ultimately went down to the pre-war figure, so far as the wages of all the grades in the service were concerned, they were at least one hundred per cent. above the average of the pre-war figure. (Cheers.) That was the new basis rate, and entirely regardless of any question of the cost of living. "To meet the abnormal position created by the cost of living," Mr. Thomas continued, we have again taken the average rate of each grade, or group of grades, and have added to that 38s., which will operate in this way—no matter what the cost of living may be there will be no reduction whatever until next September. If, on the other hand, between now and next September the cost of living goes up, for every five points increase 1s. will be added to the 38s. which are now put on. That is, shortly, the sliding scale basis.

They had been found to be absolutely impossible to deal with certain grades in the general scheme, Mr. Thomas explained. There was only one way of dealing with the signalmen, for instance, and that was to add 5s. to the existing 35s., so that they would have the benefit of the doubt and get 38s. The same method was adopted with regard to the supervisors. Upon the point of retrospective payment, Mr. Thomas said that there were about eight or ten thousand men entitled to the retrospective payment, and it was estimated that they would absorb about £50,000. But they had got the Government to agree that the settlement should operate from January 1st this year, and that every man covered by the settlement should get £1, in addition to every penny of retrospective pay. They were thus getting over £300,000 spread over a large number of men, instead of £50,000 pounds spread over a small number. There was an absolute engagement that all grades not included in the new conciliation grades would be dealt with in precisely the same way.

EFFECT OF THE PROPOSALS.

The effect of the proposals was that there were thousands of men who would get 5s. to 11s. a week immediate advance, while no one suffered and everyone benefited. The men who benefited most were the low-paid men. There were some districts where the average was so low that some men would get 6s. to raise them to the average, and 5s. above that, and he thought that they should be recommended for that alone. He contrasted their efforts upon the men who had been so badly treated in the past, and I want to emphasize, said Mr. Thomas, that this settlement is absolutely independent of the proposed new machinery. There are people who say that, because we have only four on this Committee, we have no real share in control. It was only a few years ago that we were pleading for official recognition, so that we could have an opportunity of presenting our case. Every wage question which affects any man is considered by an equal number of general managers and members of your Executive, and, with the local managers, and case introduce any question upon railway administration in general. It is not the last word or all that we have set out to obtain; but you will be making a profound mistake if you allow anyone to influence you to reject this opportunity of establishing the best machinery to carry you on to obtain justice and fair play. We can to obtain justice and fair play. We can for railwaymen. In the new settlement there were many anomalies, which could be rectified by negotiation. There were people who said that it should be all left to the rank and file, but he had never hesitated to tell the men if he thought that they were wrong. I believe it is my duty upon this great momentous issue, Mr. Thomas concluded, to tell you that it is, in my view, having regard to all the difficulties, the best settlement that we could have got. It is an honourable settlement, an immense advance, and, having fought right through the battle, I believe it is a settlement which you should accept, and which will bring unfold blessings to the great mass of the railwaymen of the country. (Cheers.)

In answering a question as to what had happened to the Triple Alliance, Mr. Thomas said that it was not for the Triple Alliance to govern the country, but for the workers to return a Government of their own way of thinking. The best way to reduce the cost of living was to clear out the present Government.

MR. BROMLEY AND SOCIALISM.

THE DESTRUCTION OF CAPITALISM.

Speaking at Newport on Sunday afternoon, Mr. J. Bromley, General Secretary A.S.L.E. and F., and Liberal candidate for Attercliffe Division, Sheffield, said that they had accomplished something of which they might be distinctly proud, but what they had to watch was that they were not continuously threatening with their strength unless they had a just cause. On the other hand, they must not go to sleep because if they did another people would immediately see where they could pinch a farthing here and a penny there. He warned railwaymen to beware lest Lloyd George swung towards the Labour Party. He might do that. He had kicked the stool of Liberalism from under him, the Tory Party did not like him—and any port in a storm. We do not want him. (Applause.) He believed whole-heartedly in direct action when necessary. Industrial and political action must not be divided; unless they had strength they would never get justice. They received an increase in wages, but had to remember that whatever they, as workers, received, the capitalists never lost, and so long as the system of capitalism remained they had to fight.

OUT TO DESTROY CAPITALISM.

Evidence of capitalists' methods was already forthcoming in their sphere. The London tubes' fares were to be advanced by 50 per cent. On the great railways freight rates were to be raised under the capitalist system. Capitalist blood money had to be paid first; they would not lose one farthing profit, interest, or dividend. It all had to come out of the struggle of the common people. Political action, backed by organisation and necessary industrial strength, was the only way to alter it. I am not one to preach a bloody revolution, he continued, but only for one reason, because, unfortunately, the people of this country are not ripe for taking the law into their own hands. It would mean a rising of the people being quelled as in Ireland, because they would not be united. I am for a revolution that will remove capitalism at all costs. I believe that there is going to be a chance for labour politically. If ever we get power politically to begin to make a way, the other people will show you whether they believe in direct action or not. Everything points, he said later, to the capitalistic Empire passing away. We want an Empire of happiness, peace, luxury—not the luxury of present, when an increase in wages is followed continuously by greatly increased prices. Do not be afraid of the word "Socialism." There is no eventual hope for us but the destruction of the capitalist machine, and we should all work for a Socialist Commonwealth Empire. (Applause.)

MOTOR WORKERS' STRIKE.

PROTESTS AGAINST PERMIT ORDER.

The situation in connection with the strike which was organised as a protest against the Motor Permit Order had not modified on Saturday, and it would appear that an extension of the trouble is intended. The premises of the Anglo-American Oil Company and of the Shell Marketing Company, both distributing centres for the supply of petrol, were closed on Friday and Saturday, and pickets were outside Messrs. Arthur Guinness, Sons and Co.'s premises.

A meeting of members of the Irish Automobile Drivers' and Mechanics' Union was held in the Trades Hall, Capel street, Dublin, yesterday, subsequent to a procession of strikers through the city. Mr. W. J. Crosbie presided at the meeting.

Mr. Slattery, organiser, said that if they got moral and financial support from the trades union bodies they could keep the fight going for the next twelve months, if necessary.

Mr. P. J. McGuinness, Clerical Workers' Union, said that when the time came the members of that union would act in conjunction with the other bodies in assisting to bring the struggle to an end.

Mr. M. J. O'Connor, General Secretary of the Irish Automobile Drivers' and Mechanics' Union, said that the position throughout Ireland was good, and that the members of the union were standing firm.

Mr. Thomas Johnson, of the Irish Labour Party, criticised the Motor Permit Order, and said that the object of the Government was to divide the workers. The prospects were that the members of the union might come out of the struggle in a better position than when they entered it. They could trust the railwaymen to do what was right.

Mr. J. J. Redmond, Secretary, Amalgamated Society of Engineers, denied that the fight was political, and said that the society which he represented had decided that, under no conditions, would its members repair motors in Dublin or elsewhere until the Order was withdrawn.

Mr. Cathal O'Shannon, National Executive, Irish Labour Party, said that the fight was a fight of labour in Ireland. They did not want to see turmoil in Ireland, but if it were necessary to stop the transporation of goods in order to win the fight, then that should be done.

The meeting was addressed also by Mr. Eugene Lacy, Mr. Dermot Logue, and other speakers in support of the strike.

MENACING SITUATION IN MARYBOROUGH

Locked-out motor drivers in Maryborough continue to picket the streets. Two brothers named John and William Biggs, driving through the Main street on a motor cycle and side-car on Saturday, were held up by a picket. A struggle ensued, and three policemen came on the scene and separated the combatants. The motorists then resumed their journey. A man named McEvoy, who it was alleged was struck by a baton, was taken to the Queen's County Infirmary and detained.

Immediately after this incident police patrols, accompanied by soldiers with rifles and fixed bayonets, and wearing "shrapnel" helmets, were placed in the town, and an armoured car patrolled the streets at intervals until nightfall, when the drivers' pickets were withdrawn.

Earlier in the day the petrol depôt of the Shell Marketing Company was closed down, representatives of the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union having informed the local manager that the men would not be allowed to handle petrol.

OBSOLETE CARRIAGES IN CARLOW.

On Friday morning several motors were held up in County Carlow by the drivers' pickets. During the last week the streets of Carlow have been reminiscent of the nineteenth century, the supposed obsolete horse carriages of the county gentry being much in evidence.

WORKHOUSE MASTER'S CAR DISMANTLED

Two police constables arrived in Youghal from Cork on Saturday evening and proceeded to the workhouse, where they examined a motor car owned by the master, Mr. Thomas Fitzgerald.

CLONMEL MOTOR DRIVERS PAID OFF.

Dozens of lorries and cars are lying idle in Clonmel, and great inconvenience and loss is caused to traders and merchants. One of the largest local motor firms, Messrs. T. J. Dunne and Co., paid off their men last week.

STRIKE OF CHEMISTS' ASSISTANTS.

There was no change on Saturday in the conditions affecting the strike of chemists' assistants, and picketing was carried on as usual. The strike has now entered upon its sixth week.

Mr. Kidney, Secretary to the Federation of Irish Chemists' (Employers') Associations, states that so far as the Federation is concerned every possible effort has been made to promote an equitable settlement. The question of hours and wages could be dealt with in a manner satisfactory to both sides, but assistants, he alleges, have exercised violence in carrying on the strike, and managers and employers who remain loyal have been assaulted in most cowardly way at night when returning home. Misleading literature had been issued, and every effort had been made to prevent the supply of medicines to the sick. The employers, however, were determined to keep up the supply of medicine.

DUBLIN FIRE BRIGADE.

A meeting of the Waterworks Committee of the Dublin Corporation was held on Saturday—Mr. P. Tully presiding—to consider a report which recommended that the terms of service of the men employed in the Dublin Fire Brigade should be altered so that each man should have a period of duty of two days, and the third day free, and that each person should be entitled to an annual holiday of three weeks, with full pay. It was decided to submit the recommendation to a special meeting of the Corporation to be held on Friday next for adoption, the object being to confirm the agreement upon which the men resumed work last Thursday.

BAKERS WITHDRAW STRIKE NOTICE.

The offer of the Dublin Master Bakers' Association of 7s. 6d. a week increase to bread-van drivers and a minimum of £5 a week was accepted by the employés at a meeting which was held in Thomas street yesterday. The strike notices, which were to have taken effect to-day, are consequently withdrawn.

CALEDON MILLS LABOUR DISPUTE.

EVIDENCE IN EJECTMENT PROCEEDINGS.

There was a crowded court at Caledon Petty Sessions on Saturday, when three summonses, at the suit of the Caledon Woollen Mills Company, against three tenants for possession of houses were heard. The cases were heard at the previous court in December, when the magistrates were equally divided. Mr. W. Gore Moriarty, R.M., presided, and there were ten other magistrates present.

The first case taken was against a widow named Mrs. Margaret Downey for possession of a house at Mill street, Caledon.

Mr. Skeffington said that since the last court day two new magistrates had been appointed. He understood that both went specially to Armagh on Thursday to qualify so as to adjudicate. That showed a certain amount of bias in their minds, and, had the Lord Chancellor, Sir James Campbell, a gentleman for whom they had great respect, and who was a very broad-minded and impartial——

The Chairman—These gentlemen were appointed to the Commission of the Peace, and came to me at Armagh in the ordinary way to the sworn in, and I consider your remarks are uncalled for.

William Morrow proved service of the notice to quit on Mrs. Downey. To Mr. Skeffington—Mrs. Downey was seventy years of age, and he had known her for about twenty years.

Mrs. Downey, in answer to Mr. Skeffington, stated that up to the time of the strike her two daughters, a son, and a son-in-law worked in the Caledon Mill, and after the strike were refused reinstatement on religious grounds.

After further evidence Mr. Skeffington submitted that the notice to quit was unreasonable, having regard to the fact that it was known to the persons at whose instigation it was served that there was no available housing accommodation in Caledon. No alternative accommodation had been proved to exist.

Mr. Anderson, solicitor, said the plaintiffs required the houses for their workers, and were not bound to provide houses for Mrs. Downey or anybody else in the village of Caledon.

The magistrates by a majority gave a decree for possession.

Mr. Skeffington applied for a case stated, and the Chairman said that he could serve his application within the specified time.

The Eclair (Paris) announces the discovery in the neighbourhood of the Villa Gambais, Landry's country retreat, of a skull and some bones of legs.

R.I.C. CADETSHIPS.

At the special qualifying examination for above, held in July last, SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin, obtained 9 Successes. At the previous 21 examinations 50 of the 76 Cadetships offered were also obtained by Students of Skerry's Dublin College.—[Advt.]

THE AUSTRIAN PEACE EFFORT.

PRINCE SIXTE'S MISSION.

FRANCE AND ENGLAND LOYAL TO ITALY.

M. RIBOT AND MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S CORRESPONDENCE.

Reuter states that, regarding the disclosures published by the Paris *Opinion*, on the peace efforts of Prince Sixte of Bourbon, the *Temps* says:—The disclosures of the Prince proved that France was almost absolutely faithful to all the engagements into which she had entered with the Italian Government. Regarding the exchange of letters between Mr. Lloyd George and M. Ribot, the *Temps* says:—Whoever reads them will find that both France and England always remained faithful to their Allies. Although they were always ready to conclude a just peace with Austria-Hungary, M. Ribot and Mr. Lloyd George were agreed that a conference, at which King George and M. Poincaré, accompanied by the chiefs of their Governments, might meet King Victor Emanuel, should be arranged. The Italian Government was not in favour of this proposal. M. Ribot, interviewed to-day on the question, after some preliminary observations, reminded the interviewer that the Chamber had voted a resolution to the effect that peace was never possible at any moment.

M. Ribot's letter to Mr. Lloyd George of May 17, 1917, was as follows:—

"DEAR MR. LLOYD GEORGE,—Prince ——— will arrive in London to-morrow. He will communicate to you an autograph letter, which you will read with interest. We told the Prince that he could do nothing without Italy. I still believe that the move referred to in the letter could not have been authorised by the King of Italy. It seems to us to be necessary to make a very clear notion of the position. The simplest way would be to have a conversation with the King himself, and for that purpose to invite him to come to France, and visit both the French and English Armies, and the King of England and the President of the Republic, without awaking suspicion. You could accompany M. Poincaré. We could then see if it would be possible to open negotiations with any hope of a successful issue. You will realise that an agreement will be very difficult. We could certainly not sacrifice Serbia or Rumania, who entered the war at our request. We must, under any circumstances, act with the greatest prudence, and I think at present that the confidences which have been made to us, and to which it is our duty to listen, should remain with those persons alone to whom they have so far been communicated."

This pass move to which M. Ribot refers, and in which he refuses to believe, is the offer which was indignantly denied by the Italian Government.

Mr. Lloyd George replied on May 23, 1917, that after receiving the Prince he introduced him to the King. The King having approved Mr. Lloyd George's proposal, Mr. Lloyd George asked M. Ribot to take the necessary steps to invite King George and the King of Italy to pay an early visit to the French front, and suggested that an invitation to the King of Italy should be made under the pretext that M. Poincaré wished to hear his views on the Russian situation, as he (Mr. Lloyd George) believed that unless some special reason was given King Victor might delay some weeks, by which time the reason d'être of the conference might have disappeared. It is now known that the Italian Government did not consent to such a conference.

GENERAL CADORNA'S DENIAL.

The newspapers at Rome, says a Reuter's telegram, publish an interview with General Cadorna on the subject of the documents which have been published in connection with the Peace mission of Prince Sixte of Bourbon. General Cadorna denied explicitly the statement that he sent an emissary in 1917 to Switzerland to propose peace to the Austrian Minister there, in return for the surrender of a part of the Trentino to Italy. General Cadorna added that the Government had never entrusted him with negotiations of a political character, and he would never take the initiative in a matter of this kind without being authorised and instructed by his Government.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

NOMINATIONS TO-DAY.

Candidates for seats in the various municipalities and urban districts throughout Ireland will be nominated to-day, and polling will take place on the 15th inst. The votes will be counted on the 16th and 17th of this month, and the results will be declared on the latter date. In Dublin, as already stated, it is estimated that about twenty candidates will contest each electoral area, making a total of 400 candidates for eighty vacancies.

CORK SINN FEIN-LABOUR FUSION.

Everything points to an unprecedented number of candidates for the 56 vacancies on the Cork Town Council. The Sinn Fein party and the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union have combined on the basis of the latter getting fourteen nominations, while the former take the remaining 42, and this will be the only case in which the full ticket will be run, their nominations including the two members for Cork, Messrs. J. J. Walsh and L. de Roiste, and the member for Mid-Cork, Mr. Terence MacSwiney, and other prominent Sinn Feiners. The Constitutional Nationalist party have a clear majority in the outgoing Council, and most of them are seeking re-election. An important feature of the elections is the appearance of commercial or Ratepayers' Association candidates. The Cork District Trades and Labour Council, in order to frustrate the attempt of the Sinn Fein-Transport coalition to sweep the board, are only running about thirteen candidates, and there will also be a number of independent candidates, including ladies.

NATIONALIST COALITION IN LONDONDERRY.

At a joint conference of Londonderry Nationalists, Sinn Feiners, and Labour representatives, a number of candidates were chosen to represent the Nationalist Coalition group at the forthcoming municipal elections. Unless independents come into the field, or the Nationalist or Unionist parties nominate at the last moment more candidates than they have arranged for, there will be only the same number of candidates nominated in the West and Waterside Wards as there are vacancies, so that, while polling will take place in those wards to decide who will be aldermen, all the candidates nominated will be returned. There will be contests, however, in the North and South-East Wards, but as the situation stands at present there can be only three defeated candidates out of the forty-three to be nominated. The Nationalists are bidding for twenty-two seats and the Unionists for twenty-one. To gain a majority of two in the Council, therefore, all the Unionist candidates will have to be successful, and, if all the Nationalist candidates are successful, the Nationalists would have a majority of four in the Council. The contests promise to be the keenest ever fought in the city, and it is just possible that as the result of the polling the parties will be equal.

NATIONALIST RESENTMENT IN ENNISKILLEN.

The Unionists of Enniskillen have selected 14 candidates to fight the forthcoming municipal elections, of whom two will be women candidates. The Labour Party have put forward two men for the North (Nationalist) Ward and one Protestant candidate for each of the two other (Unionist) wards. The Sinn Fein Party also have one candidate for each of the three wards. The official Nationalist Party held two meetings, but failed to get one candidate to go forward. They feel resentment at the Labour and Sinn Fein Parties' usurping their place, and the split will thus perhaps increase the Unionist representation. Some independent candidates are spoken of.

SELECTION OF CANDIDATES IN GOREY.

In connection with the contest for the nine seats on the Gorey Town Board there are eleven candidates already in the field—five for the Trade and Labour, four Sinn Fein, these two bodies contesting it on the one "ticket," and two independent labourers. The Employers' Federation is not putting anyone forward.

BULLET-PROOF WAISTCOATS.

During the war Messrs. Wilkinson's Sword Company, Limited, the well-known house of civilian tailors and equipment makers, of 53 Pall Mall, London, S.W. 1, provided many thousands of British officers with their famous bullet-proof waistcoats. Testimonials received gave ample evidence that these "body-guards" were real life preservers.

The waistcoat weighs only five pounds, and is so constructed that the protecting steel within silk lining does not restrict the freedom of the body. Send us the following particulars, and we guarantee you a perfectly fitting garment—Waist and chest measurements, sloping or square shoulders, hollow or round back.

Five guineas well spent would be the means of preventing a fatality.—(Advt.)

Fashionable Intelligence

The Duke and Duchess of Rutland spent Christmas and the New Year at Belvoir Castle, and had the Marquis of Granby, Lady Diana Duff Cooper, and Lady Elcho staying with them.

The Earl of Donoughmore and the Earl of Midleton are leaving London to-day for Dublin, in order to attend the Anti-Partition League's meeting on Thursday.

The Earl of Bandon arrives in Dublin to-day from Castle Bernard, Bandon, where he and Lady Bandon have been spending Christmas.

The Earl of Enniskillen has returned to Florence Court, Co. Fermanagh, from Dublin, where he was one of the house party at the Viceregal Lodge for New Year's Day.

The Earl of Kilmorey has returned to Mourne Park, Kilkeel, from London. It is expected that an early date will be fixed for his marriage with Lady Norah Hastings.

The Countess of Rosslyn has left London for Paris.

The Hon. Mrs. Ruttledge has returned to her Galway residence from London.

The Right Hon. Frank Brooke and Mrs. Brooke have returned to Ardeen, Shillelagh, from Dublin.

Major and Mrs. O'Malley Keyes, who left Dublin last spring for a tour round the world, are now visiting Java and Sumatra on their way to India. They are expected to return to Ireland in the late spring.

The marriage of Captain Richard J. Aherne, M.C., Royal Air Force, Medical Service, son of Mr. John Aherne, J.P., Lohercanne, Cork, and Miss Genevieve Marie Swarbrick (Vera) Bolan, daughter of Mrs. Bolan, 20 Spottiswoods road, Edinburgh, will take place at St. Columba's Church, Upper Gray street, Edinburgh, on Wednesday, January 21st.

The engagement is announced of Lieutenant J. C. Colvill, Royal Navy, eldest son of Mr. R. F. S. Colvill and Mrs. Colvill, Coolock House, Co. Dublin, and Margaret Beryl, eldest daughter of the Hon. W. E. J. Dundas and Mrs. Dundas, 69 Westbourne terrace, Hyde Park.

The marriage of Mr. James I. Kelly and Miss Peggy Carton will take place on Wednesday, January 14th, at the Church of Our Lady, Foxrock, at 11 o'clock.

Dr. Horace Law has returned to 46 Merrion square.

Carlow Hunt Ball will be held in the Club House, Carlow, on Tuesday, January 15th. Tickets, 30s., to be had from L. H. Poe, Germaines, Rathvilly, Co. Carlow.

Switzer's Sale commences this day.—Switzer and Co., Ltd., Grafton street.

At Holmes' Sale—Soft French Felt "Moor Glen" Sports Hats, light weight and folding, in Beaver, Lovat, Fallow, Nickel, Nattier, Lemon, 10s. 9d.; unprecedented value.—69, 70, 71 George's street.

Shelbuild Hotel, Monkstown. Proprietors, Royal Hibernian Hotel. Winter terms on application.

Mathieson, 16 Dawson street—Special Reductions in all goods for one week, from Monday, January 5th. Blouses exceptionally cheap.

Arrivals at Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamer.—Commander C. C. Bayly, R.N., Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence, Colonel T. W. E. Burton, Major Wight, Captain Miller, Rev. Kevin R. Brady, Earl of Kilmorey, Doctor Mathews, Captain G. W. Wynne, Captain and Honourable Lloyd, Hon. Mrs. Rutledge, Captain and Mrs. Freeman, Captain and Mrs. H. Smith, Captain and Mrs. Robinson, Doctor P. Murnane, Captain Galsworthy, Lieutenant Hanna, Captain Cole, Mr. and Mrs. Bromley, Mrs. Bitney, Captain Mackrey, Major Hosspath, Lieut. G. Brook, Captain and Mrs. Peter Galsworthy, Doctor J. Cockburn, Major Darby Dowman, Captain and Mrs. Craig, Captain and Mrs. F. C. Mauleverer, Captain Craig, C. Purcell, Gibbin, Thos. London, Mr. and Mrs. Gibbon, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Purcell, Mr. and Mrs. Charley, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cooper, Master Harry Walsh, John H. Walsh, Arthur M. Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. Mc. and Mrs. C. A. Pedlow, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Stitch, Alex Cuthbert, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Silvey, W. A. Gilmour, Mr. Mrs. Harvey and child, Alexander Wright, R. J. Wright, Mr. Mrs. Rudolph, Mr. and Mrs. Bowe, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Jones, R. Alexander Wright, Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Wright, Mr. and Mrs. Kirk, Mr. and Miss Aikon, Miss Clarkson, Mrs. Helen Connolly, Bisher Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Miss Silvia Sheridan, Miss Morrice, Miss E. S. Pim, Miss Gertrude Pim, Mr. R. M. Gribbon and party.

Departures from Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamer.—Hon. Mrs. Ruttledge, Lieut.-Colonel Bernard Lloyd, Lieut. and Mrs. Baldwin, Sir John Fitzgerald, Lieut. Fitzgerald and M. Poincaré, accompanied by Count Williamez, Lieut. A. C. S. Maunsell, Captain Clarke, R.A.M.C., Major G. F. Crawford, Mrs. Hutcheson, Colonel Doig, Major Ross, Lieut. R. H. J. Aldrick, Doctor J. E. Cochrane, Mrs. Nicholl, Miss Nicholl, Colonel J. E. Cochrane, Captain W. F. Fetherstonehaugh, Captain and Mrs. Blood, Lieut.-Colonel R. Cudlipp, Captain and Mrs. Pelham Burn, Mrs. Trench, Doctor Dunsther Bennett, Colonel A. B. Darley, Mr. and Mrs. Gaisford, Mr. and Mrs. Cameron, Colonel Rogers, F.J. Ritchie, J. C. Dawson, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Jr. Hamilton, Arthur H. Fitzherbert, R. L. Fanshawe, Mr. and Mrs. P. Owen, T. B. H. Moffett, Mr. and Mrs. Gardiner, Mr. and Mrs. Dumphy, Mr. and Mrs. Gibson, J. B. Hill, Gerald Darling, R. Crawford, Mr. and Mrs. Mc. and Mrs. Shannon, Mr. and Mrs. Gamble, Mr. and Mrs. Latham, Mr. and Mrs. Gardiner, Mr. and Mrs. Dillon, C. H. Lentaigne, R. F. E. Coles, Arthur Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Vanzie, Jr. Maurice Healy, Mr. and Mrs. Miss C. Alexander, Miss Hewston, Mrs. Williams, Miss Crooks, Miss E. D. Cole Baker, Miss Edna Johnstone, Miss Bunbury, Mrs. Kathleen Stephens, Miss MacLeod, Miss V. Greer, Mrs. Cornelius Stephens, Miss Sanders, Miss Devenish Meares, Miss Hughes, Miss M. Daly, Mrs. Green, Miss M. Gregory, Miss Rountree, Miss McGrath, Miss Foster, Mrs. E. Morrow, Mrs. Gerard, Miss Gerard, Miss Jane Mason, 27 Dawson street.

Gibson and Co., Ladies' Tailors, Specialists in designing and cutting. All models made on the premises. Inspection invited.—141, Lr. Baggot st.

Winter Sale this day. Every article reduced.—Davis (late Ogilvy's), 45 Grafton street.

SuperSonna Hair Restorer restores sixteen years' complete success; Lotion, 8/6. Perfection Face Cream, a perfect skin food, 4/6.—Prof. Kennedy, 202 Gt. Brunswick street, Dublin.

Mourning Orders executed on the shortest notice.—Davis (late Ogilvy's), 45 Grafton street.

ABBEY THEATRE CONCERT.

CHAMBER MUSIC.

Violin ..... Signor A. Simonetti.
Violoncello ..... Signor J. Mundy.
Pianoforte ..... Signor M Esposito, Mus.Doc.

The concert given last night at the Abbey Theatre, Dublin, was the first of a series, and the large and attentive audience was an encouraging sign that the need for such concerts has long been felt in Dublin, where classical music is rarely available for busy folk. We often hear it said that classical music is not popular and will not pay. It is the infrequency of its performance that is to blame. Herbert Spencer in his "Study of Sociology" says—"In early days a symphony was a mystery, and you were puzzled to find others applauding it. An unfolding of musical faculty that went on slowly through succeeding years brought some appreciation; and now these complex musical combinations which once gave you little or no pleasure give you more pleasure than any others." And as it is only by constant listening to good works that one's musical faculty can be "unfolded," the educative value of such concerts as last night's is very great. The Saint-Saëns' Trio in F op. 18 is a work so crowded with brilliant ideas of colour, even to the point of crudity, as in the *Andante*, that one wonders at the daring as well as at the mentality which control it all. In the *Allegro* the delicate piano background was of great beauty, while the poise of the opening of the *Andante* people was fine and superbly accomplished." The gay touches in the *Scherzo* were as frolicsome as some Beethoven touches, and very masterly. The cello accompaniments, so giving great buoyancy to the movement. The whole work is as distinct with life as a dramatic composition. The Sonata in A. op. 108 (Brahms), a solo for violin with piano, should silence those who assert that Brahms was incapable of writing a tune. Melody is in all the three movements, often verging on undue sentimentality, sometimes heavy, too, with feeling, and through all the violin has many *virtuoso* touches that gave Signor Simonetti chances for displaying great individuality. The Trio in B flat (Beethoven), often called "the big B flat," is really a miniature symphony, and is Beethoven's greatest chamber music, excepting, perhaps, the later quartets. Though the form is strict, it is more expanded in style, the master-mind using not being bound by, the form. It was given with the greatest care—the same scholarly treatment that made the Woodbrook Trios so memorable. The *Andante Cantabile* was a fine example of feeling. The next concert is one to be given on February 8, when Dr. J. F. Larchet will conduct a full string orchestra, and Miss Jean Nolan will be the vocalist.

SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS.

In our advertising columns will be found a notice of the closing of the books of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel for 1919 on January 16, 1920. The Secretary hopes that all contributions, etc., may be paid on or before that date. The Western Canada Fund has received very little support this year, and calls for immediate help. The Thank-offering Fund also stands in need of further additional help.

SALE IN SAN

McBirney & Co.'s

Great Annual **Winter Sale**

COMMENCES TO-DAY.

WRITE FOR PRICE LIST.

ASTON'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

INDIAN UNREST.

LORD HUNTER'S ENQUIRY.

HOW A POET WAS PUNISHED.

THE ATTACKS ON TRAINS.

WHITEWASHING DENIED.

NO WRITING WITH NOSES IN THE DUST.

The Indian newspapers received by the Indian mail, says Reuter, contain further reports of the proceedings of the Hunter Commission which is enquiring into the Indian disorders last year. On December 3, Captain Doveton, who administered martial law at Kasur, in his evidence, whilst admitting that he did invent some minor punishments during the martial law administration, punishments less severe in form than the usual martial law sentences, denied that he ordered any persons to be whitewashed, or made people write on the ground with their noses. He explained the whitewashing allegations this way:—Certain people were made to go and do a day's labour at the railway goods yard, and some men out of these had to work at a place where lime was stored. In shifting lime bags, the captain explained, some of them might have been covered with lime. As to writing with the nose, Captain Doveton said that he heard it for the first time before the Committee.

On the previous day (December 2) Khan Sahib Ahmed Khan, Deputy Police Superintendent of Kasur, in reply to Lord Hunter, narrated the happenings at Kasur on the 12th of April. He complained of pressure from outside, especially from Lahore and Amritsar, and in reply to further questions, said that the situation at Kasur was very grave at the time. There was a general destruction of property. There were murders, and the situation was one requiring the use of the military. It was found difficult to get information as to the guilty persons. People did not give information out of sympathy with their fellow-townsmen. The mob received no provocation whatever. There was a stranger among them, and when he went to the railway station the mischief there started.

In reply to Mr. Justice Rankin, witness expressed the opinion that it was the news of the Amritsar happenings rather than Mr. Gandhi's arrest that set things going at Kasur, just as the news about the happenings at Kasur as well as Amritsar set Patti going.

OUTSIDE PRESSURE.

In reply to Pandit Jagat Narayan, Khan Sahib Ahmed Khan said that there was no evidence of outside pressure till April 6. Subsequent to that date certain Hindus of Kasur, merchants, were not honoured even after Kasur. He could mention only two specific instances of outside pressure—one from Amritsar and one from Lahore—and there was no other tangible evidence of pressure, either from Amritsar or Karachi. The "Hartal" on April 11 started earlier in the afternoon, before the meeting. He had three sources of information as to what happened at the meeting. After some of the leaders had left the meeting, Nadir Shah harangued the crowd, asking them to take risks. Prior to the 11th there was very little political life at Kasur. Acute causes of trouble were outside pressure, and the "Harta" and chronic causes the economic conditions. As to outside persons alleged to be present at Kasur at the time, he did not know their names, but gathered that some of the persons belonged to a theatrical company from Amritsar.

PRISONERS IN A CAGE.

The convictions of sixty or seventy people on the evidence of officials. A cage was erected for confining arrested persons. It had no covering overhead, and was open on all sides. The cases he investigated went to the Legal Remembrancer, and it was there he decided whom they should go. He had heard about the order said to have been passed by the military authorities, about writing on the ground with the nose. On April 11 there was no information that the crowd was disorderly. As regards the 12th, he did not think that he had sufficient police forces to guard all places. He had not thought it necessary to apply for assistance elsewhere. When the station was attacked there were some railway police constables at the station, but they did not attempt to disperse the mob by fire. He thought that the matter was the subject of an inquiry. There were twenty to thirty persons belonging to the railway, including clerks, etc., at the station. They never attempted anything, and he thought they had not the courage to do anything. Further, it was evident that some of the railway officials actually encouraged the rioters. Mr. Mitter, Indian S.D.O., and himself, did everything possible. A European Deputy Superintendent of Police had been in his place he should think his life would have been in danger.

STONING A TRAIN...

Questioned by Sahibzada Sultan Ahmed, witness said the mob threw stones at the train when it was standing away from the platform. Excepting two warrant officers, all the others got down from the train, which then moved up to the platform. The crowd was round the railway at the time. The two warrant officers were stoned, and they let off their revolvers. There was no conspiracy in Kasur that he was aware of, and no one was charged with that offence. The dimensions of the cage that was erected to confine the arrested men were 40 by 30 yards. It had a thatched roof, and was kept locked and guarded. Latrines were inside the cage. He would not say that Kasur was in a very unsatisfactory state.

EMISSARIES FROM AMRITSAR.

Mr. Mitter was the next witness.

In reply to Lord Hunter, he narrated various events. On the 12th, he said, after despatching a messenger to Lahore, he went to the place where the Deputy Superintendent of Police was facing the crowd, and, after delaying as long as possible, and unsuccessfully trying to disperse the crowd, ordered fire. But for the firing there would have been further destruction of property, and possibly murders. The attitude of the crowd was dangerous.

In reply to Mr. Justice Rankin, witness said that one man was killed outright and four were wounded by the firing. Out of the wounded three died subsequently. The firing went on for about five minutes, and was not continued after the mob began dispersing.

Questioned by Sir Chiman Lal Setalvad, witness expressed the opinion that emissaries from Amritsar were responsible for the disturbances, though he had no certain evidence on the point. He did not think that the Kasur people themselves were capable of doing all that had happened. Discontent due to economic causes was already there. The industrial needs of the country had been neglected for a long time, and the people were beginning to realise its effects. High prices were also responsible for dissatisfaction, and on top of these came the Rowlatt Act agitation.

POETIC JUSTICE.

Resuming his evidence on December 4th, Captain Doveton was questioned in regard to other novel punishments.

Pandit Jagat Narayan asked, amidst laughter, if it was true that witness had over made Mohammedans dance to the beat of drums. This was denied by the witness.

The Pandit asked whether he had ever made a man write poetry as a punishment.

This was explained by the smiling witness to an immensely amused Committee by the fact that a man had expressed appreciation of the punishment he had received in such flowery language that he was suspected of being a poet.

Pandit Jagat Narayan—And the punishments you imposed was that the man should compose some poetry in your praise.

Captain Doveton replied that the witness amidst renewed laughter.

"It was a very good piece of work, too."

Sir C. Setalvad turned to the feeling of the people regarding martial law. "You say the people liked martial law?" he suggested.

Sir C. Setalvad—You say the people would have liked it to have become practically permanent? That was the impression that was given.

Did the people actually tell you this—that the summary courts were things they liked? They liked people being tried by martial law, without any right of appeal. They preferred that to spending money on appeals.

Referring further to the people's attitude at Kasur, Captain Doveton, in reply to General Barrow, assured the Committee that at all times he was able to go about the city in safety. At only those punishments prescribed under martial law by higher authority had been administered, it would have been very hard on the people. His sole object was to make things as mild as circumstances would permit.

PLEADERS BORE NO ILL-WILL.

In reply to further questions, witness said that the people, before they knew what martial law was, looked upon it as something terrible. Work in the railway goods yard, which he imposed, was awarded solely for offences in connection with the railway. Mr. Ghulam Mohiuddin, pleader, called on him one day after his release from custody, of his own free will. He did not seem to resent his arrest and confinement. He told witness that as he was innocent he knew he would come out on top. Lala Dranpatrai, pleader, also called on him and thanked him for the treatment meted out to him, saying it was only British justice. He was released during martial law.

Questioned in regard to the story of women of loose character having been compelled to witness flogging sentences, witness said that it was a misrepresentation, although not a deliberate one. On one occasion, explained witness, he had to deal with some men of loose character. They were sentenced to be whipped. He ordered the inspector of police to get hold of all the bad characters of the town to witness the whipping, which was to take place in the evening. The last thing he desired was the presence of those women. On the afternoon of that day he went into the city and got back three-quarters of an hour late. When he arrived at the station he was horrified to see those women collected. He did not want them, and remonstrated with the sub-inspector. The women could not be removed because he could not provide an escort to take them back to the city. There was no other alternative, and the whipping had to be carried out.

Continuing, Captain Doveton said that as regards his order requiring convicted persons to touch the ground with their foreheads, he had heard of this being done before. It was quite a general thing, and still existed in districts in Sind. He did not mean it to be debasing.

In reply to Pandit Jagat Narayan, Captain Doveton said that he considered that what people said about the popularity of martial law was genuine. He certainly did not consider it to be the case of a man going to kiss the hand that beat him.

THE KASUR ABSENTEES.

Six houses (witness continued) were visited in connection with his order requiring absentees to return to Kasur forthwith. When he found that some people belonging to these houses had not come back, as a reprisal some earthenware was destroyed, clothes burnt, and charpoys taken away. His order requiring all absentees to return, and threatening reprisals against their property, was published in the vernacular in and out of Kasur, but not in any newspaper. No evidence was recorded. It was sufficient for him that they were not in the town. People were absent, not by the dozens, but by hundreds. Relatives had been warned to communicate with them.

Asked if he took steps to inquire whether relatives had actually communicated with them, witness said that there was no time to make detailed inquiries, and that it was a time for action.

SWIFT AND STERN PUNISHMENT.

At this stage General Barrow, addressing Lord Hunter, suggested that witness was a young officer who was doing his duty to the best of his ability under rather trying conditions, but he was not a criminal.

Captain Doveton, in conclusion, said that he felt justified in the action he took.

In reply to further questions, he said that the impression he formed at the time was that there was no doubt that swift and stern punishment was a very salutary effect. He had tried no case of kidnapping.

Questioned by Sahibzada Sultan Ahmad, whether he was at any time told who were his authorities, Captain Doveton said he received certain general orders, and outside them he used his discretion. There was nothing in the order investing him with discretionary powers, but soldiers were expected to use their discretion when any new situation arose, and he acted accordingly.

Asked what punishment he would have inflicted if any person refused to touch the ground with the forehead, witness said he had never thought of the matter, and would probably have done what occurred to him on the spur of the moment.

Questioned further on the point, he said he supposed he would have got somebody to assist him to compel the man who refused to touch the ground with his forehead to do so.

THE FLOGGING OF SCHOOLBOYS.

Lieutenant-Colonel Macrae, who arrived at Kasur on the afternoon of the 12th, and assumed command of the station, and on the proclamation of martial law acted as martial law administrator till Captain Doveton took it over, was the next witness.

Questioned in regard to flogging schoolboys, witness said that he understood that schoolboys had taken a considerable part in the disturbances, and decided that a few of them should be whipped. Some six boys were picked out and whipped outside the railway station in the presence of other boys. There was a medical officer present. Other whipping sentences were carried out inside the railway station. On one occasion the male population of the town, numbering under ten thousand, were turned out for identification parade, and some were arrested on the spot. The parade lasted for quite six hours. A cage was erected outside the railway station for the accommodation of arrested men. The police looked after it by day and the military by night. The largest number of persons confined in the cage at any time might have been 150. He was quite satisfied about the accommodation and arrangements provided. There was a medical officer in attendance. The police took some of the arrested persons to Lahore, and the military provided the escort. They were handcuffed and roped together.

Questioned minutely in regard to the whipping of the schoolboys, witness explained the circumstances under which it came to be done, and said that the biggest boys were picked out. They need not necessarily have been guilty, but it was their misfortune. After that, if he did not have any further trouble with the boys, and the parents never came complaining to him.

Questioned in regard to the erection of public gallows, witness said that men from Lahore arrived on April 28. The erection of gallows began on May 3, and they were taken down on the 8th under orders of the Commissioner of Lahore. The Commissioner of Lahore did not consult him about the erection, but consulted him about the place where it should be erected. Mr. Kitchen came down from Lahore and talked over his intern arrangements. It was a usual thing under martial law to carry out executions in public. The orders were not Mr. Kitchen's at all, but the Punjab Government's. As a matter of fact, the Punjab Government did the whole thing themselves. The Commissioner was merely the mouthpiece of the Punjab Government, which, for some reason or other, ordered the gallows to be dismantled.

THE ATTACK ON THE TRAIN.

When the proceedings were resumed on December 5, several of the passengers who were assaulted at Kasur Station on April 12 were examined.

Lieutenant H. Munro, of the 17th Infantry; Mr. Sherbourne, who had such harrowing experiences in endeavouring to protect his wife and children from the mob; and Mr. Khairudin, who rendered invaluable assistance in protecting the Sherbournes, were among those called before the Committee.

Mr. Sherbourne's experiences, as he related them, were very exciting. He obtained the assistance of two soldiers to help his wife and children to the gateman's hut. These soldiers eventually dragged away by the crowd out of his sight, and he did not know what became of them. The doors and windows of the hut were broken in, and he saw one of the soldiers strike at a man with an axe. He did not know if the blow got home, because the man was immediately hit on the head again. He had to remain in the hut for over a couple of hours, and then he and his family were taken to the village for refuge.

"KILL HIM! KILL HIM!"

Lieutenant Munro, relating his story, explained how, when the train first halted, he had no idea that anything amiss was occurring, and it was not until he noticed the Indian passengers leaving the train, and a fellow-passenger, a captain, mentioned what had occurred in Amritsar and other places, that he left his carriage to investigate. At that time only a crowd of probably fifty or sixty persons was near the train, but, looking towards the station, he could see that something was burning, and that a crowd, carrying flags and pieces of cloth, was advancing in the direction of the train. The crowd was making a terrible noise, and it was quite easy to see that they were frightfully excited. Everybody seemed to be carrying something.

Proceeding, witness described how he climbed the railway embankment, and how the crowd, as soon as they saw him, cried, "An officer sahib! Kill him! Kill him!"

"I was rather in a quandary," added the witness, smiling, "and I did not know quite what to do. I tried to get towards the engine, with the idea of shifting the train. The first railwayman I saw was the guard, and I told him that he would have to shift his train either backwards or forwards, but he said, 'There is no line clear,' and did not attempt to do anything. I believe he was directly concerned in the whole business. He was absolutely callous, and took no steps to do anything.

"I went along towards the engine, and I had a pretty rough time. I was hit with lathis, and it was perfectly impossible to get through. Bricks were flying about all over the place. Finally I managed to get clear."

Lord Hunter—Did you defend yourself?

Yes; I and the captain, who had joined me, were stopped four or five times, and we had to get back to back and fight for it.

Did you use your fists? I used everything available, fists and feet.

How long did it take you to get clear of the crowd? At least an hour and a half or an hour and three-quarters.

What was the crowd doing all this time? I was in part of the crowd. There was a huge crowd near the gateman's hut, where the Sherbournes were. I tried to get back to the hut, but it was absolutely impossible.

Did the crowd attack every European in the train? Every European in the train was either killed or wounded, except Mrs. Sherbourne, who, I believe, was not actually maltreated.

IMPORTANCE OF BEING IRISH.

Questioned by General Barron, Colonel O'Brien said that he had heard that the crowd wanted to spare the Reverend Mr. Bayley's house at Wazirabad because he was an Irishman.

In reply to Pandit Jagat Narayan, witness said that the rebellion could in a way be considered ridiculous. Had he known that the situation was serious he would not have left Gurdaswala on the 12th April. On his return to Gurdaswala on the 14th, from the outskirts of the town where his motor car broke down, he proceeded to the Treasury without being molested, but there was nobody *en route* except-ing one or two passers-by. The twenty-three arrests he made in the town were under Section 12 of the Defence of India Act. The arrests were made primarily as a protective measure, but the probability was that the people arrested would be charged. He had, however, previous knowledge about the arrested men. He had made various inquiries, and had sufficient to go upon. He had information that some of them were inciting the mob. He could not say who gave him the information, and there was no time record.

Witness was next questioned at length in regard to an approver's statement, and said, in reply, that some of his conclusions were based on the approver's statement, but not all. What he meant when he stated that they wanted to repeat the Amritsar incidents was not that Europeans should be murdered. The Commission could come to its own conclusions. No European was assaulted up to 2 p.m. on the 14th, because there was a strong police guard. With regard to the arrests, a long list was produced before him by the police on the 15th, from which he selected certain names. He did not think any statement was recorded by the police about the warning given by Indian Christians to the American missionaries.

LLOYD'S SHIPPING NEWS.

Mails.

AUSTRALPOOL—For London, left Alexandria 29th.
AVON—From Liverpool, arrived Melbourne 31st.
ARMADALE CASTLE—From London for Australia, left Teneriffe 31st.
ARMENIAN—From Liverpool for Montreal, left Moville 31st.
ARABIC—From Liverpool, arrived Boston 2nd.
ARENDSKERK—From Rotterdam, left Rosario 31st.
ARENDSDIJK—From Liverpool, arrived Shanghai 1st.
ARMADALE CASTLE—From London for Australia, left Teneriffe 31st.
BRABANT—From Antwerp, left Montreal 3rd.
BRESLAU—From Hamburg, left Buenos Ayres 3rd.
CLAN RONALD—For London, left Portland Dec. 23rd.
CAMPANIA—For London, left Dublin 2nd.
CROWN OF CASTILE—From the Clyde arrived San Francisco 2nd.
DUNSTER CASTLE—From Liverpool for Bombay, left Suez 31st.
DUNSTER CASTLE—From Bombay, left Liverpool 3rd.
ELEANOR MACRAE—For Bombay, left Liverpool 3rd.
ELAN STUART—For Madras from London, left Liverpool 3rd.
CLAN BUCHANAN—For Calcutta from London, left Liverpool 3rd.
CLAN MACRAE—From Majunga, at Liverpool 2nd.
CLAN MACRAE—From Majunga, arrived Beira 1st.
CLAN GORDON—For Liverpool, arrived Tuticorin 1st.
CLAN MATHESON—For London, arrived Tuticorin 1st.
CLAN LINDSAY—From Tuticorin, for London, arrived Suez 31st.
CLAN MACLEOD—For Liverpool, left Norfolk (Va) 2nd.
CHEREE BLANCH—For Liverpool, arrived Norfolk (Va) 2nd.
CHEREE BLANCH—For Liverpool, left Norfolk (Va) 2nd.
DANFA—From Liverpool, arrived Rosario 31st.
DUKE OF LANCASTER—From London, left Port Sudan 27th.
DERVAISH—From Yokohama from London, arrived Shanghai 31st.
DOMINION EXCHANGE—From Philadelphia, arrived Liverpool 3rd.
DOMINION MONARCH—From Liverpool, arrived Calcutta, left Penang 30th.
DOMINION MONARCH—From Liverpool, arrived Portland, Maine, 2nd.
DOMINION—From Liverpool, arrived Portland, Maine, 2nd.
DUNVEGAN CASTLE—From Brisbane from London, called Tenerife 30th.
EURIPIDES—For Brisbane from London, called Teneriffe 30th.
EDINBURGH CASTLE—From Southampton, arrived London 2nd.
EDINBURGH CASTLE—From Hull for Kobe, left Savannah 2nd.
EDINBURGH CASTLE—From Southampton, arrived London 2nd.
GENOA MARU—From Hull for Kobe, left Savannah 2nd.
GABOON—For Lagos, left Gravesend 2nd.
GALLIPOLI—From Liverpool, left New York 2nd.
HURONIAN—From Liverpool, left Louisburg 2nd.
HIGHLAND LADDIE—From London for the River Plate, left Las Palmas 31st.
HIGHLAND LADDIE—From London for the River Plate, left Las Palmas 31st.
JUNIOR—From Valparaiso for Liverpool, arrived Callao 4th.
KUBEK—From Port Said for the United Kingdom, arrived Gibraltar 31st.
KALLIAS—From Shanghai for London, arrived Hong Kong 2nd.
KASHMIR—From Liverpool for Japan, arrived Marseilles 2nd.
KUMIS—From Port Said from England, arrived Gibraltar 31st.
LANCASHIRE—For Bombay, left Liverpool 3rd.
MANCHESTER—From London, arrived Sydney, Australia, 1st.
MARATHON—From Liverpool for Buenos Ayres, left Las Palmas 31st.
MANHATTAN—For New York left Gravesend 3rd.
MELTONIAN—From New Orleans, arrived Liverpool, 2nd.
MOLIERE—From Liverpool for Buenos Ayres, left Santos 2nd.
MELDRYAN—From Liverpool, arrived St. John (New Brunswick) 2nd.
MOUNTPOST—From Liverpool, arrived Montreal 2nd.
MATIANA—From Calcutta for London, arrived Gibraltar 31st.
MATIANA—For Sydney left Gravesend 3rd.
NAMAKA—For Southampton, left Madeira 1st.
NEWTON—For Southampton, left Las Palmas 2nd.
NESSIAN—From London, arrived Montreal 2nd.
NEWTON—From Southampton, arrived Las Palmas 2nd.
ORBITA—From London, arrived Melbourne 3rd.
ORONTES—From London, arrived Melbourne 3rd.
ORONTES—For London, arrived Melbourne 3rd.
ORTEGA—From Liverpool, arrived Valparaiso 2nd.
ORTEGA—From Liverpool, arrived Valparaiso 2nd.
PORT ADELAIDE—From London, left Adelaide 2nd.
PORT ADELAIDE—From New York, arrived from Sydney 2nd.
PLASSY—From Melbourne for London, arrived from Sydney 30th.
PLASSY—From Melbourne for London, arrived from Sydney 30th.
PORT ELLIOT—For London, left Newport, Mon., 31st.
REMUERA—From New Zealand for London, arrived Newport, Mon., 2nd.
RUTLAND—From London for Hobart, left Natal 1st.
SAMARIA—From Liverpool for Buenos Ayres, left Las Palmas 31st.
SAIDO MARU—From Yokohama for London, arrived Hong Kong 29th.
SCANDINAVIAN—For Liverpool, left St. John (New Brunswick) 2nd.
SCANDINAVIAN—From London, arrived Colombo 27th.
TANNISTON—From London, arrived Gibraltar 31st.
UMKUZI—HARROWAY—From London, arrived Gibraltar 31st.
VELLAVIA—From Bristol, arrived Philadelphia 3rd.
WAKEFIELD—For Hull, left Bombay 29th.
YPIRANGA—From Liverpool, arrived Rosario 31st.

Steamship Movements.

ANCHISES—From Brisbane, arrived Liverpool 4th.
ARENSBURG—For Fiumicino, left Rosario 31st.
ARENSBURG—From Liverpool, arrived Shanghai 1st.
BRABANT—From Antwerp, left Montreal 3rd.
BRESLAU—From Hamburg, left Buenos Ayres 3rd.
CLAN RONALD—For London, left Portland Dec. 23rd.
CAMPANIA—For London, left Dublin 2nd.
CROWN OF CASTILE—From the Clyde arrived San Francisco 2nd.
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GABOON—For Lagos, left Gravesend 3r

SPORTING NEWS.

LINGFIELD MEETING—SATURDAY.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Saturday Night.

All signs of frost had disappeared at Lingfield this forenoon, and it was damp and cold, with the going, however, fairly good. The company was probably the largest ever seen here for a jumping meeting. The Cuprose field of the afternoon turned out for the Yuletide Hurdle, and it proved a good thing for Ravello, who, making the whole of the running, was followed home by two better favourites. The winner was bought in at 560 gns. Chiprit, who was joint favourite with Shaun Spadah for the Southern Counties Steeplechase, left at the fourth fence, and Shaun Spadah, who ran really well, failed on the flat to overhaul the outsider, Valentine Maher. Gore's stable met with another set back in the defeat of the odds-on Golden Daisy in the Winter Hurdle. In the straight he looked like overhauling The Gunyah, but the latter finished with the better speed, and after leading throughout scored by a neck. Irish Cheer was very much fancied for the New Year Steeplechase, but the task of conceding 9lb. to Desmond's Song proved just a little beyond him. Except for a short distance, when headed by Gerald L., Desmond's Song was always in front, also Scarden had a nice bit in hand with which to withstand Irish Cheer's challenge. With long odds laid on him, White ... failed to do more than coast home with Flymouth for the Crowhurst Hurdle. The last named, who had been unlucky at Folkestone, finished most gamely. Simon the Tanner easily justified his favouritism for the Horley Steeplechase. Details —

2.0—YULETIDE HURDLE, £300. 2 m.

Mr. A. Tennant's b. or br. g. RAVELLO, by Bogie—Ignorance, 10-10 ..... Lane 1

Mr. F. Wilmot's CARSON, a. 12-7 ..... Mr. F. B. Rees 2

Mr. M. Blair's DISMOUNT, 6, 10-10 .. Owner 3

Also ran—Flaming Fire (E. Morgan), Flying Simon (Cullen), Flying Winkfield (Stubbs), Misten Cutlets (F. Aldean), Enhorne (Hall), Assiette (L. Reed), Young Lover (Knight), Sinclton Lady (Cox), Roland (Rogers), Gipsonic (Bisley), Quaz (Mc.), Bristow), Winkfield (Costello). (Winner trained by Turner.)

Betting—4 to 1 agst. Motion Cutlets, 9 to 2 each Carson and Dismount, 5 to 1 RAVELLO, 10 to 1 each Flying Winkfield and Roland, 100 to 8 Flying Simon, 100 to 6 any other. Won by 3 lengths; a neck.

The winner was bought in for 560 gns.

2.30—SOUTHERN COUNTIES CHASE, £150. 3 m.

Mr. F. Ingram's ch. g. VALENTINE MAHER, by Tredennis—Calade, a. 10-5 ..... Mr. F. B. Rees 1

Mr. T. McAlpine's SHAUN SPADAH, a. 11-3 ..... Mr. J. R. Anthony 2

Lord H. Nevill's MARTES, a. 10-2 ..... Escott 3

Also ran—Schoolmoney (F. Culleo), Culprit (E. Pigeott). (Winner trained by Poole.)

Betting—2 to 1 each agst. Shaun Spadah and Culprit, 11 to 4 Martes, 10 to 1 VALENTINE MAHER or any other. Won by a length and a half; 2 lengths.

2.0—WINTER HURDLE, £250. 2 m.

Mr. Bunbury's br. g. FIVE GUINEAS, by Simon Square—Chinchero, a. 10-12 ..... F. Cullen 1

Mr. F. Nolan's GOLDEN DAISY, a. 11-7 ..... E. Parrott 2

Maj. V. Miss's WATERGRUEL, a. 12-7 ..... Mr. J. Miss 3

Also ran—Gavrelle (P. Davies), Limpefield (R. Wilkins). (Winner trained by W. Nightingall.)

Betting—7 to 2 each agst. Golden Daisy and Watergruel, 4 to 1 each agst. Limpefield and THE GUNYAH, 7 to 1 Gavrelle, 10 to 1 Five Guineas, Won by a neck; 6 lengths.

2.50—HOLLY CHASE, £250. 2½ m.

Mr. Leveson-Gower's br. g. SIMON THE TANNER, by General Symons—Reverence, a. 11-12 ..... Rearden 1

Capt. W. Pepper's RIPPLING WATER, a. 11-12 ..... Mr. F. B. Rees 2

Mr. A. Cundell's HAPPY JACK, 6, 10-12 ..... Mr. R. Rees 3

Also ran—Promoter (A. Gleaves), Decco (Bletsoe), Autour (Owner), Ocean Wave (D. Casey), Millreas (J. Perrins), Baron Wavell (C. Jacklin). (Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—3 to 1 agst. SIMON THE TANNER, 7 to 2 Promoter, 5 to 1 each Ocean Wave and Happy Jack, 7 to 1 Rippling Water, 10 to 1 any other. Won by 3 lengths; a bad third.

PLUMPTON MEETING—THIS DAY.

PROGRAMME.

BROOKSIDE CHASE, £85. 3 m.

	Age st. lb.
1.0—VALENTINE MAHER (Mr. F. Ingram)	Poole 8 12 4
THE FLY III. (Capt. F. Radclyffe)	R. Gordon a 12 7
MINSTREL PARK (Mr. Bottomley)	Hare a 11 7
WHALE (Mr. Percy)	R. Gordon a 11 5
FOND LUCY (Mr. R. Hartley)	a 11 4
MACMERRY (Mr. R. Wigram)	Poole a 10 12
MOZZUL (Mr. F. Ingram)	Poole a 10 6
DECCO (Mr. J. Duchesne)	Lay a 10 6
RIPPLING WATER (Capt. W. Pepper)	Hall a 10 3
DECCO (Mr. J. Duchesne)	Bletsoe 6 10 1
L.E. (Mr. A. Saunders)	Saunders a 10 0

1.30—HURSTPIERPOINT HURDLE. £200. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
SMRATON LADY (Mr. Bottomley)	Hare a 12 7
ANGUS (Mr. J. Cramp)	Nugent a 11 7
CLEMENCY (Mr. J. Duchesne)	Bletsoe a 11 7
BRIDGE OF SIGHS II. (Mrs. D. Preston)	Hammond a 11 7
MARIUS (Mr. A. Tennant)	Nightingall 6 11 7
LA POLIE (Mr. G. Stevenson)	Brady 5 11 5
LORD WESTBURY (Mr. A. Clarke)	Private a 11 0
MERRY NOON (Mr. M. Rhodes)	Rhodes a 11 0
CRAIGLE (Mrs. Vershoyle)	Vershoyle a 11 0
CITRON (Mr. Caldicott)	Caldicott 5 10 10
MANDA (Mr. Wood)	Goodman 4 10 10
MERRY JACKDAW (Mr. A. Kitson)	Private 4 10 7
GLENFINNAN (Mr. M. Rhodes)	M. Rhodes 4 10 7
MERRY DEVON (Mr. Goby)	Goby 4 10 0

2.0—NOVICES' CHASE, £70. 2 m.

	Age st. lb.
SIMON THE TANNER (Mr. Leveson-Gower)	Nightingall 6 12 5
AMERSHEEN (Capt. Beaumont)	Gardner a 12 2
RED SHIELD (Sir G. Abercrombie)	Gore 6 11 9
RED FLAME (Mr. J. Fuller)	Hunt 4 11 9
BROADWOOD (Mr. J. de Rothschild)	Pratt a 11 9
BAY KNIGHT (Maj. L. Straker)	Pratt 6 11 9
MILLIGAN (Mr. J. Gutierrez)	Poole a 11 9
PRETTY LADY (Mr. McAlpine)	Hyndman 6 11 9
TUTTIMAN (Mr. A. Cundell)	Poole 6 11 9
MYRRA (Lord Denman)	Day 5 11 7
MONGREL (Mr. H. Beaumont)	Dare 5 11 7
DINAH DIAMOND (Mr. R. Woods)	Private 4 10 7
ROYAL DIAMOND (Mr. W. Dwyer)	Lines 4 10 7
BE WISE (Mr. T. Richards)	Faulkner 4 10 7

"BOOT ECONOMY."

SPORTSMEN should have their boots soled with "CALLOX" Chrome Sole Leather, specially recommended for Waterproof Hardwear. See Registered Brand—CALLOX—on every sole. Manufactured by O'CALLAGHAN and SON, LTD., Limerick, Cork, and Belfast. Beware of Imitations.—[Advt.]

CHANTICLEER'S NOTES.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Sunday Night.

The fields at Plumpton are likely to be of modest dimensions, should racing meet with no interruption from the threatened snowfall, but the outlook is decidedly threatening at the time of writing. My selections are:—Brookside Steeplechase—The Fly III. Hurstpierpoint Hurdle—Citron. Novices' Steeplechase—Simon the Tanner. Barcombe Hurdle—Hare's selected. Brighton Steeplechase—Macmerry. Bostel Hurdle—Duke Mavis.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

A prize list of the total value of £875 is announced for the National Pony Society's Show at the Agricultural Hall, London, on March 5th and 6th.

The New Zealand Ladies' Golf Championship was won at Auckland by Miss E. N. Wright (Timaru), who defeated Miss Gambrell (Meramar, Wellington) in the 36 holes final by 4 and 3.

The Australian Jockey Club is a loser by the appointment of Mr. Adrian Knox, K.C., C.M.G., to the position of Chief Justice of the High Court of Australia, which necessitated his resignation as Chairman and member of the A.J.C. Committee. He was on the Committee for twenty-three years, and Chairman for twelve.

A Sub-Committee appointed by the Hurlingham Polo Committee have completed the work of drawing up a universal code of rules, which will be equally applicable in England and America. The American Polo Association's arrangement of the rules has been followed to some extent, and the changes have been submitted to that body for approval.

RACING FIXTURES FOR THIS WEEK.

ENGLAND.

To-day—Plumpton.
Wednesday and Thursday—Gatwick.
Friday and Saturday—Haydock Park.

FOOTBALL.

RUGBY.

SATURDAY'S MATCHES.

BECTIVE RANGERS (25) v. MONKSTOWN (0).

There was a fair attendance at Sydney parade on Saturday, when Bective won their return fixture by five goals to nil. Teams—

Monkstown—Wills; Betford, Dillon, Kelly, Brett; Head, Pickeman; Dale, Walmsley, Ritchie, Hanna, Gorman, Keogh, Ramsay, Bayzam.

Bective Rangers—W. Abraham; Aikins, Culhane, O'Neill, O'Hara; Hammond, Jas. Tallon; R. Cosgrey, P. Dunne, J. D. Egan, Jos. Tallon, O'Shea, Walker, A. J. Cullen, Sexton.

Referee—Mr. J. J. Rowland.

Neither side was fully represented, each team having half a dozen of their usual players away. With the Bective forwards beating their opponents for possession nearly every time, the visitors were having the best of matters from start to finish, and scored for a first quarter of an hour of the second period Monkstown were on defensive. A feature of the game was the place-kicking of Hammond, who converted all five tries and got the winners, while he also made a couple of good attempts to land penalty goals. Despite the fact that the ball was very slippery and hard to hold, the handling of the Bective backs, especially in the last twenty minutes of the game, was very good.

Bective attacked right from the start, and after Walker had nearly scored Hammond let Culhane off near the centre, and after a run the latter put Atkins over for Hammond to improve. Soon after Hammond kicked high, and Egan, following up, got hold and slashed over, for Hammond to convert. A few minutes before the interval Culhane picked up in the loose near the line and let Atkins over at the corner, for Hammond to bring off a splendid goal, Bective leading by 15 points to nil at half-time.

Making use of the wind, Monkstown held their own for a considerable time in the concluding period, but the Bective forwards gradually wore them down, while their backs were constantly having good concerted movements. Good tackling, however, kept the home line intact, till Dunne scored in a forward scramble, and Hammond converted. A few minutes before no side Aitkins picked up, and dodged over for his third try, and Hammond landed his fifth goal.

W. Abrahan, for the winners, fielded and kicked well. Culhane was the better centre, and O'Neill also did well, but after making several neat openings spoiled by faulty passes. Atkins, on the wing, as well as scoring three tries, showed plenty of pace and Hammond, as on half, fed his middle line well. The pack showed plenty of dash, and was best represented by R. Cosgrey, Egan, Dunne, and Jos. Tallon. Except for one bad mistake Wills did well at full for Monkstown. Dillon and Kelly defended well in the centre, and Pickeman, though not getting any chance of opening up the game, tackled and kicked well. The pick of the first rank were Dale, Walmsley, Ritchie, and Gorman. Result —

Bective Rangers—5 goals (25 points).
Monkstown—Nil.

WANDERERS (5) v. CIVIL SERVICE (3).

Wanderers were weakly represented in this match at Anglesea road on Saturday, and only managed to win a scrambling game by a goal to a try.

Civil Service had the advantage of playing down the hill in the first half, and, after a few minutes' play, the forwards rushed the ball over the Wanderers' line, and Cotton, falling on it, scored a try, which was not improved upon. After this Wanderers had slightly the better of the argument for some time, but their backs failed to make any headway when given the ball. Twice Dilworth was going strongly for the line when brought down by McCarthy. It was a game chiefly confined to the forwards, and Civil Service, though for most of the time inside their 25, rarely managed to get their opponents until close to half-time, when Hamilton sent Potterton over for a try. The kick at goal was unsuccessful, and at half-time Civil Service led by a try to nil.

There was little improvement in the play in the second half, there being an amount of fumbling on both sides all through, but the greasy state of the ground also had to be taken into account. Wanderers' backs made some fair efforts to get points, and once Hamilton got over, but was robbed of a score by going into touch in goal. McCarthy several times saved his side by good place-kicking, and the tackling of the Civil Service backs all round was very good. As time were on Civil Service began to gain the upper hand, and for the last quarter of an hour had distinctly the best of the play. Their half-backs made some good openings for the three-quarters, one of which led to a scoring try by Byrne knocking on when near the line. When the final whistle sounded Civil Service were still pressing, and on the run of the play Wanderers were lucky to win.

For Wanderers, Brown, at full-back, was very sound; Dilworth and F. Fennell were the best three-quarters; while Hamilton, at half, got through a good deal of work, and Crinion kicked well, while Brennan, M. O'Mara, and M. O'Brien tackled and kicked in commendable fashion. Lord, Manwell, Rial, and Costello were the best of a hard-working pack. Result —

Civil Service—7 tries (21 points).
Old Belvedere—Nil.

OLD WESLEY (31) v. PALMERSTON (0).

At Donnybrook, on Saturday, Old Wesley playing Palmerston easily won by nineteen points to 3 goals and 2 tries (31 points) to nil. The home side played so selected the Palmerston had no chance. Kenny replacing Keating in the forward line. Teams —

Old Wesley—G. B. Griffin; E. N. Campbell, R. R. Cross, Jr., and T. Wilson; H. C. Lewis, Jr., and J. H. Matthews; C. Adams, S. A. Clarke, A. J. Walkey, E. G. Cullen, Jr., T. May, H. Dunn, F. T. P. Vaughan, R. M. White.

Palmerston—Broadbent, Saville, Parker, Swan, Fisher, Swan, Anderson; Quirk (capt.), Kerr, Quirk, Bennett, McAuliffe, Stokes, Byrne, Hazlett.

Referee—Mr. W. Ferguson.

Old Wesley attacked from the start, and Adams, Clarke, and Walkey leading a rush of the forwards, play was carried close up to the visitors' line. Here a series of scrummages took place, and then Beckett, sending out, Cruel came into possession, and after leading off, Parker managed to wriggle past Broadbent for a try, to which he added the extra points. Clever kicking by R. Swan and Anderson followed, the latter's kick at goal from a mark just outside the 25 yards line but a few inches wide of the posts. Following the kick-out gave Palmerston a footing in the enemy half, but a fine kick by Griffin, which found touch at the visitors' 25, saved Old Wesley. Palmerston under pressure. The latter's forwards, headed by Stokes, Byrne, and Quirk, were coming away when Russell pulled up, and play was at the centre when the Wesley backs got moving, and a fine combined run between Cruet and Campbell resulted in the latter scoring a try, which went unconverted. Palmerston had somewhat the better of the ensuing play, and Fidler, after a good run, was only held up a little outside by Griffin. Then play swung to the other end, where, shortly before the interval Cruet, from a line-out, scored an unconverted try.

Holding a lead of eleven points, Wesley on changing ends were not long in adding to their score. The opening five minutes of the second Palmerston attacked, and after H. Swan had had a short run, Quirk and Kerr led a rush of the forwards to the home line, where Evans and Griffin pulled up. Then came a break-away by the Wesley pack, and after Broadbent had checked the rush, Matthews picking up in the loose passed to Evans, for the latter to run through the opposition for a try, which Cruet converted. The Wesleyans continued to attack, and another score came a few minutes after when Cruet, taking a good pass from Campbell, registered his third try and once again converted. Wesley were now having matters all their own way. From an opening by Matthews Cruet drew the opposition before sending Campbell over at the corner. Cruet again added the extra points a little later a try scored by Russell shortly before the finish.

As can be judged from the score, it was a very one-sided match, and calls for little criticism. It was a poor game, devoid of any outstanding incident, and quite an uninteresting affair throughout. Wesley were altogether the superior side and, displaying their opponents in every department, were well deserving of every score they obtained. Griffin at full for the winners had a fairly easy berth, but anything that came his way he did well. Cruet and Campbell were the pick of the three-quarter line. The former was in quite his old form, while Campbell throughout never made a mistake. Beckett was quite good at half-back, while, forward, Clarke, Adams, and Walkey stood out. Cullen at the Palmerston side Broadbent was only moderate at full; H. Swan and Saville were best in the three-quarter line, Anderson the better half-back, and Bennett, Quirk, and Stokes the outstanding forwards. Result —

Old Wesley—5 goals 2 tries (31 points).
Palmerston—Nil.

LANSDOWNE (34) v. KING'S OWN REGT. (0).

At Lansdowne road on Saturday, in cheerless weather, and in the presence of a small number of spectator, Lansdowne had a one-sided victory over the King's Own Regiment, winning by 6 goals 5 tries to nil. Teams —

Lansdowne—V. E. Crawford; G. Blood, S. W. de Villiers, J. Burke-Gaffney, W. A. McFerran; F. Larkin, C. Stibbsnger, A. Donnelly, A. Campbell; J. E. Pembroke, W. A. Faulkner, N. M. Falkiner, A. Bishop, R. Robson, M. Hunt.

King's Own Regiment—Corporal McCabe; Sergeant Bell, Lieutenant Harper, Private Griffin, Lance-Corporal Evans; Captain Carter, Lieutenant Stevens; Lieutenant Somerville, Captain Keane; Sergeant Hutch mson, C.Q.M.S. Brown, Private Whelpton, Lance-Corporal Ford, Private Fisher, Private Farrington.

Referee—Mr. McCrea.

Lansdowne only weakly represented. Lansdowne had matters all their own way from the start, and the forwards proved too much for the unfortunate King's Own who were completely outclassed, and, except for a few minutes towards the finish, they were always inside their own 25. Lansdowne experienced very little difficulty in piercing the visitors' defence, and as a matter of fact, scored at will. The play, therefore, requires no description.

In the first half De Villiers, Blood (2), Burke-Gaffney (2), and McFerran (2) scored tries, three of which were converted by Crawford, Burke-Gaffney, and McFerran, and at the interval Lansdowne led by 5 goals 4 tries to nil. The King's Own line was also crossed on several occasions in the second period, De Villiers (3), Crawford (2), Larkin, Burke-Gaffney, and Donnelly being the try-getters, while McFerran, Crawford, and De Villiers added the extra points in three instances, leaving the result —

Lansdowne—6 goals 8 tries (54 points).
King's Own Regiment—Nil.

SATURDAY'S RESULTS.

	Points.		Points.
Bective Rangers	5	Monkstown	0
Wanderers	3	Civil Service	3
Clontarf	21	Old Belvedere	0
Old Wesley	31	Palmerston	3
Lansdowne	54	King's Own Regt.	0
R.H.A.	0	Richmond	0
Queen's University	45	Malone	0
Clontarf 2nd	25	Old Belvedere 2nd	0
Lansdowne 2nd	0	Palmerston 2nd	0
Knock 2nd	3	Malone 2nd	0

CROSS-CHANNEL RESULTS.

International Trial Match—England 50, The Rest 16; Leicester 14, Gloucester 6; Bradford 17, Birkenhead Park 13; Blackheath 25, Richmond 3; London Scottish 14, Old Merchant Taylors 3; Pontypool 6, Llanelly 3; Coventry 14, Moseley 3; Northampton 11, Bristol 0; Northampton 11, Cheltenham 3; Neath 6, Aberavon 3; Newport Town 20, Rumney 0; Cardiff 3, Penarth 0; Swansea 3, Penygraig 0; Treherbert 3, Ebbw Vale 0; Old Blues 41, London Irish 0; Old Leysians 13, U.C.S. Old Boys 3; Newport 3, Plymouth 0.

ASSOCIATION.

SATURDAY'S BELFAST CITY CUP MATCHES.

DISORDERLY SCENES AT GROSVENOR PARK.

Disorderly scenes were associated with the Belfast City Cup match at Grosvenor Park, Belfast, on Saturday. At the conclusion of the game between Distillery and Celtic a section of the crowd invaded the ground, with the evident intention of assaulting the referee, Mr. Coleton, of Belfast. There was an exciting scene, as the police and officials closed round the referee, in order to protect him from the hostile crowd. One man who made an attempt to assault him was arrested and brought to the pavilion, from which he made his escape through a window. Meanwhile the attitude of the crowd around the pavilion became so threatening that District Inspector Sidley, who was in charge of the police, ordered a baton charge, and the field was cleared without much difficulty or disturbance. The ground was immediately cleared, the spectators making for the gates, and after a short delay the game was resumed. Play was then carried on without further incident, and the match ended in a victory for Celtic by 4 goals to 1.

	Goals.		Goals.
Linfield	4	Shelbourne	1
Cliftonville	4	Bohemians	1
Distillery	1	Celtic	0
Glentoran	1	Belfast	0

INTERMEDIATE CUP SEMI-FINALS.

St. James's Gate	2	Cliftonville Olympic	1
		Dundela	2

IRISH JUNIOR CUP.

Avonmore	2	Erasville	1

ENGLISH LEAGUE, I.—West Bromwich 2, Blackburn Rovers 1; Burnley 2, Aston Villa 0; Bolton Wanderers 1; Notts County 0; Oldham A. 1, Newcastle U. 0; Chelsea 4, Manchester U. 0; Everton 1, Sheffield W. 1; Sheffield U. 3, Liverpool 2; Woolwich A. 2, Manchester C. 2; Bradford 0, Bradford C. 0.

ENGLISH LEAGUE, II.—Barnsley 2, Clapton Orient 1; Blackpool 0, West Ham United 0; Bristol City 1, Birmingham 1; Coventry City 1, Rotherham County 1; Fulham 0, Stoke 0; Leicester City 2, Grimsby Town 1; Nelson 0, Hudderfield 1; Nottingham F. 0, Bury 0; South Shields 7, Hull City 1; Tottenham Hotspur 2, Stockport County 1; Wolverhampton W. 4, Lincoln City 0.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.—Brighton and Hove A. 4, Brentford 0; Cardiff City 2, Reading 0; Exeter City 4, Southampton 1; Millwall Ath. 0, Merthyr Town 0; Crystal Palace 1, Northampton 0; Newport County 0, Norwich City 1; Southend United 1, Portsmouth 0; Queen's Park Rangers 7, Bristol Rovers 1; Swindon Town 2, Plymouth Argyle 1; Swansea Town 0, Luton Town 0; Watford 3, Gillingham 2.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.—Rangers 5, Falkirk 1; Celtic 5, Raith Rovers 0; Hibernians 2, Clydebank 0; Third Lanark 1, Airdrieonians 1; Kilmarnock 2, Ayr 1; Morton 0, Partick 0; Dundee 3, Aberdeen 0; Hearts 1, Aberdeen 2, Hamilton A. 0; Motherwell 4, Hearts 1.

GOLF.

CROSS-COUNTRY COMPETITION.

An innovation in the shape of a cross-country competition was tried on the Molesey Hurst golf course, Hampton Court. Nine holes were selected, and the competitors had to play from each tee, over leading 2-1. The goals for the winners were scored by Dean, H. Meade (2), and Bisk. The Bohemians' goals being taken by McLaren.

The Shelbourne forwards were outplayed by Linfield at Belfast Park. Holmes, with the result that the Dolphmers' defence had a bad time of it. The Linfield forwards always had the match well in hand, and it was by the comparatively easy margin of 4-1 that they credited their club with their third brace of points. The game between the Shelbourne backs and the opposing forwards for the greater part of the time, and under the circumstances the former may be said to have acquitted themselves fairly well. At the Oval, Belfast, Glentoran's second-string team disposed of Glenavon and gained a meritorious victory by a goal to nil. Glentoran were superior in all departments, and in the second half particularly a line of attack would have been a more fitting result. Teams —

Glentoran—Craig, R. G. Pilkington, R. Blair White, F. Le Patour, J. S. C. Dagg, R. S. Wyr. N. Medcalf, H. O'Reilly, C. O'Reilly (capt.), R. J. O'Connor, H. J. McCormick.

Linfield—Kelly, Gregg, Craig, R. G. Pilkington, R. Blair White, F. Le Patour, J. S. C. Dagg, R. S. Wyr. N. Medcalf, H. O'Reilly, C. O'Reilly (capt.), R. J. O'Connor, H. J. McCormick.

Referee—Mr. J. Hamilton.

Glentoran—Kelly, Gregg,

PROSPECTUS.

...Ltd. will be Closed on or before FRIDAY, the 9th of January.

GOLD COAST GOVERNMENT 6 PER CENT. INSCRIBED STOCK 1945-1970.

ISSUE OF £4,000,000.

WHICH £1,580,000 HAS ALREADY BEEN PLACED IN THE TERMS OF THE PROSPECTUS.

PRICE OF ISSUE, £100 PER CENT.

INTEREST PAYABLE 15th FEBRUARY and 15th AUGUST.

SIX MONTHS' INTEREST PAYABLE 15th AUGUST, 1920.

AUTHORISED BY ORDINANCE NO. 21 OF 1919.

...per cent. on application and the balance payable as under:—

£15 per cent. on the 13th January.
£40 per cent. on the 12th February.
£40 per cent. on the 11th March.

The Government of the Gold Coast having complied with the requirements of the Colonial Stock Act, 1900, as announced in the "London Gazette" of the 20th February, 1902, Trustees are authorised to invest in this Stock, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Trustee Act, 1893.

The Loan is raised to meet the cost of reconstruction of Railways and construction of Railways and Harbour Works in connection with the development of transportation in the Colony.

BROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES, ...behalf of the Government of the Gold Coast, ...the applications for the above amount of Stock, ...will be issued under the provisions of the ...Local Loans and Inscribed Stock Ordinance, and ...be matched in accordance with the provisions ...the Colonial Stock Act, 1877, 40 and 41 Vict., ...

The Loan is secured on the General Revenues ...assets of the Government of the Gold Coast, ...the principal will be payable at par, on the ...1st February, 1970, by a Sinking Fund of twelve ...half-yearly payments per cent. per annum, to be ...invested in this country under the management of ...Crown Agents, who are appointed Trustees, ...the Government of the Gold Coast will have ...option of redemption at par on or after the ...1st February, 1945, on giving six calendar ...months' notice by advertisement in the London ...Gazette and in The Times newspaper, or by post ...to the Stockholders at their registered addresses.

Interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per ...annum will be payable half-yearly on the 15th ...February and the 15th August in each year, by ...Dividend Warrants, which, if desired, may be transmitted by post, either to the Stockholders, or other ...persons, at their risk, in the United Kingdom, ...and Interest will be payable at the Offices of the Crown Agents for the Colonies, London.

Transfers of Stock executed at the Crown ...Agents Transfer Office, No. 1 Tokenhouse Building, ...E.C. 2, without charge and free of stamp ...duty.

Certificates in Respect of the denominations of £100 and £500, with coupons for the payment of Dividends attached, will be obtainable ...against the Inscribed Stock at the Crown ...Agents Transfer Office, No. 1 Tokenhouse Buildings, ...E.C. 2, on payment of the prescribed fees, and ...Certificates, if desired, be re-inscribed. ...Application must be accompanied by a ...deposit of 5 per cent., which will be received at the ...Crown Agents' Office, 4 Millbank, London, S.W. 1, ...or No. 1 Tokenhouse Buildings, London, E.C.2. ...Instalment payments are to be made at the ...Crown Agents' Transfer Office, No. 1 Tokenhouse ...Buildings, London, E.C.2, not later than the dates above ...mentioned.

In case of partial allotment, the balance of the ...deposit on application will be applied towards ...the amount due on allotment, or the deposit ...will be applied after making that payment, ...and will be refunded by cheque.

Payment may be for the whole or any part of ...the issue, but no allotment will be made of a ...less amount than £100 Stock or multiples thereof. ...Payments may be made in full on the 13th of ...January or any subsequent date, under discount ...at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.

In the case of default in the payment of any ...instalment on the due date, the deposit and instalments previously paid will be liable to forfeiture.

After payment for the allotees of the instalment ...of allotment, they will receive at the Crown ...Agents Transfer Office, No. 1 Tokenhouse Buildings, ...E.C.2, in exchange for the receipted Letter ...of Allotment, Scrip Certificates which, when paid ...in full, will be convertible into Inscribed Stock.

Coupons for Five Shillings per cent. will be ...payable to Bankers and Stock Brokers on allotment ...made in respect of applications bearing their ...stamp.

Trustees of the Colony of the Gold Coast ...are invited in respect of the Inscribed Stock and ...dividends thereon, and the Consolidated Fund ...of the United Kingdom and the Commissioners of ...His Majesty's Treasury are not directly or ...indirectly liable or responsible for the payment of ...the said Stock or the dividends thereon, or for or ...relating thereto (Act 40 and 41 Vict., c. 59).

Forms of Application, and a Statistical Statement ...relative to the Public Debt, Revenue, Expenditure, ...and Commerce of the Colony from 1906 to 1919, may ...be obtained by applying to the Crown Agents for ...the Colonies, 4 Millbank, S.W. 1, or at No. 1 ...Tokenhouse Buildings, E.C. 2; to Messrs. ...ELLIS, MARSHALL and CO., 13 George ...Street, Mansion House, E.C. 4; to Messrs. T. and ...A. BIRKBECK, Hatton Court, Threadneedle ...Street, E.C. 2; to the Bank of British West Africa, ...Limited, 3 Clements Lane, Lombard Street, ...E.C. 4; to Messrs. Coates, Son and Co., 84 ...Basinghall Street, E.C. 2; to the Bank of ...Liverpool, 25 Water street, Liverpool, and ...to the Manchester and County Bank, Limited, ...29 Corporation street, Manchester; and to the ...Secretary and Manager of the Colonies, ...Crown Agents for the Colonies, ...4 Millbank, London, S.W. 1.

5th January, 1920.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED. C.6.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR ...GOLD COAST GOVERNMENT ...PER CENT. INSCRIBED STOCK, 1945-1970.

To the Crown Agents for the Colonies, ...4 Millbank, S.W. 1.

I hereby apply for £..... say ...

...pounds) of Gold Coast ...Government 6 per cent. Inscribed Stock 1945-1970, on the conditions contained in the ...Prospectus of the 5th January, 1920, and under-...take to pay £100 for every £100 of Stock, and ...to send the same or any less amount that may be ...allotted to me, and to pay for the same in ...accordance with the terms of the said Prospectus. ...I/we enclose the required deposit of £..... ...and £..... per cent. on the NOMINAL AMOUNT ...named for.

Name (state whether Mrs. or Miss, and Title, if any) .....

Address .....

Date ..... 1920.

Cheques should be drawn to Bearer and crossed ...Bank or Bankers.

The Allotment Letter is required to be forwarded to other than the applicant, it should be ...stated.

Applications must be for even hundreds of ...Stock, and must be accompanied by the amount ...of deposit thereon, and the Application must be ...delivered in an envelope marked outside "Application for Gold Coast Government Loan."

Thompson's Decorticated Cotton Cake and 'Cotonets'

Are unrivalled for Milk or Beef Production.
Stocked by all Leading Traders.
Manufactured by the Largest Importers of Cotton Meal in Ireland.

John Thompson & Sons, Ltd., Donegall Quay Mills, Belfast.

Dublin Office - 8 Parliament Street

INDUSTRIAL-INSURANCE FINANCE Chapter 2.

The funds of an Insurance Office belong to the people who pay premiums to it. The Directors of an Insurance Office are the trustees of these funds. They must hold the balance fairly between their workers and their policy-holders. The Pearl Assurance Company started in 1864 without any annual income. In 1919 its annual income reached £6,000,000! What is the reason? The reason is that the Pearl Assurance Company has always held the balance fairly between its workers and its policy-holders. As the Company has progressed so have the benefits of the policy-holders and the conditions of its workers—step by step and side by side in periodical improvement. The better progress an Industrial Assurance Office makes the better are the earnings of its Agents. In 1913 the annual income of the Pearl increased by £292,821. In 1919 its income increased by nearly £1,000,000. Thus, the diligent agents have reaped the reward of their work. The slacker, the unsuitable, the low grade-skill man, is using the Union lever to obtain for him remuneration without production.

FINANCIAL NEWS

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed Nov. 6, 1919)..... 6 p.c.

LONDON, SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Conditions in the Money market remained generally easy as a result of the big disbursements following the turn of the year, and buyers in the bill market evidently judge that, even after the market has cancelled its indebtedness to the central institution, it will still be left with a good working margin, for the demand for bills was keen to-day for a Saturday. The supply of paper was fair. Two months' fine drafts were taken at 5 to 5¼ per cent., three months' at 5¼ per cent., and six months' at 5¼ per cent., and rates lacked firmness. Only a moderate demand was reported for call money, and the opening rate of 4 per cent. fell to around 2 per cent. towards the finish. Weekly fixtures were arranged around 4¼ per cent. About half a million was disbursed in dividends, mainly upon Bank Shares.

Bank Rate (Discount) changed November 6, 1919 ...6%

60 days (fine)	5	5⅝	
3 months ,, ...	5⅝	Trade	6 ,,
4 months ,, ...	5¾	,, ...	6⅛
6 months ,, ...	5¾	,, ...	6⅜
Loans to bill brokers day-to-day	2		4 ,,
do. for a week			4¼ ,,
Deposit allowance Banks, at call			4 ,,
,, Discount houses, at call			4 ,,
,, as notice			4½ ,,

Spot silver jumped 2d. to 76¼d., while forward metal, at 74½d., was 1d. higher per oz.

There was no alteration in the price of bar gold at 109/- per oz.

The following foreign exchange rates were current to-day:—New York cables, 3.79½ to 3.80¼; Paris, 40.80 to 40.95; Amsterdam, 10.07 to 10.09; Italy, 50.10 to 50.40; Berne, 21.18 to 21.35; Rio 90 days, 17½d.; Buenos Ayres, 61¼d. to 62⅛d.; Madrid cables, 19.78 to 19.83, Christiania cables, 18.70 to 18.72; Stockholm cables, 17.63 to 17.65; Finland cables, 123 to 127; Brussels cables, 40.60 to 40.80; Berlin cables, 187 to 189.

The Stock Exchange was closed to-day, as usual on Saturday.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

Prospects for a continuance of activity in the more speculative markets look promising (says the *Sunday Times*), if only for the reason that so long as taxation remains heavy investors will continue to give preference to high-yielding shares offering good chances of appreciation. The Excess Profits Duty disappears at the end of the current financial year, and, pending the report of the Income Tax Commission, suggestions as to a possible substitute for this form of taxation are only a matter of guesswork. Among Home Rails the "heavies" will derive most benefit from the increase in goods rates, and of these North-Eastern Consols are especially attractive. The interim dividend was increased, and, in view of the prosperity of the districts served, an advance in the final dividend also is quite possible. In the Argentine Railway group B.A. Great Southerns stand a few points below the level of B.A. Westerns. Both will probably be on a 7 per cent. basis before long, and geographically the advantage of situation lies with the Great Southern, the control of the port of Bahia Blanca giving it superior shipping facilities. The outlook for a resumption of activity in the Oil markets is excellent owing to the high price ruling for fuel oil and the fact that production is much below the world's requirements. As regards Rubber Shares, the current price of the commodity renders the position of the plantation companies very strong. Both Kafirs and Nigerian Tin Shares should give a good account of themselves in the near future. The boom in Textiles, which we may claim to have predicted, is far from being at an end.

The entire holding of Messrs. Speyer Brothers in the London Underground Railways has been arranged for by Messrs. Barnato Brothers, for whom Mr. S. B. Joel carried out the deal. The deal is a very large one, but Mr. Joel, confirming the report, has not prepared to say that they had thus acquired a controlling interest in this undertaking.

The transfer books of the Great Southern and Western Railway Company will be closed on and after the 17th January until the 18th February, both days inclusive.

The transfer books of the Munster and Leinster Bank will be closed from the 6th to 20th January, both days inclusive.

Some strong buying of British-American Tobacco shares has lifted the price lately from 6¾ to over 7. Nothing has yet transpired to account for the demand, but the confidence with which fair lines of shares are placed upon the book leaves little doubt that important developments are pending, and it is not improbable that something in the nature of another new issue is under consideration. It will be remembered that last May the capital of the company was increased by 2,500,000 Ordinary shares, of which 2,131,733 were issued to holders at par in the proportion of one for three. The issue was made in order to finance the purchases of leaf tobacco and meet tax claims. As £3,000,000 was then owing to the bankers, obviously the new issue provided very little funds to finance fresh commitments, but in view of the expanding business and the rise in prices it is tolerably certain that such commitments must be considerable.

The Corporation of Belfast invites applications for an issue of £500,000 5 per cent. Stock, redeemable at par on 4th October, 1945, unless previously cancelled by purchase in the open market or by agreement. The stock will be issued in sums of £50 and upwards (being multiples of £10), free of all charges to the applicant. The price will be £90 for every £100 of stock, and will be payable on application. The object of the issue is to raise moneys for capital expenditure on the Belfast tramways, and electricity undertakings. Interest on the ratio of 5 per cent. will be payable quarterly. Applications must be made on printed forms, which can be obtained at the Belfast Bank, or at the City Hall, Belfast.

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

MUNSTER AND LEINSTER BANK, LTD.—The directors of the Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., announce a dividend for the half-year ended 31st December, 1919, at the rate of 20 per cent. per annum, less income tax; the transfer of £15,000 to reserve fund, the placing of £15,000 to staff pension fund, the application of £5,000 in reduction of bank premises account, and the carrying forward of £24,234. The dividend on the old capital in January last was at the rate of 18 per cent. and in June at the rate of 20 per cent. The new shares issued in July last carry a full six months' dividend for the past half-year. Last half-year £35,000 was placed to reserve, £5,000 to reduction of bank premises, and £21,700 carried forward.

BELGRAVIA DAIRY.—Interim dividend of 3½ per cent. actual, less tax, for the half-year.

CRANE AND SONS.—Second interim dividend of 5 per cent. less tax, on Ord.

BELL TELEPHONE OF CANADA.—Quarterly dividend of 2 per cent., less tax.

LLEWELLYN SHIPPING.—Interim dividend of 15 per cent., less tax.

HALL AND CO., CROYDON.—Interim dividend on the Ord. Shares to the 31st September, 1919, at the rate of 9d. per share, less tax.

MANCHESTER AND LIVERPOOL DISTRICT BANKING.—Dividend of 5/6 per share, being at the rate of 18¾ per cent. per annum, for the past half-year.

BATU CAVES RUBBER.—An extraordinary general meeting is called for January 12 to consider a resolution to reconstruct the company. It is proposed to form a new company with a similar title, having a capital of £216,000 in shares of £1, and to issue to the existing shareholders eight fully-paid shares in the new company for each share at present held.

BRITISH BURMAH PETROLEUM.—Balance dividend for the year at the rate of 1/- per share, free of tax, on all shares issued prior to July 31 last, absorbing £98,711. The year's dividends will then amount to £138,196, representing 17½ per cent. face of tax.

JOHN WRIGHT AND EAGLE RANGE.—The Preference shareholders of this company are given the option to exchange their shares for shares in Radiation Ltd., and are given the choice of either of the following alternatives:—(a) That they should receive five fully-paid £1 6 per cent. Cumulative Pref. Shares in Radiation Limited in exchange for each £5 6 per cent. fully-paid Cumulative Pref. Shares held by them in John Wright and Eagle Range, Limited, and also the option to subscribe and pay in full at par for not exceeding three Ordinary Shares in Radiation Ltd. for each £5 Pref. Share exchanged; or (b) that they should receive 5/- fully-paid £1 6 per cent. Cumulative Pref. Shares in Radiation Limited in exchange for each £5 6 per cent. fully-paid Cumulative Pref. Shares in John Wright and Eagle Range, Limited, without any option to subscribe for Ord. Shares in Radiation Limited.

BIRMINGHAM CYCLE SHARE MARKET.

Friday's closing prices:—Aldays and Onions, 27/6; Austin Ord., 24/-; do. "B" Pref. 6 per cent., 16/- x.d.; Belsize Motor, 34/6; Birmingham Small Arms, 31/-; Bissmel Bros., 45/-; Bowden Brake, 34/6; Brett's Stamping, 37/-; Briton Motor, 19/-; Brooks (J. B.), 33/-; Calcott Bros., 95/-; Calthorpe Motor, 80/6; Charles Motor, 30/9; Components, 21/-; do. Def., 21/3; Coventry Chain, 35/6; Crossley Motors, 33/6; Darracq and Co., 35/-; do. Pref., 19/-; Dennis Bros., 37/-; Enfield Cycle, 36/6; Fodens, 53/9 x.d.; Guy Motors, 30/-; Halford Cycle, 48/6; Hanley's Motor, 48/6 x.d.; Hughes Johnson, 70/-; Humber, 27/3; do. Pref., 14/6 x.d.; James Cycle, 55/-; Leyland Motor, 20/-; Leyland Rubber, 30/6; Lucas (Jas.), 32/6; Mandsley Pref., 49/6; Napier Ord., 26/3 x.d.; do. Pref., 18/3 x.d.; New Hudson, 33/6; Premier, 3/9; do. Pref., 4/9; Riley (Coventry), 20/6 x.d.; Rolls Royce, 49/6; Rovers, 42/6; Rudge-Whitworth, 35/6; Singer and Co., 74/6; Smith (S.) and Sons, 25/-; Smith's Stamping, 75/-; Standard Motor, 85/-; Star Engineering, 21/-; Sunbeam Motor Wheel, 50/6; Stevens (A. J.), 52/-; Straker Squire, 19/9; Sunbeam Motor, 56/-; Swift, 40/-; do. Pref., 16/9; Triumph, 56/3; Vanderveil (C. A.) and Co. Pref., 27/6 x.d.; Vauxhall Motor, 26/3; Vulcan Motor, 76/3; Wolseley Motor Pref., 17/6; Wrigley (E. G.), 26/9; Dunlop Rubber, 92 x.d.; do. "A" Pref., 16/3; do. "B" Pref., 15/-; Parent Tyre Ord., 23/9; do. Pref., 15/-; do. Def., 63/6; Brotherton Tube, 8/6; Tyre Investment, 69/-.

COMING PROSPECTUS.

The prospectus offering the new Ordinary Shares of the Commercial Bank of London, Limited, will make its appearance in the next few days. The success which has attended the capital issues of industrial companies made under the auspices of this bank is regarded in London as a favourable augury for the impending offer of the new bank shares. Shareholders in undertakings such as Irvine's Shipbuilding, Jos. T. Eltringham, H. and C. Grayson, Geo. H. Hirst and Co., British Glass Industries, and many others, whose shares have appreciated considerably since these companies came under the control of the Commercial Bank of London, have intimated their desire to participate in the issue of the new shares of the bank itself, and this, coupled with the large proportion of "firm subscriptions" already notified by underwriters of the new bank shares, suggests the advisability of early applications on the part of subscribers who desire allotment of the shares available for the general public.

MARKET REPORTS.

GRAIN.—NEWCASTLE, Saturday.—A quiet market, but adequate supplies offering. English oats, 70/9; foreign, 69/-; maize, 67/9 at ship; beans, 150/-; peas, 140/-; flour, 90/- to 95/-; bran, 60/- to 61/-; barley, 110/- to 120/- per quarter; U.S. flour, 44/6 per sack.

FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES.—BALTIC, Saturday.—WHEAT.—A cargo of Australian wheat sold to Cardiff at 61/- per 480lbs. MAIZE from parcels of Argentine early, March sellers 60/- per 480lbs. BARLEY unchanged. Arrivals of the s.s. Canada (wheat) January-February and February-March quoted 79/- per 480lbs. OATS quiet and easier; Argentine (42lbs.) January-February quoted 51/6, February-March 50/6 per 336lbs.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday.—Cif. parcels of wheat were not offered in any instance, prices fixed nominally. American mixed quoted 80/-; January-February 79/6; and River Plate February-March shipment nominal value 64/3 per 480lbs. WHEAT on the spot very quiet but steady at yesterday's market currencies. MAIZE—Spot prices unchanged in the absence of supplies. FLOUR is only limited request at the Government rates. BARLEY nominal. OATS quiet, 75/6 per qr. ex warehouse. Canadian feed on passage. Forward positions of OATS and GOLDEN DRIPS DOWN the fairly steady. Influences of the Canadian coal dispute (arrivals):—Today—Wheat, 456,768; oats, 2,000; peas, 11,509; flour, 4,500. This week—Wheat, 1,990. This year—Wheat, 2,551,197; flour, 2; maize, 2,509; oats, 1,000; beans, 9,945. Last year—Wheat, 528,025; flour, 44,000; maize, 52,866.

CARLISLE, Saturday.—There was only a moderate supply of oats forward, and good demand at 21/6 to 21/9 per 10 stone. Beans, 19/- per bushel.

CATTLE.—DONCASTER, Saturday.—An indifferent supply of cattle, both as to numbers and quality. There was a little enquiry for fat cattle, and prices unchanged. Milchers up to £58; bullocks, £60 to £65; heifers, £57 to £62; barrens, £50 to £55; and stores, 80/- to 90/- each. Fig trade slow, inferior sows restricting operations in bacon bacheads.

NORWICH, Saturday.—Fat cattle were in small supply, and met a good trade; prices firm. Sheep also were a small supply, and of good quality. Prime Scotch sold at 130/-, and even 132/- per head. Rather more fat pigs were on offer than at the last market, but a few were sent away. Good supply of store cattle, and trade slow and dear, best beasts realising up to £35, and other grades from £10 to £22 per head. Sheep and lambs in good supply, which were of good quality, prices ranging from £4 15s. to £5 5s. two year old sheep realising 104s. and 105s. per head. Trade good for store pigs.

PROVISIONS.—DUBLIN VEGETABLE, Saturday.—Potatoes, Anglos sought to consignee in sacks. Fair week-end supplies of vegetables come in, but trade for same rules dull, especially which rated dear. Turnips, 20/- per cwt.; Savoy cabbage, 40/- to 60/-; 75/- and 80/- per load; Yorks, 50/- to 72/-; 80/-, and 95/- per load; broccoli, 4d. to 5d. per bundle; turnips, 2/6 to 3/- per cwt.; and a few specially selected lots, 3/3 to 3/6 per cwt.; parsnips, 2/6 to 3/- per cwt.; carrots, turnips, 5d. to 1/- and 1/3 per bundle; sprouts, 4/9 to 5/9 per cwt.; cauliflowers, 2/6 to 3/- per dozen; beetroots, 7/6 to 9/- per cwt.; onions, 14/- per bag; leek, 1/- per bundle; celery, 1/- per bundle; kale, 4d. per stone, 4d. to 9d. per bunch.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.—BACON.—Chicago cables show both live lines and speculative products dearer, but there continues to be no demand for bacon here the current arrivals. The demand, however, shows little improvement, and only best grades are inquired for, but though the decline in these latter does not appear to have stimulated business to any appreciable extent, Dower quality bacon plentiful, but attracts no attention. HAMS remain plentiful, but, with a good demand, holders are firm at extreme currencies. Shoulders still quoted for the season of the year at 120/- per cwt. on the spot is quiet, and supplies of American refined still exceed demand. Lard has been neglected, Irish refined moves partly at the Government rates. CHEESE in fair request at 138/ per lb., delivered to retailers. As evidence of the scarcity of British-made cheese recommended for January 6th. BUTTER firm on scarcity, but a further decline in the equivalent Grant. Irish nominal for Irish. Canadian and American scarce at 200/- per cwt. Choice 167/-. Egyptian quiet at 204/- per 120. Imports of Provisions (weekly):—To-day—Bacon, 1,000 bales; hams, 100; lard, 370. This week—Bacon, 6,038; hams, 276; lard, 4,604; pork, 100; beef, 100; butter, 2,000. This year—Bacon, 804; hams, 276; lard, 4,104; beef, 100; butter, 10,000. Last year—Bacon, 31,569; hams, 1,100; lard, 10,852; cheese, 500; butter, 1,000.

JAMES J. HALPIN, Wholesale Bacon Merchant, 6 and 7 Thomas st., Dublin, writes:—Per Windsor, from Preston 1716. Specialising in O'Mara's, Ltd., products. —(Advt.)

MALLIN FISH, Saturday.—Light market of fish, embracing chiefly small arrivals from country, fair room took locally. Prices:—7 packages herrings, fine of mackerel, and a couple chests lobsters. Best lots of fish realised from 1/- per score more than previous week, viz., 10/- to 20/- and 30/- per 15; herrings went up to 2/6 per cran; mackerel, 10/- per score; lobsters, 1/8.

BILLINGSGATE FISH, Saturday.—Supply fair; good demand. Soles and skins, 2/1; cod, ords, 1/7½; lobsters, 2/- per lb.; fairly large supply; 1/6; live eels, 1/6; plaice, 1/4 to 2/-; whitings, 10/- to 15/-; skate, 1/4 to 2/-; brill, 3/-; turbot, 3/-; haddocks, 1/- to 2/-; bass, 1/3 to 2/-; mullet, 1/-; conger eels, 1/-; roker, 1/6; herrings, 12/4 per stone.

LONDON AND SPITALFIELDS POTATO, Saturday.—Trade generally quiet, with liberal supplies on offer, prices were steady for best qualities. Lincs, King Edwards, 13/- to 14/-; British Queens, 13/-; Scotch Queens, 12/-; Essex King Edwards, 12/-; Arran Chiefs, 10/6 to 11/-; Blackland King Edwards, 11/-, to 11/6; Arran Chiefs, 10/- to 11/- per cwt.

CORK BUTTER, Saturday.—Firsts 300/-, fresh butter 300/-.

PRODUCE.—LONDON, Saturday.—There was only a small attendance at the week-end market, and general course of trade confined to narrow limits, while prices, with one or two exceptions, remained unaltered from recent level. SUGAR unaltered, with a quiet demand for spot and near positions. SPICE—Pepper, tapioca, cloves, etc., remained unaltered. JUTE—The following alternatives:—(a) That they should receive first parcels of new season's make at unchanged prices

FIRST SALES FOR THE NEW YEAR

BY

BATTERSBY & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1815. 'PHONES 48 & 49.

PROPERTY SALE.

AT OUR ESTATE SALEROOMS, 39 WESTMORELAND ST.,

THURSDAY NEXT, AT 1.30 O'CLOCK.

BALLITORE, CO. KILDARE.

VERY VALUABLE GRAZING AND FATTENING LANDS, 123 STATUTE ACRES; AND THREE RESIDENCES THEREON, KNOWN AS

"GRIESE MOUNT," "FULLER'S COURT," AND "GRIESE BANK,"

TOGETHER WITH THE WATER POWER RIGHTS BELONGING TO OLD BALLITORE MILLS AND VALUABLE TIMBER, COMPRISING LARCH, SPRUCE, BEECH, Etc.

We have been instructed TO SELL, on above date, IN ONE OR MORE LOTS, this valuable Property, comprising about 123 acres (Statute) Fattening Lands, which are well fenced, watered, and sheltered, and in most suitable divisions. Conveniently situated beside the town of Ballitore. Railway Station, Cathlanstown (3 miles). G.S.W. Railway Co. The Property is situated in centre of 1st class Hunting Country. The Kildare, Carlow, and Queen's County Hounds meet in the vicinity. Good Trout Fishing and Rough Shooting.

HELD MOSTLY FOR EVER FREE OF ALL RENT BUT TWO PORTIONS, SUBJECT TO £25 AND £66 PER ANNUM.

Fuller particulars and Conditions of Sale, showing maps, may be had from Messrs. A. and L. GOODBODY, Solicitors, Dame Chambers, Dame street.

3 GREENMOUNT ROAD, TERENURE.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

KEY No. 4.

Held for 900 years, subject to £3 8s. 0d. per annum. P.L.V. £40. County Council Rates only. Messrs. JOYNT and CRAWFORD, Solicitors, 1 and 2 Foster place.

"MAYFIELD," CLAREVILLE RD., RATHGAR.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

CHOICE MODERN SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, NON-BASEMENT

Open, 11 to 4 for inspection.

J. HAWTHORNE, Solicitor, 15 Eustace street.

59 JONES' ROAD. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Messrs. O'CONNOR and CO., Solicitors, 57 Dame street.

77 SOUTH CIRCULAR ROAD. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Messrs. VINCENT and BEATTY, Solicitors, 62 and 63 Dame street.

2 CROSTHWAITE PARK, STH., KINGSTOWN.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. FREE OF RENT.

Messrs. BROWN and McCANN, Solicitors, 25 Anglesea street.

"YALTA," SILCHESTER RD., GLENAGEARY.

ATTRACTIVE SEMI-DETACHED VILLA RESIDENCE.

The House has been sub-let for a term of three years from the 21st day of June, 1917, at an annual rent of £80, less all rates and taxes. The agreement for such letting contains a provision that three months' notice on either side day previous to the expiration of the third or any subsequent year is to terminate the tenancy.

Held for 99 years. The House will be sold subject to £7 10s. 0d. per annum.

Messrs. BEAUCHAMP and ORR, Solicitors, 5 Foster place.

9, 10, 11 STAMER ST., S.C. RD. IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.

32 AND 34 LENNOX ST., WITH COTTAGE AT REAR OF NO. 32.

IN ONE OR MORE LOTS.

5 HARDWICKE STREET.

COMPACT HOUSE. Let weekly, producing £1 1s. 0d. weekly. Held for 900 years at £11 15s. 6d.

Messrs. O'NEILL and COLLINS, Solicitors, 190 Great Brunswick street.

WELL-SECURED HEAD RENT OF £56 9s. 6d. PER ANNUM

ARISING OUT OF

"MARIENELLA," ORWELL ROAD, RATHGAR.

HEAD RENT OF £10 PER ANNUM OUT OF 2 ROSTREVOR TERRACE, RATHGAR.

Messrs. BROWN and McCANN, Solicitors, 25 Anglesea street.

CORISH ESTATE, BLACKROCK.

PROFIT RENTS, ETC., OUT OF EXCELLENT BUSINESS HOUSES

Nos. 16, 18, 20, 22, 24 MAIN ST., BLACKROCK.

IN ONE OR THREE LOTS.

Messrs. M. J. O'CONNOR and CO., Solicitors, Wexford.

NOS. 1 TO 10 (INCLUSIVE) THORNCASTLE PL.; 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61 THORNCASTLE ST.; 1, 2, 3, 5 COMMERCIAL COURT; 1, 2, 3 BOTTLE HOUSE LANE; 5 TO 11 (INCLUSIVE) CAMBRIDGE ST.; 1 TO 14 (INCLUSIVE) CAMBRIDGE PLACE, RINGSEND.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

Messrs. CARRUTHERS and GAMBLE, Solicitors, 89 Fleet street.

J. E. WOOD LATIMER, Esq., Rent Receiver, 17 Fownes street.

51 DENZILLE STREET.

SITUATE IN THE BEST PART OF THIS POPULOUS, READY-MONEY LOCALITY, CLOSE TO PEMBROKE TOWN.

FRANCIS CLINCH, Esq., Solicitor, 44 Fleet street.

IMPORTANT SALE BY AUCTION.

ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, MOTOR CAR, AND OUTDOOR EFFECTS,

THE ARK, FOXROCK.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), JANUARY 6TH.

The House having been Sold we are favoured with instructions TO SELL BY AUCTION, on the Premises, as above, the entire Household Furniture and Effects, all of the best description, and comprising as follows:—Upright Piano, in rosewood inlaid case, by T. C. Kone, London; Chesterfield Sofa, in tapestry; mahogany frame Armchairs, in tapestry; Occasional Chairs and Tables, Carved and Gilded Pier Tables, with marble tops, Mirrors, Brass and Copper Fire Furniture, best quality Axminster Carpets, Velvet Curtains, Dresden and Oriental China, Figures, etc.; Antique Mahogany Pedestal Sideboard, Dining Tables, with four loose leaves; Set of eight Bench and Chairs, Carved Oak Sideboard, Oak Bureau, Saddle-bag Armchairs, Carved Oak Hall Chair, Mahogany 6ft. Glass Door Bookcase, etc., etc. Antique Mahogany Pedestal Sideboard, Dining Tables, with four loose leaves; Set of eight Bench and Chairs, Carved Oak Sideboard, Oak Bureau, Saddle-bag Armchairs, Carved Oak Hall Chair, mahogany 6ft. Glass Door Bookcase, etc., etc. Antique Mahogany Frame Dining-room Chairs, two Sheraton Bureaux, Bedding, highly manufactured Mahogany Wardrobes and Chest of Drawers, etc. Table Glass and China, sundry plated ware, Kitchen requisites and Utensils. Outdoor effects, including Rustic Summer House, Garden Shelter, Garden Furniture, Garden Implements, Hen House and Poultry; also De Dion Motor, 14 h.p., 4 cylinder, 5-seater Touring Body, and accessories.

VIEW THIS DAY.

Admission to view and Sale by ticket, price one shilling. Terms cash and 5 per cent. fees.

BATTERSBY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,

39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

SALE THIS DAY.

JAMES HILL AND SON

WILL SELL BY AUCTION, WITHIN THEIR WELL-KNOWN GALLERIES,

10, 11, & 12 BACHELOR'S WALK, THIS DAY

(MONDAY), AT ONE O'CLOCK PRECISELY,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,

including—WARDROBES, CHESTS OF DRAWERS, TOILET TABLES, in various woods; MASSIVE BRASS and IRON BEDSTEADS, SUPERIOR BEDDING, SIDEBOARDS, CABINETS, TABLES, SUITS of CHAIRS, SOFAS, CARPETS, CURTAINS, RUGS, and a LARGE and VARIED ASSORTMENT of MISCELLANEOUS PROPERTY;

TUESDAY, JANUARY, 13TH, 1920.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WILL OFFER FOR SALE BY AUCTION, AT 1 O'CLOCK PRECISELY, A CONSIGNMENT OF UPWARDS OF

TWELVE HUNDRED IRON COMBINATION BEDSTEADS.

JAMES HILL & SON, 10, 11, 12 BACHELOR'S WALK

GRAZING LAND TO LET BY AUCTION

On TO-DAY (MONDAY), JANUARY 5th, At 12 o'clock,

ABOUT 80 ACRES OF THE LANDS OF NEVINSTOWN, CLOGHRAN

(6 Miles from the City), in suitable divisions. 10 ACRES WILL BE LET FOR A CORN CROP.

BY PRIVATE TREATY.

ABOUT 50 ACRES, at CARRICK HILL, PORTMARNOCK

R. & J. WILKINSON,

Auctioneers, etc.,

40/41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

SALES BY

COGAN & BYRNE,

BALLITORE and KILCULLEN.

TO-DAY, 5th JAN.—At Davidstown, Castledermot, at Two o'clock—45 Acres (Irish) superior Land, for Corn and Grass.

SAME DAY.—At Grange—Two Acres Turnips.

9th JANUARY.—At Ballytore—14 Acres superior Grass Land; four Acres of Land for Corn.

12th JANUARY.—At Maidenhead, Arles—60 Acres superior Grass Land, in four divisions.

19th JANUARY.—At Moone—28 Acres superior Grass Land, in two divisions; eight Acres superior Land for Corn.

22nd JANUARY.—At Tippenan—65 Acres Prime Grass Land, in four divisions; 10 Acres Prime Land for Corn.

SAME DAY.—At Moortown Castle—50 Acres good Grass Land, in four divisions.

2nd FEBRUARY.—At Ticknock (within four miles of Ballingtass and Rathvilly)—Superior small Farm, containing 14 acres, with nice slated residence and offices, near churches and schools, subject to small annuity to the Church Commissioners.

BY PRIVATE TREATY.—At Milford, Co. Carlow—Prime small Farm; with Slated Residence.

BY PRIVATE TREATY.—Superior Farm in South Kildare, containing about 300 Acres (statute); with good Slated Residence and offices, subject to small Land Commission annuity.

COGAN & BYRNE,

BALLITORE and KILCULLEN.

GRAZING LANDS TO LET

AT KILLARKIN, DUNBOYNE,

48 ACRES

in Divisions,

TO-DAY (MONDAY), 5th JANUARY, Commencing at One o'clock.

GAVIN LOW, LTD.,

50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

CATTLE DEALERS, EXPORTERS, AND DAIRYMEN.

LANDS CONVENIENT TO CATTLE MARKET TO BE LET.

WEDNESDAY, 7th JANUARY, at 3 o'clock.

On the Lands,

10 ACRES of Grazing Land and 10 TONS of Hay at Peck's lane, Castleknock, for Major North Bomford.

SAME DAY, at 3 o'clock, on the Lands,

13½ ACRES at Courtduff, Blanchardstown, for Mrs. Sloan.

SAME DAY, at 3.30, on the Lands,

28 ACRES at Hillbrook, Castleknock, for Captain W. Lingard Goulding.

GAVIN LOW, LTD.,

50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

STORE CATTLE SALES

AT 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

EVERY THURSDAY.

4 Pedigree Grass-fed Aberdeen-Angus Bulls are entered for above.

GAVIN LOW, LTD.

KING'S COUNTY.

RATHVILLA, EDENDERRY.

JOHN J. ROBINSON, Esq., J.P., has favoured us with instructions

TO SELL BY AUCTION,

At our SALEROOMS, 50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN,

On WEDNESDAY, 28th JANUARY, 1920,

The Farm of RATHCLONBLACKEN, otherwise RATHVILLA, in one Lot, containing 716a. 1r. 34p., statute, held under Fee-farm Grant, subject to the yearly rent of £97 4s., reserved thereby, and to a Tithe Rent Charge of £10 15s.

Portion of the above is prime fattening lands, cattle off them in recent years having brought the highest price in Dublin Market.

The Lands are also subject to 93a. 1r. 17p., statute, to subsisting yearly tenancies producing a rental of £35 10s. per annum. Portion of the lands thus let consist of bog and portion of arable land.

Rathvilla is situate about four miles from Edenderry Railway Station.

Sale at Two o'clock.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale on application to

Messrs. BROWN and M'CANN, Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, 25 Anglesea street, Dublin, and Naas; or to

GAVIN LOW, LTD.,

50 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

22 CLYDE ROAD.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), 6th JAN., 1920.

JAMES ADAM and SONS, having Sold the Residence, have been further instructed to SELL BY AUCTION an important residue of ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, TYPEWRITER, BOOKS, etc., comprising brickwork—Collard and Collard Bombay Grand Pianoforte; Chesterfield Couch in Tapestry, Divan and Drawingroom Easy Chairs, Occasional Chairs and Tables, Antique Sheraton Sideboard, Dining and Occasional Tables, Pair of Antique Louis Gilt Arm Chairs, in Silk Tapestry, Fine Turkey Carpet, about 21 x 17; Axminster and Brussels Room and Stair Carpets, Antique Nelson Mahogany Sideboard, inscribed front, with claw feet; two-Tier Walnut Mahogany Gardener, Antique Mahogany Oval Falling-leaf Dinner Table, Antique Brass Fenders and Coal Boxes; Antique Carved Oak Grandfather Clock, brass dial; Chest and Chair, Antique Mahogany Tallboy of Drawers on carved base; Marble Mantel Clock, Engravings, Oak Collapsible and Open Bookcases, Study Chair, Antique Mahogany and Glass Four-fold Screen, Bombay Carved Stand, Oriental Vases and Placques, Brass and Copper Flower Pots, Gent.'s Antique Chippendale Mahogany two-door Wardrobe, Enamel Bedroom Suite, Antique Mahogany Washstands and Tables, Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses and Beddings; Maid's Room Furniture, Wardrobes, Chests Drawers, Toilet Tables, etc.; Kitchen Dresser, Presses, Furniture, and Utensils; Richmond Gas Cooker, Knife Cleaner, Glass and China; Croquet Set, Lawn Mower and Garden Tools, Palms, Iron Garden Roller, Tennis Marker and Seats, Tennis Poles and Net, two Ladders, Trestle Tables, Dail's House and Furniture, Isabella Stand, R.B. LOCK TYPEWRITER, large quantity of good BOOKS, General Literature, etc. On View Morning of Sale, 10 till 12. Sale To-morrow (Tuesday), 6th January, at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fee.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,

Auctioneers and Appraisers,

17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

65 LOWER BEECHWOOD AVENUE, RANELAGH.

THURSDAY NEXT, 8th JANUARY, 1920,

AUCTION SALE of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising:—Kirkman Upright Piano, rosewood case; Piano Stool, Walnut Octagon Table, Fallingleaf, Chamber, and Occasional Tables, Couches, Easy Chairs, American Rocking and Wicker Chairs, Brussels Room and Stair Carpets, Curtains, Walnut and Gilt Overmantels, Walnut Hall Clock, Hall Stand, Mahogany Mirror-back Sideboard, Telescope Dinner Table and Dining Chairs, Ornamental China and Glass, three Ash and White Enamel Bedroom Suites, Dutchess Dressing Chests Drawers and Pier Presses, Washstands, Toilet Ware, Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses and Bedding, Kitchen Dresser and Furniture, Garden Tools, etc. On View Morning of Sale, 10 till 12. Sale Thursday next, 8th January, at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fee.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,

Auctioneers and Appraisers,

17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

FORREST'S SALE.

SENSATIONAL OFFERS

TO-DAY

IN OUR FUR SECTION.

Fur Values Are Still Rising Rapidly.

Quantities Offered Are Limited. Shop Early.

Effective Coat of rich Seal Coney, newest shape, lined Paisley silk. Usual price, 35 gns. Sale price, **25 GNS.**

3 Only—Natural Musquash Coats. Usual value, 45 gns. Sale price, **35 GNS.**

Finest Seal Coney Coats. Usual price, 25 gns. Sale price, **18 GNS.**

Model Coats of Sable Squirrel, Seal Musquash, Mink, etc., marked at phenomenally low prices.

Great Bargains in Fur Ties and Muffs.

Write for Full Sale List.

Forrest

2 DOMS ST. GRAFTON ST. & WICKLOW ST. DUBLIN.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3.)

LIVE STOCK, DOGS, ETC.

BEAUTIFULLY marked Wire Fox Terrier, grand bitch, Rinville Aberdeen; lovely Black Pomeranian; pedigree specimens.—177 North Circular road.

FORRETTS, strong, 13/6; Liners, 20/-; Nets, 1/- each, carriage paid.—Lindsay, Roscrea.

FOR Sale, Collie Puppies, sable and white; beauties; good working strain.—st. 0, Usher, Oranmore.

FERRET—Magnificent Polecat, thoroughly trained, rat killer, 20/-.—Z 4022, Ferret," this office.

FOR Sale, Red Setter Bitch, 9 months old. Apply Mr. Dixon, Ballinakill, Moate, Co. Westmeath.

FOR Sale, 6 Red Setter Pure Bred Puppies. Apply to W. Dixon, Ballinakill, Moate, Co. Westmeath.

HEIFER Calf, 5 months old, strong, healthy.—Brooks, Glendruid, Drogheda.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,

110 GRAFTON STREET.

VALUATIONS MADE FOR ALL PURPOSES.

AUCTIONS PERSONALLY CONDUCTED.

HOUSES AND LANDS LET AND SOLD.

CARRICKMINES.—TO BE SOLD, with possession, an elegant detached modern Residence, standing in 3 acres, beautifully situated, subject to only £17 12s. per annum. Lease, 250 years. Ample accommodation for gentleman's family.

HERBERT PARK.—FOR SALE, a Handsome Modern Semi-Detached Residence (no basement), subject to £10 0/0 per annum; lease 150 years; 3 reception rooms, 5 bedrooms, bathroom (hot and cold), kitchen, pantries, etc.; good garden, conservatory. Possession in March next.

MONKSTOWN.—TO BE SOLD for £1,025, subject to £12 10s. 0d. per annum, lease 900 years, a superior Modern Semi-Detached Residence, desirably situated on tram line; at present let to yearly tenant at £121 per annum.

FITZWILLIAM PLACE.—TO BE SOLD, subject to only 10/- per annum, with lease for ever, a large and handsome Private or Professional Residence in the best position in the city. Immediate possession. Perfect order.

DELGANY, COUNTY WICKLOW.—TO BE LET, UNFURNISHED, a large and beautiful Residence, with pleasure grounds, gardens, out-offices, gate lodges, etc.; beautifully situated; immediate possession. Rent £300 per annum.

APPLY TO

JAMES H. NORTH & CO.,

110 GRAFTON STREET.

HISTORIC ABODE TO LET.

15 miles South of City, in enchanting demesne of superb sylvan beauty, TO LET, Unfurnished, with 10 or 20 acres; lounge hall, spacious double drawingrooms, dining-room, 8 family bedrooms, maids' rooms hot bath; conservatory, peach houses, stables, walled gardens. Permits from ARTHUR JONES and SON, Auctioneers, Greystones.

STANDARD WEEPING ROSES.

Standard Weeping or "Shower" Roses are delightful objects, planted in grass or centre of beds. Large Stock. Descriptive list free.—WATSONS, Nurseries, Killiney, Co. Dublin.

RAMBLER ROSES.

Large Stock of big strong Plants for present planting. Finest named sorts, 22/- and 28/- per dozen; your selection if sorts. Dozen lots carriage free, if prepaid. List free.—WATSONS, Nurseries, Killiney, Co. Dublin.

ROWAN & CO'S WINTER SALE

HAS JUST STARTED.

Considerable Reductions in all Departments.

64 & 65 Sth. Gt. George's St.

LIVE STOCK, DOGS, ETC., CONTINUED.

HALF Retriever and Terrier Pups for Sale, 8 weeks old.—Apply Fisher, this office. A

JERSEY Cow for Sale, pure bred, near calving, rising milker.—Odlum, Rush.

PERLINGS.—Excellent Blood Reds just mated, good layers, 15/- each.—Z 3835, Reflector," this office. A

Alexandra, Wexford.

POINTER Puppies for Sale; best bred field dogs. Full particulars, W. Bailey, Mountmellick.

PEDIGREE large Blood Pigs.—Sire Bonhomie, ten weeks the boars and sows £6 and £7 each.—James Killilea, Ballinacourty, Oranmore.

WANTED, great Dane Dog and Bitch; Bitch not more than nine months old. Apply A. Graham, Rathmoreland, Baker's Corner.

2 FERRETS, white, and Polecat, splendid breed, lively; nine bobtees, 40/.—Lawless, Mountrivers.

TUITIONS AND SCHOLASTIC.

ALL Professional Prelims. and University Entrances, Civil and Commercial Service Exams., Matriculations, McGUIRK'S COLLEGE, Sackville st., Dublin.

ALL Professional and University Preliminaries—Medical, Dental, Pharmaceutical, Preliminaries, Surgeons', Veterinary, Pharmaceutical Preliminaries, Matriculation, Civil Service, Commercial Correspondence Classes.—St. George Hooker, 9 Molesworth street, Dublin.

BILLIARDS—Tuition given beginners; Coaching for championships.—M 787, this office.

DAY Boarding—Select Boarding School for all ages, conducted by certificated teachers. Reopens 7th January.—Leinster College, 4 Clifton terrace, Kingstown.

DE-BARKING, Scotland, Embroidery Classes (Scotland); Dancing Classes. Apply Secretary, 3 Teacher certificated.—E 0 364, Irish Times Office.

DISENGAGED, experienced Visiting Governess, Protestant, Fifteen Pounds 80, Lower Rathmines avenue, Ranelagh.

DANCING—Beginners' Classes, afternoon and night; Lessons any time.—Graham, 35 North George's street.

EXPERIENCED Catholic Governess disengaged after 6 o'clock; Harcourt st. Line or Rathmines.—E 0 368, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

ENTRANCE, Term, Degree Examinations, Trinity College.—Messrs. Connell and Hunt, M.A., 6 Dartmouth square.

GOVERNESS (I.C.) disengaged; usual English subjects, French, music, drawing, and needlework.—E 0 365, Irish Times Office.

GOVERNESS, disengaged, young, experienced, recommended; Protestant; Dublin preferred.—Z 3979 Governess," this office.

GOVERNESS, experienced, disengaged, thoroughly competent; Protestant; usual subjects, languages